

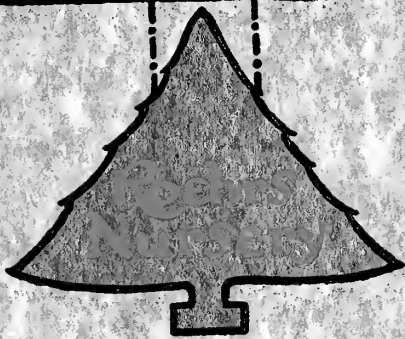
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At the Sign
of the Tree

Julius Roehrs Co.
Rutherford, N. J.

To Our Friends and Patrons

This catalogue constitutes a guide to our extensive assortment of Evergreen and Deciduous Trees, Shrubs, Hardy Herbaceous Perennials, Fruits for growing under glass, and for the orchard and vineyard. Our list contains the essentials for the planting of the garden and the home grounds, everything is of the best quality, and we present the booklet with much gratification. If our friends will send us the names of their interested neighbors, we shall be glad to have them become our friends and patrons also.

QUALITY

It is our constant aim to produce specimens as nearly perfect as they can be grown, to send out only first-class stock, and to pack this stock so it will reach our customers in perfect condition.

In our Nursery great care is taken to secure the symmetrical and vigorous growth of all plants. Trees and Shrubs are grown in rows widely separated, so all may have room for development. They are cultivated constantly, transplanted frequently, and pruned, sheared, and trained by expert horticulturists so they will meet perfectly the needs of those who desire Nursery products of unusual quality. This stock may be transplanted without checking its growth, and it will produce pleasing landscape effects in a remarkably short time.

Flowering Shrubs and Roots for Forcing are one of our specialties, as we ourselves force quantities of these for the New York market. We are able, as always, to supply the most attractive of the hardy Hybrid Rhododendrons and other Broad-leaved Evergreens, Bay Trees, Roses, and Vines, and to furnish the most beautiful of the flowering Herbaceous Perennial Plants.

BUSINESS TERMS

Prices quoted herein are for stock in first-class condition, f.o.b. freight or express office—Wells-Fargo Express and Erie Railway, Rutherford, N. J., or Adams Express and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, Passaic, N. J.

These prices are for well-grown, established plants, and are given as a guide; larger and stronger plants will be sold at proportionate prices.

Orders from persons unknown to us must be accompanied with remittance or satisfactory references.

Orders for goods desired sent C. O. D. must be accompanied by 50 per cent of amount of order.

All claims must be made on receipt of goods; otherwise they will not be considered.

All goods travel at purchaser's risk after they are in the hands of any common carrier—Express Company, Railroad or Steamship Company.

Packing will be done in the most up-to-date manner, and will be charged at cost.

Customers of approved references will receive a credit of thirty days.

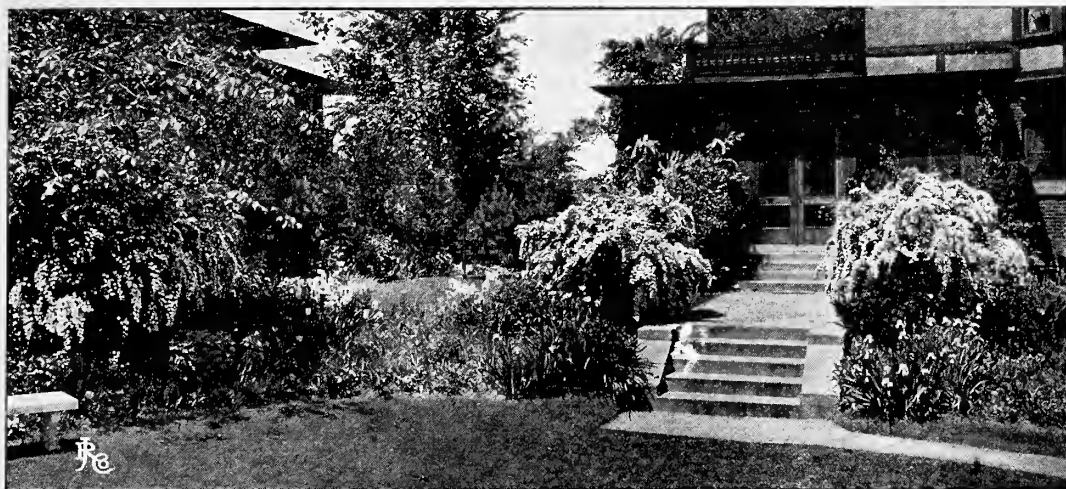
We will deliver within fifty miles of New York City by automobile, if so desired, provided orders are large enough. Charges will be at cost.

We guarantee all greenhouse plants to be true to name, and offer them subject to stock being unsold on receipt of order. Prices are subject to change without notice.

In furnishing Nursery stock we exercise the greatest care to have all true to name; but if any shall be found otherwise, it is mutually agreed that we shall not be held liable for an amount greater than the original purchase price of such stock.

VISITORS WELCOME

We are always glad to welcome visitors to our Greenhouses and Nurseries, which may be reached by way of the Manhattan Tubes from New York and then the Erie Railway from Jersey City, N. J., Rutherford being the first station out, or by electric car (the White Line trolley) leaving the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Station at Hoboken, N. J., which is also reached by the Manhattan Tubes. It is a pleasure to show our collections of interesting and beautiful Exotic Flowers, as well as our extensive Nurseries, and our experience always is at the service of customers requiring advice on the care and culture of Greenhouse and Hardy Plants.



ESTABLISHED 1870

INCORPORATED 1905

JULIUS ROEHRS COMPANY

Exotic Nurseries

RUTHERFORD, NEW JERSEY



Wholesale Growers, Importers, and Exporters of

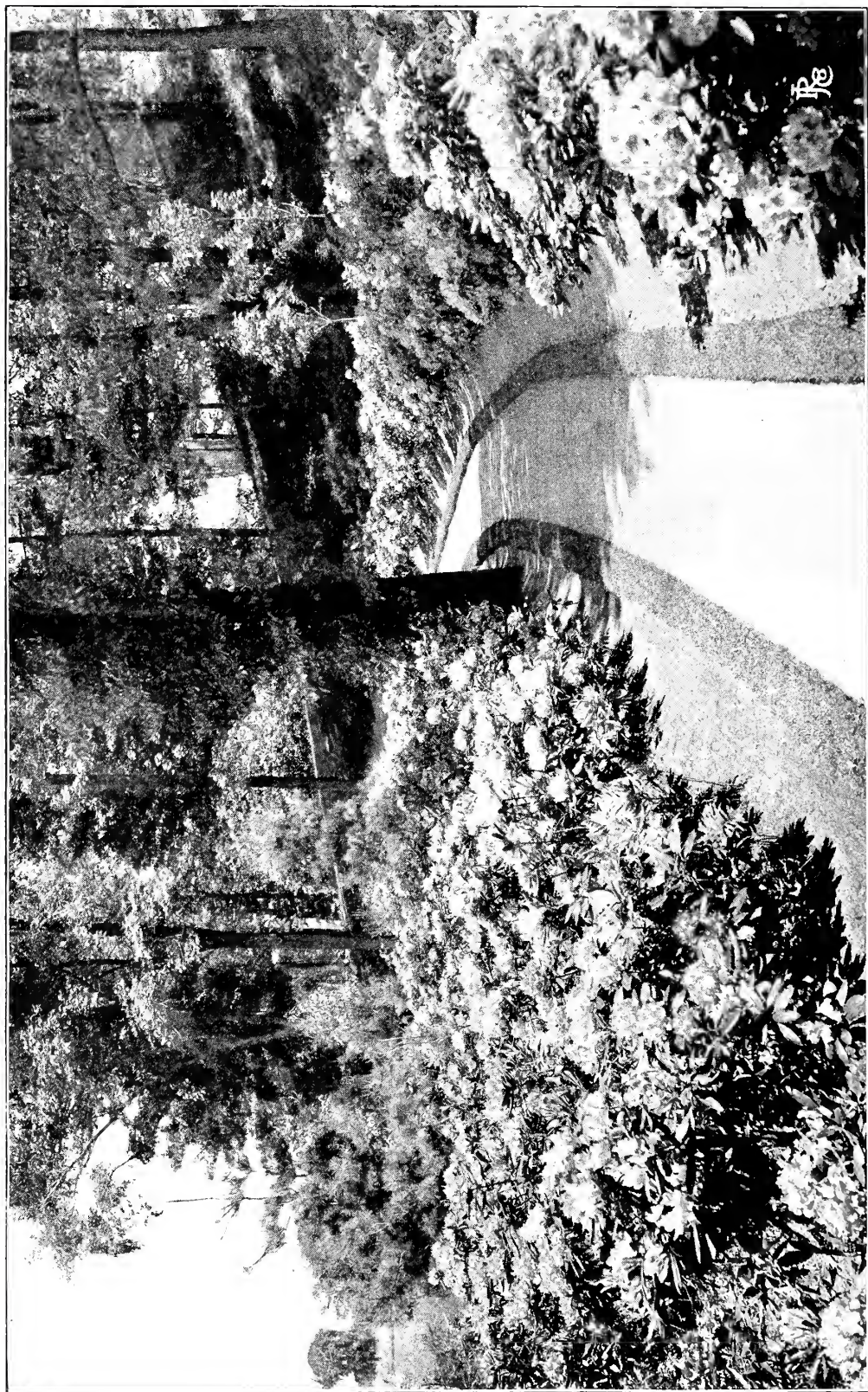
FRUIT & ORNAMENTAL TREES

EVERGREENS, PERENNIALS
GREENHOUSE PLANTS AND ORCHIDS

*Orchids, Palms, Flowering and Foliage Plants, Bay Trees
Box Trees—Our Specialties. Ask for catalogue.*

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Can you imagine a more beautiful sight than a walk bordered with Rhododendrons?



Showing how small Evergreens enhance the beauty of the home

EVERGREEN CONIFERS

Evergreens are a necessity in every scheme of landscape gardening, large or small, and, if judiciously used, will create the most beautiful effects. They are a continuous source of delight, retaining their beauty in the heat of summer, forming quite a contrast to the rest of the planting, and relieving the bareness of the grounds in winter. They are most practical also as hedges, screens and windbreaks.

Our evergreens, being often transplanted and root-pruned, lift with a fine ball of fibrous roots and, therefore, will not receive any check even when shipped a long distance.

We have a quantity of exceptionally fine specimens, most desirable where immediate effects are desired. A list of these, with prices and full particulars, will be sent on request.

We are often asked to quote on a list of evergreens by height, and, in order to avoid all misunderstandings and for the guidance of our customers, we wish to state that height alone does not determine the value, but diameter and compactness are also considered.

ABIES. Fir.	Each
brachyphylla; syn., <i>A. homolepis</i> . Japanese variety; light green foliage.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$1 00
3 to 4 ft.....	2 00
4 to 5 ft.....	3 50
5 to 6 ft.....	6 00
concolor. <i>White Fir</i> . Foliage light, bluish green. Desirable tree; absolutely hardy.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
3 to 3½ ft.....	3 00
4 to 5 ft.....	5 00
nobilis glauca. A beautiful variety, with blue foliage.	
1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
Nordmanniana. <i>Nordmann's Fir</i> . Of symmetrical growth; horizontal branches, with massive, dark green foliage.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 50
3 to 3½ ft.....	4 00
4 to 5 ft.....	5 00
6 to 8 ft.....	\$10 to 20 00
Pinsapo glauca. Similar to the foregoing, with bluish foliage.	
3 to 3½ ft.....	4 00

Abies pygmaea. Dwarf; very dense and compact.	Each
8 x 8 in.....	\$1 50
12 x 12 in.....	2 00
16 x 18 in.....	2 50
Veitchii. <i>Veitch's Fir</i> . Foliage light green; very erect growth; forms fine specimens. Absolutely hardy. One of the best introductions of recent years.	
1½ to 2 ft.....	1 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	1 50
2½ to 3 ft.....	2 50
3 to 4 ft.....	4 00
4 to 5 ft.....	6 00
5 to 6 ft.....	8 00
BIOTA. Chinese Arborvitæ.	
orientalis. Dense, pyramidal tree; foliage green, turning brown in autumn.	
2½ to 3 ft.....	1 00
3 to 4 ft.....	2 00
orientalis aurea. Bright, golden green foliage.	
1 to 1½ ft.....	1 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
orientalis Rollinsonii. Very fine, feathery foliage. 1 to 1½ ft.....	75



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

EVERGREEN CONIFERS

CEDRUS. Cedar.

atlantica glauca. Steel-blue foliage; upright growth; makes beautiful specimens. Very desirable for permanent planting.

3 to 4 ft.....	\$2 00
4 to 5 ft.....	3 00
5 to 6 ft.....	4 50

CRYPTOMERIA. Japanese Cedar.

Lobbii. Rapid-growing evergreen, of slender habit; leaves deep green, assuming a brownish hue in fall. 2 to 3 ft.....

2 to 3 ft.....	1 25
3 to 4 ft.....	2 50
4 to 5 ft.....	4 00
5 to 6 ft.....	\$5 to 7 50
7 to 8 ft.....	10 00
Specimens, 12 to 14 ft.....	\$15 to 25 00

JUNIPERUS. Juniper.

canadensis aurea. Low-growing form; foliage golden yellow. 2 ft. spread.....

2 to 2½ ft. spread.....	3 00
-------------------------	------

chinensis. Chinese Juniper. Of pyramidal growth, with silver-green foliage.

2 to 2½ ft.....	1 00
3 to 3½ ft.....	2 25
3½ to 4 ft.....	3 00
4 to 5 ft.....	4 00

chinensis argentea variegata. Foli- Each
age green, with numerous white sprays
intermixed; pyramidal habit.

2½ to 3 ft.....	\$2 50
3 to 3½ ft.....	3 00
3½ to 4 ft.....	3 50
4 to 5 ft.....	5 00
5 to 6 ft.....	7 00
6 to 10 ft.....	\$10 to 20 00

chinensis Fortunei. Dense, upright.

2 to 3 ft.....	1 50
3 to 4 ft.....	2 50
4 to 5 ft.....	4 00
5 to 6 ft.....	\$6 to 8 00

chinensis Pfitzeriana. A very fine, spreading variety, with silvery green foliage; very ornamental and especially adapted where low specimen evergreens are required. Absolutely hardy.

1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3 00
4 x 3 ft.....	12 00

chinensis procumbens. A creeping form.

1 to 1½ ft. spread.....	1 00
1½ to 2 ft. spread.....	1 50
2 to 2½ ft. spread.....	2 50

communis hibernica. Irish Juniper. An erect, dense, conical tree, with bright green foliage.

2½ to 3 ft.....	1 50
3 to 3½ ft.....	2 00
3½ to 4 ft.....	3 00

excelsa stricta. Symmetrical, with glaucous foliage.

1 to 1½ ft.....	1 00
1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00

horizontalis. New. Dwarf, low-growing, prostrate Juniper. One of the best. 10 to 12 in.....

75

japonica aurea. Golden yellow foliage; spreading habit; distinct and attractive.

2 to 2½ ft.....	1 50
2½ to 3 ft.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft.....	3 50
4 to 5 ft.....	\$6 to 8 00
6 ft.....	10 00
7 ft.....	15 00

Sabina. Savin Juniper. Low growing; dark green foliage. Rockeries and massing.

1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3 50
3 to 4 ft. Very spreading.....	\$4.50 to 6 00

Sabina prostrata. Low growing, with spreading branches; grayish green foliage.

1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 50



Red Cedars growing in the wilds

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



EVERGREEN CONIFERS

Juniperus Sabina tamariscifolia. *Gray-Carpet* Each
Juniper. Grayish green foliage; procumbent. 1½ to 2 ft. spread. \$1 50
 2 to 3 ft. spread. \$2.50 to 3 50

virginiana. *Common Red Cedar.* Foliage dark; pyramidal habit.

2 to 3 ft. 1 00
 3 to 4 ft. 1 25
 4 to 5 ft. 3 00

Prices on collected Cedars, from 8 to 30 feet, on application.

virginiana Cannartii. Of pyramidal, compact growth, with dark green foliage; some branches lengthen out and droop. Each

2 to 3 ft. \$1 25
 3 to 4 ft. 2 50

virginiana elegantissima. *Golden Juniper.* Pretty, golden variegated foliage.

3 to 4 ft. 3 00
 4 to 5 ft. 5 00

virginiana glauca. Blue form of the Common Red Cedar; vigorous grower.

2 to 2½ ft. 1 50
 3 to 3½ ft. 2 00
 4 to 4½ ft. 3 00
 5 to 5½ ft. 5 00
 6 to 7 ft. \$7.50 to 10 00

virginiana globosa. Globe-shaped; dark green foliage.

1½ x 1½ ft. 1 50
 1½ x 2 ft. 3 00

virginiana Schottii. Similar to Red Cedar, but more compact and with light green foliage.

2 to 3 ft. \$1 50
 3 to 4 ft. 2 50
 4 to 5 ft. 3 50

Red Cedar (Juniperus virginiana) in effective planting, with Rhododendrons in foreground



Juniperus virginiana tripartita. Growth irregular, bush-like; grayish green prickly foliage.

3 x 3½ ft. \$4 00

LARIX Kaempferi. *Larch.* Deciduous conifer. Foliage bluish green, turning to golden yellow in fall; very beautiful.

2 to 3 ft. 1 50
 3 to 4 ft. 2 00
 4 to 5 ft. 3 00
 5 to 6 ft. 4 00

PICEA. *Spruce.*

excelsa. *Norway Spruce.* Commonest Spruce of all. Extremely hardy; suitable for specimen or mass planting, also for hedges.

1½ to 2 ft. 50
 2½ to 3 ft. 75
 3 to 4 ft. 1 50
 4 to 5 ft. 2 50

excelsa Clanbrasiliiana. Dwarf, dark green, compact form, with short, crowded branchlets.

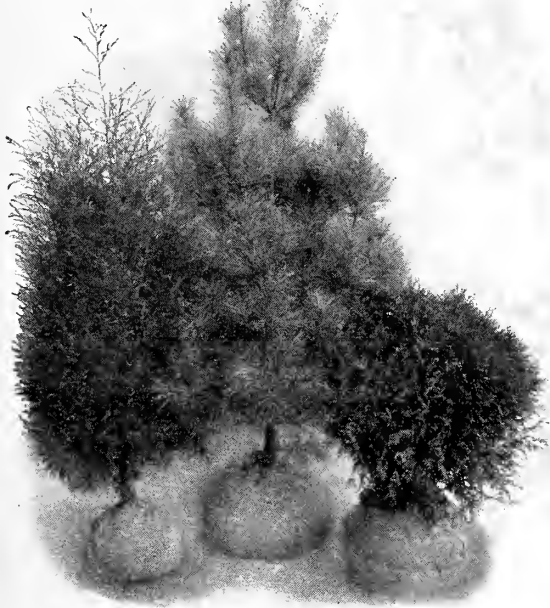
1 to 1½ ft. 1 50
 1½ to 2 ft. 2 50

excelsa conica. Dwarf, with short, stiff branches; dark green foliage.

1 to 1½ ft. 1 00
 1½ to 2 ft. 2 00

excelsa Gregoryana. Dark green; dwarf, compact habit.

1 to 1½ ft. 1 50
 1½ to 2 ft. 2 50



Cedar, Pine and Arborvitæ ready for shipping



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

EVERGREEN CONIFERS

<i>Picea excelsa inversa</i> . A pendulous variety, with bright green foliage; very odd-looking. 2 to 3 ft.....	Each \$2 00
3 to 4 ft.....	3 00
<i>excelsa pumila</i> . Very dwarf. 10 to 12 in.....	1 00
<i>excelsa pygmæa</i> . Very dwarf, with dense, dark green foliage. 1 ft.....	1 50
1½ ft.....	2 00
2 ft.....	3 00
<i>Omorika</i> . Of pyramidal growth; foliage light green, shiny underneath. 1½ to 2 ft.....	1 25
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft.....	3 00
4 to 5 ft.....	4 50
5 to 6 ft.....	6 00
<i>orientalis</i> . <i>Oriental Spruce</i> . Dark green, shiny foliage; form pyramidal; needles short and close-set. Very effective. 1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
2½ to 3 ft.....	2 50
3½ to 4 ft.....	4 00
5 to 6 ft.....	\$7.50 to 10 00

<i>Picea polita</i> . <i>Tiger's Tail Spruce</i> . Foliage shining green and dense; growth regular. 1½ to 2 ft.....	Each \$1 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 50
2½ to 3 ft.....	3 00
3 to 4 ft.....	\$4 to 5 00
6 to 8 ft., specimens.....	\$15 to 18 00
<i>pungens</i> . <i>Colorado Spruce</i> . Bluish green foliage; of regular growth. 2½ to 3 ft.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft.....	3 00
4 to 5 ft.....	5 00
12 to 16 ft.....	\$10 to 18 00
<i>pungens glauca</i> . <i>Colorado Blue Spruce</i> . Silvery blue foliage; much better and more effective than the preceding. 1½ ft.....	1 00
2 ft.....	2 00
2½ ft.....	2 50
3 ft.....	3 50
4 ft.....	5 00
6 to 16 ft.....	\$8 to 50 00
<i>pungens glauca Kosteri</i> . <i>Koster's Blue Spruce</i> . A very much improved form of <i>P. pungens glauca</i> and the bluest of all.	

Of symmetrical growth, it makes very fine specimens.
 1½ to 2 ft..... 2 00
 2½ to 3 ft..... 3 00
 3½ to 4 ft..... 5 00
 4½ to 5 ft...\$6 to 7 50
 5½ to 6 ft...\$8 to 10 00

PINUS. Pine.
austriaca. *Austrian Pine*. Needles long, rigid; dark green. Very robust tree of rapid growth. Each
 2 ft.....\$0 75
 2½ to 3 ft..... 1 50
 3 to 4 ft..... 2 50
 4 to 5 ft..... 3 50
 5 to 6 ft...\$4.50 to 6 00

Cembra. *Swiss Stone Pine*. Long, dark green needles of a bluish hue underneath; short branches. Makes a close, pyramidal tree. Each
 1½ to 2 ft.....\$1 50
 2½ to 3 ft..... 2 50
 3½ to 4 ft...\$3.50 5 00
 5 ft.....\$6 to 7 50
 6 ft.....\$10 to 12 50

densiflora tabulæformis
Tonyosho. *Japanese Table Pine*. Each
 15 to 18 in., 2 ft. diam...\$3.50 to \$5 00
 18 to 24 in., 2½ to 3 ft. diam..\$6 to 7 50

montana. *Swiss Mountain Pine*. Of spreading habit, it is very suitable for covering slopes. Foliage dark green. Each
 1½ to 2 ft. diam..\$1 50
 2 to 2½ ft. diam.. 2 50
 2½ to 3 ft. diam.. 3 50

For Greenhouse stock and Orchids, see our Orchid Catalogue.



Koster's Blue Spruce. A very satisfactory and perfectly hardy Evergreen



EVERGREEN CONIFERS



Prostrate Juniper and White Pine

<i>Pinus montana</i> Mughus. <i>Mugho Pine</i> .	Each
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$1 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	2 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	3 50
<i>parviflora glauca</i> . Light bluish foliage; spreading habit, with slender, horizontal branches.	
1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
3 to 4 ft.....	\$3.50 to 5 00
<i>resinosa</i> . Red or Norway Pine. Forms a pyramidal head when young, and an open, round-topped one when old; long, lustrous green foliage. Very ornamental.	
1 to 2 ft.....	50
2 to 3 ft.....	1 50
5 to 6 ft.....	8 00
Strobus . <i>White Pine</i> . One of the best native Pines. Perfectly hardy, it grows well in almost any kind of soil. Needles very long, pale green. 1½ to 2 ft.....	50
2½ to 3 ft.....	1 00
3½ to 4 ft.....	1 75
4 to 5 ft.....	2 50
5 to 6 ft.....	3 50
<i>sylvestris</i> . <i>Scotch Pine</i> . Rapid grower; strong branches; short, bluish green needles. Very good for windbreaks or sky-line effects. 2 to 3 ft.....	1 00
3 to 4 ft.....	1 50
4 to 5 ft.....	2 50
5 to 6 ft.....	\$3.50 to 5 00
Wateriana . Compact, dense-growing evergreen; very useful for rockeries.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	3 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	4 00

RETINOSPORA. <i>White Cedar</i> .	Each
<i>filifera</i> . The long, drooping branches have a thread-like appearance; bright green foliage. A very fine lawn tree. 1 to 1½ ft.....	\$0 75
2 to 2½ ft.....	1 50
3 to 3½ ft.....	4 00
3½ to 4 ft.....	5 00
<i>filifera aurea</i> . Golden form of preceding.	
1 to 1½ ft.....	\$2 to 2 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	\$3 to 4 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	\$5 to 6 00
<i>filifera pendula aurea</i> . Very striking; fine for Japanese gardens.	
Specimens only, 3½ to 4 ft., bushy....	15 00
4 to 5 ft.....	20 00
<i>filicoides</i> . Short, dark green, dense branches.	
Rare. 1½ to 2 ft.....	2 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	3 00
<i>leptoclada</i> . Dark bluish green foliage; very compact grower. 1½ to 2 ft.....	1 50
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 50
<i>obtusa</i> . Beautiful, dark green foliage; leaves flat, frond-like; branches slightly pendulous; very striking. 1½ to 2 ft....	1 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	1 50
2½ to 3 ft.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft.....	\$3.50 to 5 00
<i>obtusa alba spica</i> . A dwarf, compact form; the young growth is tipped with white.	
1½ to 2 ft.....	\$1.25 to 1 50
<i>obtusa aurea nova</i> . Bright golden foliage; an improvement on the former.	
1 to 1½ ft.....	1 50
1½ to 2 ft.....	2 25
2½ to 3 ft.....	\$3.50 to 4 00



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

EVERGREEN CONIFERS



Retinospora plumosa

Retinospora obtusa Crippsi. Beautiful golden yellow; very hardy; slow grower. Rare.

9 to 12 in.	\$1 00
1½ to 2 ft.	2 50
2½ to 3 ft.	5 00

obtusa gracilis. Very graceful; bright, clear green foliage.

2 to 2½ ft.	1 50
2½ to 3 ft.	2 50
3 to 4 ft.	\$3.50 to 5 00

obtusa lycopodioides. Very rare Japanese evergreen of irregular habit. Dwarf grower, therefore good for planting in front of evergreen groups.

1½ to 2 ft.	2 00
2½ to 3 ft.	3 50

obtusa magnifica. A very striking evergreen.

1½ to 2 ft.	1 50
2 to 2½ ft.	2 00
3 to 4 ft.	3 50
4 to 5 ft.	6 00

obtusa nana compacta. Very dwarf and compact evergreen, extremely slow grower. Used in Japanese gardens. Very rare.

12 in.	3 50
15 in.	4 00
18 in.	5 00

obtusa pumila. Very distinct; dwarf. Valuable for entrance groups or foundation plantings.

1 to 1½ ft.	2 50
1½ to 2 ft.	3 50

Retinospora pisifera. Pea-fruited *Retinospora*. Each Dark green foliage; pyramidal growth.

1½ to 2 ft.	\$1 00
2½ to 3 ft.	2 00
3 to 4 ft.	3 50
4 to 5 ft.	5 00
6 to 7 ft.	7 50
7 to 8 ft.	10 60

pisifera aurea. A golden form of the preceding.

1½ to 2 ft.	1 00
2½ to 3 ft.	2 00
3½ to 4 ft.	4 00
4½ to 5 ft.	5 00
5 to 6 ft.	6 00

plumosa. Plume-like foliage gives it a graceful appearance. Very widely planted.

1½ to 2 ft.	1 00
2½ to 3 ft.	\$1.50 to 2 00
3½ to 4 ft.	3 50
4 to 5 ft.	5 00
5 to 6 ft.	8 60
Specimens.	\$15 to 25 00

plumosa aurea. Has bright golden foliage; retains its color all summer.

1½ to 2 ft.	1 00
2½ to 3 ft.	\$1.50 to 2 00
3½ to 4 ft.	3 00
4½ to 5 ft.	5 00
5 to 6 ft.	\$8 to 10 00
Specimens.	\$15 to 30 00

squarrosa Veitchii. Light, bluish green, prickly foliage; beautiful and ornamental.

1½ to 2 ft.	1 00
2½ to 3 ft.	2 00
3½ to 4 ft.	3 50
4½ to 5 ft.	\$5 to 7 50
6 to 7 ft.	\$10 to 15 00

SCIADOPITYS verticillata. Japanese Umbrella Pine. Shining, dark green, long needles in umbrella-like whorls; very distinct. Uniquely striking when planted as a specimen.

2 to 2½ ft.	3 50
3 to 3½ ft.	5 00
4 to 5 ft.	\$7.50 to 10 00
5 to 6 ft.	\$15 to 18 00
6 to 7 ft.	40 00

TAXUS. *Yew.*

canadensis. Canadian Yew. Low spreading, bushy; light green leaves.

1 to 1½ ft.	50
1½ to 2 ft.	1 00

cuspidata brevifolia. Japanese Yew. Bushy, spreading habit; dark green foliage. Good for hedge planting. Very hardy.

1 to 1½ ft.	1 00
1½ to 2 ft.	2 00
2½ to 3 ft.	\$4 to 7 50

cuspidata capitata. Fine, upright-growing variety. Extremely hardy, it will stand the most severe winter.

1½ to 2 ft.	1 50
2½ to 3 ft.	2 50
3½ to 4 ft.	5 00

repandens. Prostrate variety; fine for covering banks; foliage bright green; hardy, and rapid in growth.

8 to 10 in.	75
12 to 15 in.	1 25
15 to 18 in.	1 75

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



EVERGREEN CONIFERS

THUYA. *Arborvitæ*.

Lobbii. Shiny green foliage; short branches.
2 to 2½ ft. \$1 to \$1 50
3 to 4 ft. \$2.50 to 3 00

occidentalis. *Common American Arborvitæ.*
Equally as useful for hedging and screening as for ornamentation; foliage bright green above, yellowish beneath. Very largely used and is perfectly hardy.

1½ to 2 ft. 40
2 to 2½ ft. 60
3 to 3½ ft. 1 00
4 to 4½ ft. 1 75
5 to 6 ft. 2 75

These prices are for well-formed, transplanted trees.

occidentalis aurea. Yellow form of the preceding.

1½ to 2 ft. 1 00
2½ to 3 ft. 2 50

occidentalis, Columbia. Silvery variegated foliage; strong grower.

2 to 2½ ft. 2 00
3 to 3½ ft. 3 50
4 to 5 ft. \$5 to 8 00

occidentalis Ellwangeriana. Foliage bluish purple.

2 to 2½ ft. 1 25
2½ to 3 ft. 1 75
3½ to 4 ft. 3 00

occidentalis globosa. Round, compact form; dark green foliage.

12 to 18 in. 1 00
18 to 24 in. 1 50
2 to 2½ ft. 2 00

occidentalis globosa Hoveyi. Globe-shaped; dark green foliage.

1 to 1½ ft. 1 00
2 to 2½ ft. 1 50

occidentalis, Little Gem. Dwarf, bushy habit.

15 to 18 in. \$1.25 to 1 50

occidentalis lutea; syn., Geo. Peabody. Golden yellow; pyramidal.

2½ to 3 ft. 2 00
3 to 3½ ft. 3 00
4 to 5 ft. 4 00
5 to 6 ft. 5 00

occidentalis pyramidalis. Dense, upright growth; light green foliage.

2½ to 3 ft. 1 25
3½ to 4 ft. 2 00
4 to 5 ft. 3 00

occidentalis Rosenthali. Dense, upright growth; dark green foliage; compact; very choice.

2 to 2½ ft. 1 75
2½ to 3 ft. 2 50
3½ to 4 ft. 4 00
5 to 6 ft. 6 00

occidentalis sibirica. Large, dark green foliage; strong, pyramidal growth; very good and hardy.

1½ to 2 ft. 75
2 to 2½ ft. 1 50
2½ to 3 ft. 2 00

occidentalis Vervæneana. Yellowish foliage, changing to a bronzy brown in winter.

2½ to 3 ft. 1 50
3 to 3½ ft. 2 50
3½ to 4 ft. 4 00

Thuya Standishi. *Japanese Arborvitæ.* Foliage Each

dark green; of pyramidal growth, with massive, pendulous branches.

2½ to 3 ft. \$1 50
3½ to 4 ft. 2 50
5 to 6 ft. \$5 to 6 00

TSUGA. *Hemlock Spruce.*

canadensis. *Common Hemlock.* One of the best-known and largely used evergreens. Foliage dull green; branches slightly drooping; very useful for hedge planting. Makes a fine specimen.

1½ to 2 ft. 75
2 to 2½ ft. 1 25
2½ to 3 ft. 1 50
3½ to 4 ft. 3 00
4½ to 5 ft. 5 00
6 to 7 ft. 7 50

canadensis Sargentii pendula. Very choice evergreen, of graceful, weeping habit.

1½ to 2 ft. 2 00
2 to 2½ ft. 3 00
3 to 4 ft. \$5 to 7 50

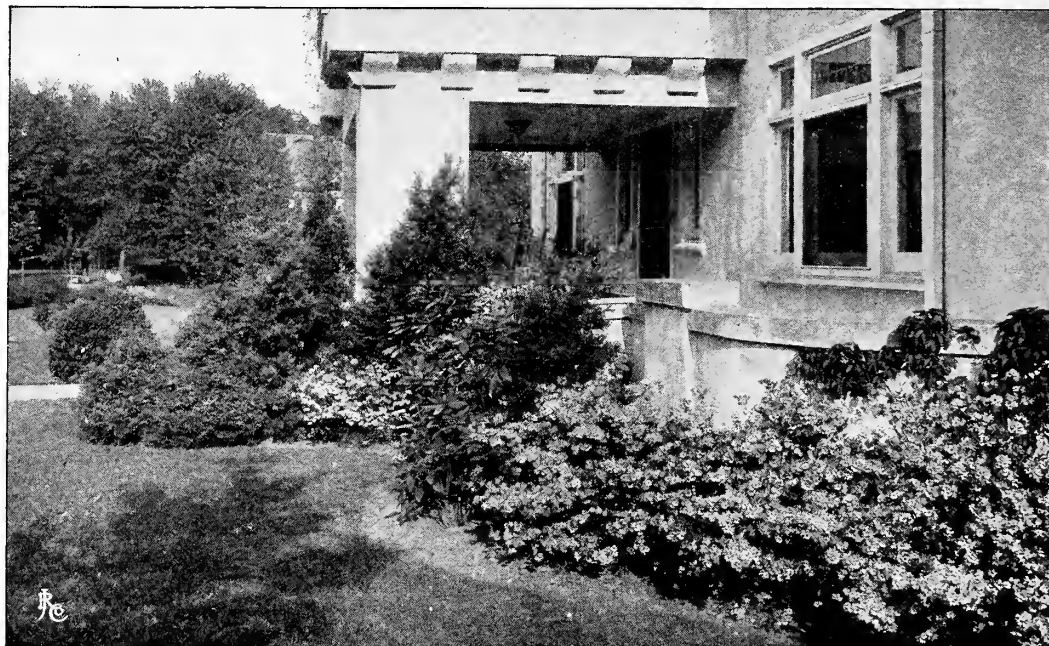
diversifolia. Foliage pale green above, bluish beneath.

18 to 24 in. 1 50

For Greenhouse stock and Orchids, see our Orchid Catalogue



Tsuga canadensis



A beautiful foundation planting of Evergreens and Evergreen Shrubs, *Azalea amœna* in the foreground

HARDY EVERGREEN FLOWERING SHRUBS

In this section the Rhododendrons and Azaleas rank first in importance and no garden is complete without them. Where space will allow, they ought to be planted on a large scale. The ideal position for Rhododendrons is along the banks of a stream or pond where they are backed by trees or large shrubs. When planted in a natural style in such a position, the effect they produce is unequaled by any other flowering shrub.

All evergreen flowering shrubs succeed in such a position and the Azaleas and other varieties can be used in conjunction with Rhododendrons in these plantings. They all need moist soil, rich in leaf mold or humus in some form.

Before planting, the ground must be dug deeply; do not add manure unless it is very old and well decayed.

Where the position is not naturally sheltered, some protection must be given to Rhododendrons in winter. Branches of evergreen trees set in between the plants will be of great benefit. A mulching of leaves or well-rotted manure in the fall is also beneficial.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS

ANDROMEDA Catesbæi ; syn., Leucothoë Catesbæi . A valuable, low-growing, evergreen shrub with beautiful waxy white flowers. In the fall the leaves turn to a rich bronze color. It is very suitable as a border to a planting of Rhododendrons and can also be naturalized.	Each	
15 to 18 in.....	\$0 75	
18 to 24 in.....	1 00	
floribunda . A compact-growing shrub with small dark green leaves and pure white flowers. 12 to 15 in.....	75	
15 to 18 in.....	1 25	
Larger plants.....	\$2 to 3 00	
japonica . <i>Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub</i> . This variety is rather stronger growing than the preceding. Flowers pure white, closely resembling the lily-of-the-valley.		
12 to 15 in.....	75	
15 to 18 in.....	1 25	
Larger plants.....	\$2 to 3 00	
AZALEA amœna . A low-growing variety of bushy habit and perfectly hardy. The flowers which open in May are bright rosy purple and are produced in great profusion.	Each	
8 to 10 in.....	\$0 35	
10 to 12 in.....	50	
12 to 15 in.....	75	
15 to 18 in.....	1 50	
18 to 24 in.....	\$2.50 to 3 00	
Larger plants.....	\$4 to 6 00	
Hinodegiri . A beautiful Japanese variety with strong growth and larger leaves than the preceding variety. It can be used in the same way as <i>Amœna</i> . Its flowers, which open in April and May, are brilliant scarlet.		
9 to 12 in.....	75	
12 to 15 in.....	1 00	
15 to 18 in.....	1 50	
Larger plants.....	\$2.50 to 3 50	

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



EVERGREEN SHRUBS

Azalea indica alba. A hardy variety, bearing Each
pure white flowers.

8 to 12 in. \$0 75
15 to 18 in. 1 50
Larger plants. \$2.50 to 10 00

Kaempferi. A beautiful variety of recent introduction which, when better known, is sure to be a great favorite in gardens. It is perfectly hardy. The flowers, which are numerous, are a pleasing brick-red shade. 12 to 15 in. 1 00

15 to 18 in. 1 50
18 to 20 in. 2 50
20 to 24 in. 3 00

COTONEASTER Franchetii. Of recent introduction, and has a very graceful habit, glossy green foliage, and red berries.

1 to 1 1/2 ft. 50
2 to 2 1/2 ft. 1 00

horizontalis. Very dwarf shrub, suitable for the rockery. In the fall the leaves turn various shades of red.

1 to 1 1/2 ft. 50
1 1/2 to 2 ft. 75

microphylla. Another good dwarf variety with narrower leaves than Horizontalis. Each

1 to 1 1/2 ft. \$0 50

Simonsii. A tall upright-growing variety, with small white flowers and red berries. Each

2 to 2 1/2 ft. \$0 50

CRATÆGUS Lelandi. Fire Thorn. The red berries of this variety are very showy. It is suitable for specimens on lawns or for training on a wall or trellis.

18 to 24 in. Each
75 cts. to \$1 00

pyracantha. 4 to 5 ft. 1 50

DAPHNE Cneorum. Garland Flower. This is of trailing habit of growth. The flowers are bright pink and very fragrant. Suitable for rockery. Each

Strong plants. \$0 60

ILEX crenata. Japanese Holly. Has small stiff foliage and dense compact growth. Makes a good hedge and can be clipped. Each

15 to 18 in. \$0 60
1 1/2 to 2 ft. 1 00
2 to 2 1/2 ft. 1 50

glabra. Inkberry. A bushy shrub with shiny dark green leaves and in the fall numerous black berries. Each

1 1/2 ft. \$1 00
2 ft. 1 50

opaca. American Holly. Dwarf, with shiny thorny leaves, and bright red berries in winter. Each

1 1/2 to 2 ft. \$1 50
2 to 3 ft. 2 50
3 to 4 ft. 6 00

KALMIA angustifolia. Dwarf Laurel. Splendid plants for bordering. Narrow dark green leaves; deep rose-colored flowers.

15 to 18 in. \$0 75
18 to 24 in. 1 00
24 to 30 in. 2 00

latifolia. Mountain Laurel. Fine, dark green, glossy foliage and pale pink flowers. Effective with Rhododendrons, as it flowers at approximately the same time.

Nursery-grown plants, 6 to 8 in. \$180 per 1,000. 25

1 to 1 1/2 ft. 75
1 1/2 to 2 ft. 1 25
2 to 2 1/2 ft. 2 00

Native collected plants in carload lots, containing 300 to 400 plants, \$160 to \$250, f.o.b. our shipping point. Prices on larger quantities on application.

MAHONIA Aquifolium. Holly-leaved Mahonia. Each

A valuable shrub of bushy growth, with fine foliage; has yellow flowers in early summer; leaves turn to beautiful colors in fall. 1 to 1 1/2 ft. \$0 50

1 1/2 to 2 ft. 75
2 to 2 1/2 ft. 1 25



The Mountain Laurel. One of the best and hardiest Evergreen Shrubs



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS



Rhododendron Planting

RHODODENDRONS

These charming evergreen shrubs are being used more every year, and the hardy hybrids with their improved color and sturdy constitution are becoming better known. Rhododendrons prefer a cool, partly shaded position and soil rich in humus. Spring is the best time to plant, but they can also be safely planted in August and September.

They are very effective when planted in masses and also when planted in connection with evergreens and shrubs for foundation planting, care being taken in mass planting to blend the different colors harmoniously. Our list contains the hardiest varieties.

Arbutifolium. A dwarf species, with small, sharply pointed leaves, and rosy flowers in early spring. Each

12 to 15 in. \$1 00

Catawbiense. A native variety giving a profusion of rose-colored flowers in June. A useful variety for massing and naturalizing.

15 to 18 in. 75

18 to 24 in. 1 00

2 to 2½ ft. 2 00

Catawbiense alba. A very fine white form of the above, with a slight pink tinge, good foliage and bushy growth.

Catawbiense grandiflora. Has larger flowers of a deeper shade than Catawbiense.

Maximum. Great Laurel. A native variety of great merit, valuable for naturalizing. Its flowers, which are white with a pink tinge, appear after the hybrids are out of bloom.

Nursery-grown plants, 2 to 2½ ft. 1 50

3 to 3½ ft. 4 50

4 to 5 ft. 5 00

5 to 6 ft. 7 50

Collected Rhododendron maximum. Strong bushy plants in carload lots f.o.b. shipping point. Freight rates given on request. 100

12 to 18 in. \$50 00

2 to 3 ft. 65 00

3 to 4 ft. 75 00

4 to 5 ft. 85 00

5 to 6 ft. 100 00

6 to 7 ft. 150 00

7 to 8 ft. 325 00

Rhododendron præcox. A very dwarf-growing species, with small foliage and bright rosy lilac flowers in early spring. Valuable as an edging to groups of taller growing varieties. Is also suitable for the rockery. Each

12 to 15 in. \$1 00

punctatum. A valuable dwarf species with small leaves and rosy purple flowers in early spring. 9 to 12 in. 1 00

12 to 15 in. 1 50

Wilsonii. A fine dwarf species with rosy lavender flowers. The foliage is bright glossy green and sharply pointed. It is a valuable plant for edging groups or for naturalizing. 12 to 15 in. 1 00

15 to 18 in. 1 75

HYBRID RHODODENDRONS

White Shades

Album elegans. A tall-growing variety, suitable for the background. The buds are lilac-pink, but the flowers when fully open are white. Each

18 to 24 in. \$1 50 to \$2 00

24 to 30 in. 2 25 to 3 00

32 to 36 in. 3 50 to 6 00

Boule de Neige. This has a dwarf, compact habit of growth and good foliage. Early bloomer.

15 to 18 in. 1 25 to 1 50

18 to 24 in. 1 50 to 2 25

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



EVERGREEN SHRUBS

WHITE HYBRID RHODODENDRONS, continued

	Each
Catawbiense album. A vigorous grower of very hardy constitution. Pure white flowers. Early bloomer.	
15 to 18 in.....	\$1 00 to \$1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
Delicatissimum. A late variety, with a slight tinge of pink.	
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
30 to 36 in.....	3 50 to 6 00

Pink Shades

	Each
Album grandiflorum. A strong-growing variety, with good foliage. Delicate pink, fading as the flowers open.	
18 to 24 in.....	\$1 50 to \$2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
Amphion. Rosy pink, white center.	
36 in.....	6 00
Candidissima. A very hardy, tall-growing variety, the color fading almost to pure white as the flowers expand.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
Florence. A very choice variety. Flowers a beautiful soft pink, with white center.	
18 to 20 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
20 to 24 in.....	2 50 to 3 00
Henrietta Sargent. Clear pink flowers; dwarf habit; very choice.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 50 to 3 00
Lady Armstrong. A very hardy variety, with pale rose flowers.	
15 to 18 in.....	1 25 to 1 50
18 to 24 in.....	2 00 to 2 50
Lady Clermont. A tall variety, with well-shaped flowers of a beautiful deep pink shade.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
Lady Grey Egerton. Large flowers of a beautiful silvery pink.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
Memoir. White, with faint blush.	
36 in.....	6 00

Red Shades

	Each
Abraham Lincoln. Bright rosy crimson flowers. A very hardy variety.	
15 to 18 in.....	\$1 00 to \$1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 25 to 2 00
Caractacus.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
30 to 36 in.....	3 50 to 6 00
48 to 56 in. Specimens.....	25 00
Charles Bagley. Flowers cherry-red in large trusses. A very fine late variety.	
15 to 18 in.....	1 00 to 1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 25 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
32 to 34 in.....	5 00
36 in.....	6 00

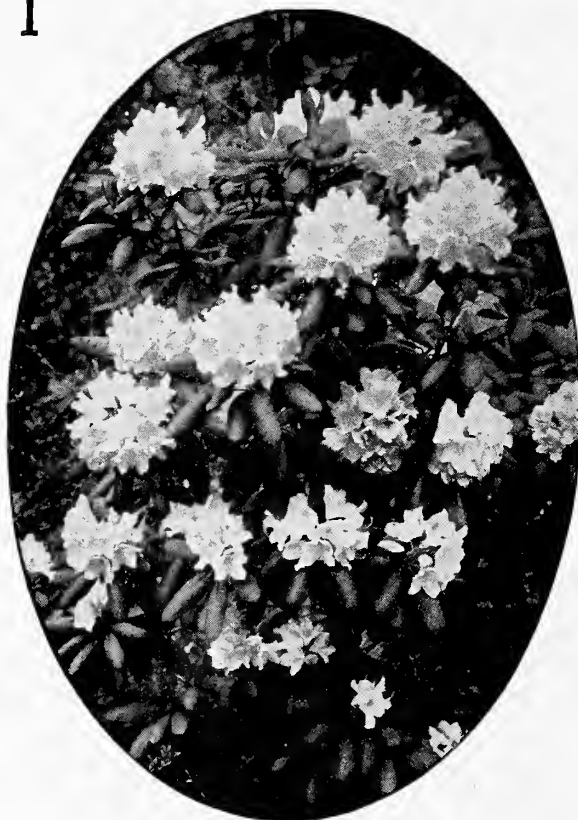
RED HYBRID RHODODENDRONS, continued

	Each
Charles Dickens. Deep scarlet flowers; good habit and foliage; a reliable variety.	
15 to 18 in.....	\$1 00 to \$1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
30 to 36 in.....	3 50 to 6 00
Charles S. Sargent. A very fine variety, with rich crimson flowers. Free bloomer with large leaves.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
Edward S. Rand. Scarlet flowers in large trusses; very hardy.	
15 to 18 in.....	1 00 to 1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 50
30 to 36 in.....	4 00 to 6 00
F. D. Goodman. Dark crimson flowers.	
15 to 18 in.....	1 00 to 1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 50 to 3 00
30 to 36 in.....	5 00 to 6 00
General Grant. Large scarlet flowers; very free blooming.	
15 to 18 in.....	1 00 to 1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 50 to 3 00
30 to 36 in.....	3 50 to 6 00
Giganteum. Early variety, with cherry-red flowers; tall grower.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 50 to 3 00
H. H. Hunnewell. A tall-growing variety, with deep crimson flowers.	
15 to 18 in.....	1 00 to 1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 75 to 4 00
H. W. Sargent. A late variety, with good foliage and crimson flowers.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 28 in.....	2 50 to 3 00
Ignatius Sargent. A very fine variety, with bright red flowers of large size. The foliage and habit are both good.	
12 to 15 in.....	1 25 to 1 50
15 to 18 in.....	1 50 to 2 50
James Bateman. Rosy scarlet flowers; a very free bloomer; bushy habit.	
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
Kettledrum. A well-known and reliable variety, with crimson flowers. A very good grower.	
15 to 18 in.....	1 00 to 1 25
18 to 24 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
24 to 30 in.....	2 25 to 3 00
30 to 32 in.....	3 50 to 4 50
36 in.....	6 00
Mrs. Chas. S. Sargent. A very fine variety, with rich crimson flowers. Free bloomer with large leaves.	
18 to 20 in.....	1 50 to 2 00
20 to 24 in.....	2 00 to 2 50
24 to 30 in.....	3 00 to 3 50
30 to 36 in.....	3 75 to 5 00



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS



Rhododendron catawbiense

RED HYBRID RHODODENDRONS, continued

Mrs. Milner. Rich crimson flowers	Each	
produced freely. 15 to 18 in.	\$1 25 to	\$1 75
18 to 24 in.	2 00 to	2 75
24 to 30 in.	3 00 to	3 75
30 to 36 in.	4 00 to	6 00
Parsons' Grandiflorum.		
18 to 24 in.	1 50 to	2 00

Rhododendrons, Purple and Lilac Shades

Catawbiense grandiflorum. This has the same hardy constitution and free growth as the native species, but the flowers are much improved in size and color, being a rich rosy purple.	Each	
15 to 18 in.	\$1 00 to	\$1 25
18 to 24 in.	1 50 to	2 00
Everestianum. A very hardy variety, with large flowers of a delicate rosy lilac shade.		
18 to 24 in.	1 50 to	2 00
24 to 30 in.	2 25 to	3 50
30 to 36 in.	5 00 to	6 00
Old Port. The flowers are a very beautiful plum-color.		
15 to 18 in.	1 25 to	1 50
18 to 24 in.	1 75 to	2 50
Parsons' Gloriosum. Large pinkish lilac flowers and large foliage.		
15 to 18 in.	1 00 to	1 50
18 to 24 in.	1 75 to	2 50
Roseum elegans. A strong-growing, hardy variety, with rosy lilac flowers; very hardy.		
18 to 24 in.	1 50 to	2 00
24 to 30 in.	2 25 to	3 00
30 to 36 in.	3 50 to	5 00
Roseum pictum.		
18 to 20 in.	1 25 to	1 75
Sefton. Large trusses of deep maroon-colored flowers. A very hardy variety with good habit and foliage.		
18 to 24 in.	1 50 to	2 00
24 to 30 in.	2 25 to	3 00

Standard Rhododendrons

In many of the foregoing varieties.	Each	
3½-ft. stems.	\$3 50 to	5 00
For Orchids and Greenhouse Plants, see our Orchid Catalogue		

EVERGREEN SHRUBS SUITABLE FOR ROCKERY

	Each	Doz.		Each	Doz.
ANDROMEDA Catesbæi. 18 to 24 in.	\$0 75		Euonymus radicans Kewensis. Prostrate trailing variety.	\$0 35	\$3 50
floribunda. 12 to 15 in.	75		radicans variegata. Strong plants.	35	3 50
japonica. 12 to 15 in.	75		HEDERA conglomerata. Curiously twisted dwarf Ivy.	35	3 50
speciosa. 15 to 18 in.	1 00		ILEX crenata. 2 to 2½ ft.	1 50	
AZALEA amoena. 10 to 12 in.	50		KALMIA angustifolia. 15 to 18 in.	75	7 50
Hinodegiri. 9 to 12 in.	75		latifolia. 1 to 1½ ft.	75	
Kaempferi. 12 to 15 in.	1 50		MAHONIA Aquifolium. 1 to 1½ ft.	50	5 00
COTONEASTER horizontalis			RHODODENDRON præcox.		
1 to 1½ ft. spread.	75	\$7 50	12 to 15 in.	1 00	
microphylla. 1 to 1½ ft. spread.	50	5 00	punctatum. 12 to 18 in.	\$1 to	1 75
DAPHNE Cneorum. 50c., 75c. and 1 00			Wilsonii. 12 to 15 in.	\$1.50 to	2 00
EUONYMUS Carrieri			2½ to 3 ft.	\$4 to	5 00
1-yr.-old plants.	35	3 50			
radicans. 1-yr.-old plants.	25	2 50			

SEE PAGES 52 TO 77 FOR PERENNIALS SUITABLE FOR ROCKERY



Showing the Norway Maple as an important shade tree for the lawn

DECIDUOUS ORNAMENTAL AND SHADE TREES

The inhabitants of cities and towns are demanding more and more that the streets be planted with shade trees, having realized that they are practical and ornamental. Even smaller centers have their shade tree commissions, and the planting of trees and shrubs should be one of the most serious considerations in every city planning or development. While certain trees can occasionally be had at a low figure, the difference in quality of our well-grown nursery product will be apparent even to the most uncritical layman. They can be planted in spring, after frost has left the ground and before new growth commences, or in autumn when the wood is thoroughly ripened. Great care should be taken in planting trees, as on it will depend the degree of success achieved. The ground should be well prepared, and the hole dug large enough to spread the roots in a natural way. Fill in with fine, fresh soil firmly pressed down.

We also grow a number of large specimen trees suitable for estates where immediate effect is desired.

ACER: Maple.

Each

colchicum rubrum. Medium-sized tree; color of young growth crimson, turning later to green and bronze.

6 to 8 ft.....	\$1 25
8 to 10 ft.....	1 75
10 to 12 ft.....	2 50

dasyarpum. *Silver Maple.* Leaves lobed, silvery underneath, bright green above; rapid grower. 8 to 10 ft.....

10 to 12 ft.....	50
12 to 14 ft.....	1 00
14 to 15 ft.....	1 50
14 to 15 ft.....	2 50
14 to 16 ft., 2½ to 3½ in. diam..	\$3 to 5 00

dasyarpum pyramidalis. Grows in perfect pyramidal shade.

10 to 12 ft.....	1 50
------------------	------

dasyarpum Wieri laciniatum. *Wier's Cut-leaved Maple.* A beautiful variety, with drooping branches and sharply cut leaves.

8 to 10 ft.....	1 00
10 to 11 ft.....	1 50
11 to 12 ft.....	2 00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal...	\$2.50 to 3 50

Acer Negundo. *Ash-leaved Maple.* Rapid-growing tree, with bright green foliage.

8 to 10 ft.....	\$1 00
10 to 12 ft.....	1 50

platanoides. *Norway Maple.* One of the very finest trees for street and lawn planting. Strong growing, of spreading habit, it makes a very dense shade.

8 to 10 ft.....	75
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in. cal.....	2 00
12 to 14 ft., 2 to 2¼ in. cal..	\$2.50 to 3 00
13 to 14 ft., 2½ to 2¾ in. cal...	\$4 to 5 00
14 to 15 ft., 3 to 4 in. cal...	\$7.50 to 10 00

platanoides globosum. Generally grown in standard form. Makes a fine, globe-shaped, compact head.

6 to 7 ft. stem.....	2 00
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platanoides Reitenbachii. Of pyramidal habit. Foliage dark green in spring, changing to purple toward midsummer.

6 to 8 ft.....	1 25
8 to 9 ft.....	2 00

For Greenhouse stock and Orchids, see our Orchid Catalogue



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DECIDUOUS TREES

Acer platanoides Schwedleri. <i>Schwedler's</i> Each	
<i>Noway Maple.</i> In early spring the leaves and young shoots are of a beautiful purple, later turning to a purplish green.	
6 to 8 ft.....	\$1 00
8 to 10 ft.....	1 50
10 to 12 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in. cal....	\$2 to 2 50
12 to 13 ft., 2 in. cal.....	\$3.50 to 4 00
pseudoplatanus. <i>Sycamore Maple.</i> A handsome tree of rapid growth, with large, dark green foliage. 8 to 10 ft.....	1 00
10 to 11 ft.....	2 00
12 to 13 ft., 2 in. cal.....	\$3.50 to 4 00
rubrum. <i>Red or Scarlet Maple.</i> A beautiful native tree, easily distinguished in the spring by its red flowers, and in the fall by its brilliantly colored foliage. One of the finest lawn trees. 8 to 10 ft.....	1 60
10 to 12 ft., 1½ in. cal.....	2 00
12 to 14 ft., 2 in. cal.....	3 50
13 to 14 ft., 2¼ to 2½ in. cal....	\$4 to 5 00
saccharum. <i>Sugar or Rock Maple.</i> Very valuable tree for park and avenue planting. Of more or less pyramidal form, with beautiful green foliage which colors brilliantly in the fall.	
8 to 10 ft.....	1 00
10 to 12 ft.....	1 50
12 to 14 ft.....	2 00
13 to 15 ft., 2 in. cal.....	\$3 to 3 50
14 to 15 ft., 2¼ to 2½ in. cal.....	5 00
ACER. <i>Japanese Maples.</i> Shrubs with delicately cut foliage varying from green to blood-red and yellow. Produce a wonderful effect when planted with good judgment. They are also very attractive planted in front of taller-growing trees and shrubs or as single specimens.	
japonicum aureum. Foliage yellow, suffused with green.	
1½ to 2 ft.....	1 00
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3 00
3 to 4 ft.....	4 00
japonicum filicifolium. Foliage light green, deeply cut.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
3 to 4 ft.....	4 00

Acer polymorphum. Deeply cut, small, green leaves.	
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0 75
3 to 4 ft.....	1 00
4 to 5 ft.....	1 50
polymorphum atropurpureum. Deeply cut, blood-red foliage.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3 00
3 to 4 ft.....	4 00
4 to 5 ft.....	6 00
polymorphum dissectum. Very finely cut, green leaves.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3 00
3 to 4 ft.....	4 00
polymorphum atropurpureum dissectum. Deeply cut, blood-red foliage.	
2 to 2½ ft.....	2 00
2½ to 3 ft.....	3 00
3 to 4 ft.....	4 00
ÆSCULUS Hippocastanum. <i>European Horse-Chestnut.</i> Foliage large; appears early in spring; flowers white, spotted, produced in large, erect trusses. A tree of regular outline and compact habit, it is distinctly ornamental.	
6 to 8 ft.....	1 00
8 to 10 ft.....	1 50
10 to 12 ft.....	2 00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2¼ in. cal....	\$3 to 3 50
10 to 12 ft., 2½ to 3 in. cal....	\$4 to 5 00
Hippocastanum flore-pleno. <i>Double White-flowering Horse-Chestnut.</i> Similar to the type, but has larger, double, white flowers, borne in extra-large panicles. The flowers being sterile, the tree produces no fruit.	
6 to 8 ft.....	1 25
8 to 10 ft.....	\$2 to 2 50
10 to 12 ft., 2 in. diam.....	\$3.50 to 4 00
Hippocastanum rubicunda. <i>Red-flowering Horse-Chestnut.</i> A beautiful tree, producing showy red flowers and having dark green foliage.	
6 to 8 ft.....	1 75
8 to 10 ft.....	2 50
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal....	\$4 to 5 00



Acer polymorphum dissectum (Japanese Maples)

By frequent root-pruning and transplanting we produce on our Deciduous Trees a mass of fine, fibrous roots, which insures their quick recovery, vigorous, rapid growth, and strong, sturdy health after setting in their permanent locations.



DECIDUOUS TREES



Trunks of *Betula alba*

AILANTHUS glandulosa. *Tree of Heaven.* Each
Rapid-growing tree, with large, palm-like
foliage. Fine for growing along city
streets, as it withstands smoke, gas, and
dust successfully.

6 to 8 ft.	\$0 50
8 to 10 ft.	75
10 to 12 ft.	1 25

BETULA alba. *European White Birch.*
Rapid-growing variety, with silvery white
bark. Handsome as an individual speci-
men on the lawn or when grown in front
of evergreens.

6 to 8 ft.	75
8 to 10 ft.	1 00
10 to 12 ft.	2 00

alba laciniata pendula. *Cut-leaved Weeping Birch.* A tree of graceful, pendulous
habit, with delicately cut leaves and
white bark. An ideal tree for a small
lawn.

4 to 6 ft.	1 00
6 to 8 ft.	1 50
8 to 10 ft.	2 00
10 to 12 ft.	3 00

lenta. *Sweet or Black Birch.* Very hand-
some native tree.

4 to 6 ft.	50
6 to 8 ft.	75

lutea. *Yellow Birch.* Very rapid grower;
broad leaves; yellowish gray bark.

4 to 5 ft.	50
5 to 7 ft.	75

Betula papyracea. *Paper or Canoe Birch.* Each

Beautiful, tall-growing tree; foliage large; bark silvery white. 4 to 6 ft.	\$0 50
6 to 8 ft.	75
8 to 10 ft.	1 25
10 to 12 ft.	1 50

populifolia. *American White Birch.* Rapid-
growing tree, with slender branches in-
clined to droop; bark smooth and white.

4 to 6 ft.	50
6 to 8 ft.	75
8 to 10 ft.	1 00
10 to 12 ft.	1 50

purpurea. *Purple-leaved Birch.* Distinct,
with light-colored bark; leaves purple
when young, turning green in summer.

8 to 10 ft.	1 50
10 to 12 ft.	2 00

Youngii pendula. *Young's Weeping Birch.*

Very graceful tree, with fine, drooping branches. 5 to 6 ft., branched low.	1 25
6 to 7 ft., branched low.	2 00

CARPINUS americanus. *Hornbeam.* A native
species; resembles a bush, and never
makes a large tree. Also good for hedg-
ing. 4 to 6 ft.

6 to 8 ft.	1 00
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CATALPA Bungei. This is grown in standard
form, and planted as a lawn tree or along
walks. If cut back each year it will always
make a perfect, globe-shaped head.

4- to 5-ft. stems, head 1½ x 1½ ft.	1 50
4- to 5-ft. stems, head 2 x 2 ft.	2 40
5- to 6-ft. stems, head 2½ x 2½ ft.	3 00
5- to 6-ft. stems, head 3 x 3 ft.	4 00
Extra - large specimens, 6- to 7-ft. stems, heads 5½ x 4 ft.	15 00

speciosa. *Western Catalpa.* A very orna-
mental tree, producing purplish white
flowers in June and July.

6 to 8 ft.	50
8 to 10 ft.	75
10 to 12 ft.	1 25



Catalpa Bungei



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DECIDUOUS TREES

CERCIS canadensis. <i>Red-Bud</i> , or <i>Judas Tree</i> . A native tree of medium size, covered in early spring with reddish purple flowers. 3 to 4 ft.	Each \$0 50
4 to 5 ft.	75
5 to 6 ft.	1 00
CERCIDIPHYLLUM japonicum. Medium-sized tree of pyramidal form; foliage purplish when young.	
4 to 6 ft.	75
6 to 8 ft.	1 25
8 to 10 ft.	2 00
FAGUS sylvatica. <i>European Beech</i> . Makes an imposing-looking specimen; glossy foliage.	
4 to 6 ft.	1 00
6 to 8 ft.	1 75
sylvatica asplenifolia. <i>Fern-leaved Beech</i> . Finely cut leaves; a very beautiful tree.	
3 to 4 ft.	1 50
4 to 5 ft.	2 50
sylvatica heterophylla. <i>Cut-leaved Beech</i> . A very graceful tree, with beautifully cut foliage.	
4 to 5 ft.	2 50
sylvatica pendula. <i>Weeping Beech</i> .	
4 to 6 ft.	1 50
6 to 8 ft.	2 50
8 to 10 ft.	3 50
10 to 12 ft.	4 00
sylvatica purpurea. <i>Purple Beech</i> . An impressive-looking tree, with deep purple foliage.	
4 to 5 ft.	1 50
5 to 6 ft.	2 00
7 to 8 ft.	3 00
8 to 10 ft.	4 00
sylvatica purpurea major. Similar to the preceding, but with larger and very deep purple foliage. A handsome lawn tree.	
5 to 6 ft.	1 50
6 to 7 ft.	2 50



Fagus sylvatica purpurea



Flowers of *Cercis canadensis*

Fagus sylvatica purpurea Riversii. Deep purple foliage; of pyramidal growth. The deepest colored foliage of all purple trees.	Each
3 to 4 ft.	\$1 00
4 to 5 ft.	2 00
5 to 6 ft.	3 00
6 to 7 ft.	4 00
FRAXINUS americana. <i>White Ash</i> . Tall growing; light leaves, silvery underneath.	
8 to 10 ft.	1 00
10 to 11 ft.	1 50
11 to 12 ft.	2 00
12 to 14 ft.	2 75
excelsior pendula. A weeping variety, forming a handsome lawn specimen.	
8 to 9 ft.	3 00
viridis. <i>Green Ash</i> . Foliage bright green; grows into a well-shaped tree.	
6 to 8 ft.	75
8 to 10 ft.	1 25
GLEDITSCHIA sinensis. <i>Chinese Honey Locust</i> . Bears long racemes of fragrant flowers in May. 4 to 6 ft.	75
6 to 8 ft.	1 00
8 to 10 ft.	1 50
triacanthos. <i>Thorny Honey Locust</i> . Suitable for hedges, but handsome when allowed to grow large.	
4 to 6 ft.	50
6 to 8 ft.	75
HALESIA tetraptera. <i>Silver Bell</i> , or <i>Snow-drop Tree</i> . Dark green foliage; beautiful, pure white flowers.	
3 to 4 ft.	50
4 to 6 ft.	75
JUGLANS cinerea. <i>Butternut</i> . A native medium-sized tree, with leaves similar in appearance to the Ailanthus.	
3 to 4 ft.	50
nigra. <i>Black Walnut</i> . Very large-sized tree, with pretty foliage composed of from thirteen to seventeen leaflets.	
3 to 4 ft.	50



Malus Scheideckeri in full bloom

LIQUIDAMBAR styraciflua. *Sweet Gum.* A medium-sized tree, with beautiful five-to seven-lobed, glossy green leaves, which turn to crimson in autumn.
 6 to 8 ft. \$1 25
 8 to 10 ft. 1 75

LIRIODENDRON tulipifera. *Tulip Tree.* A noble-looking tree, growing into a magnificent specimen; foliage pale green; flowers orange-yellow, cup-shaped.
 6 to 8 ft. 1 00
 8 to 10 ft. 1 50
 10 to 12 ft. \$2 to 2 50

MALUS floribunda. *Flowering Crab.* Very profuse bloomers and in spring literally one mass of delicate pink blossoms which have a delightful fragrance. Small yellow fruits in summer.
 2 to 3 ft. 50
 3 to 4 ft. 75
 Specimens, 6 to 7 ft., 3½ to 4½ ft. spr. 15 00

Malus floribunda atrosanguinea. A darker flowered form of the preceding variety.
 3 to 4 ft. 75
 Specimens, 6 to 7 ft., 3½ to 4½ ft. spr. 15 00

Malus Scheideckeri. Very free-flowering variety, pretty pale pink flowers.
 3 to 4 ft. 75
 4 to 5 ft. 1 00
 Specimens, 6 to 7 ft., 3½ to 4½ ft. spr. 15 00

We have a quantity of fine large specimens especially desirable for immediate effect, at from \$5 to 10 00

Standards with 4- to 5-ft. stems, above varieties \$2.50 to 3 50

Standards of *Malus spectabilis*, 6- to 7-ft. stems, large well-shaped heads \$7.50 to 10 00

MORUS pendula. *Weeping Mulberry.* The long, thin branches have a drooping habit.
 5 to 7 ft. \$1 50
 6 to 7 ft., strong 2 50

PAULOWNIA imperialis. *Empress Tree.* A rapid-growing tree, with heart-shaped leaves and pale violet, fragrant flowers.
 6 to 7 ft. 1 25
 10 to 12 ft. 2 50

PLATANUS occidentalis. *American Plane* or *Buttonball Tree.* A large-growing tree.
 8 to 10 ft. 1 50
 10 to 12 ft. 2 50
 12 to 13 ft., 2 in. cal. \$3.50 to 4 00

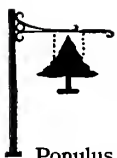
orientalis. *Oriental Plane.* A magnificent tree, extensively used for street and park planting. Will stand the trying conditions of large cities better than any other tree.

8 to 10 ft. 1 00
 9 to 10 ft., 1¼ in. cal. 1 50
 10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2 in. cal. 2 00
 12 to 14 ft., 2¼ to 2½ in. cal. 4 00

POPULUS alba. *White or Silver Poplar.* Rapid grower; leaves glossy green above, silvery underneath.
 6 to 8 ft. 75
 8 to 10 ft. 1 00

alba Bolleana. Similar to Lombardy Poplar. Very distinct; silvery white foliage.
 6 to 8 ft. 1 00
 8 to 10 ft. 1 25
 10 to 12 ft. 1 50
 12 to 14 ft., 2 in. cal. 2 00

balsamifera. *Balsam Poplar.* A rapid-growing tree of spreading habit.
 8 to 10 ft., 1¼ in. cal. 75
 10 to 12 ft., 1¾ to 2 in. cal. 1 50



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DECIDUOUS TREES

Populus carolinensis; syn., *monilifera*. Each

Carolina Poplar. A tree of pyramidal habit and robust, exceedingly rapid growth; foliage light green.

8 to 10 ft.....	\$0 75
10 to 12 ft.....	1 00
12 to 14 ft.....	1 50
14 to 16 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal.....	2 50

fastigiata. *Lombardy Poplar*. Of erect, rapid growth, forming a slender column. Fine for formal planting.

8 to 10 ft.....	75
10 to 12 ft.....	1 00
12 to 14 ft.....	1 50
14 to 15 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal.....	2 50

tremula. *European Aspen*. Small leaves, on long, slender stalks, giving the foliage a restless motion.

8 to 10 ft.....	1 00
10 to 12 ft.....	1 50

QUERCUS alba. *American White Oak*. One of our best native trees, growing to majestic proportion. Best planted alone as a specimen. Each

6 to 8 ft.....	\$1 00
8 to 10 ft.....	1 50
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal.....	3 00

bicolor. *Swamp White Oak*. Fine, deeply cut foliage, turning to bright scarlet in autumn. Each

6 to 8 ft.....	\$1 25
8 to 10 ft.....	2 00

coccinea. *Scarlet Oak*. One of the most rapid growing of the Oaks, with brilliant foliage in autumn. Fine for street planting. Each

7 to 8 ft.....	\$1 75
8 to 10 ft.....	2 50
10 to 12 ft.....	3 50

macrocarpa. *Bur Oak*. A very attractive tree of vigorous habit, with lustrous green foliage. Each

6 to 8 ft.....	\$1 50
8 to 10 ft.....	2 00

palustris. *Pin Oak*. The best Oak for avenue and park planting, and splendid for planting on the lawn; bright green foliage. This is the most graceful of the Oaks, and does not have the rugged characteristics of other members of the family. Each

6 to 8 ft.....	\$1 00
8 to 10 ft.....	1 50
8 to 10 ft., 1½ to 1¾ in. cal.....	2 25
10 to 12 ft., 2 in. cal.....	2 50
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. cal.....	\$3.50 to 5 00

For Greenhouse stock and Orchids, see our Orchard Catalogue.

Quercus Prinus. *Chestnut Oak*. A beautiful tree; foliage bright green above, yellowish beneath.

6 to 8 ft.....	\$1 50
9 to 11 ft.....	3 00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal.....	\$4 to 5 00

pyramidalis; syn., *fastigiata*. A fine, pyramidal-growing tree suitable for formal work.

5 to 6 ft.....	1 25
6 to 8 ft.....	2 00

Robur. *Royal English Oak*. A strong, stately and spreading tree, with dark green foliage.

4 to 6 ft.....	75
6 to 8 ft.....	1 25

rubra. *American Red Oak*. Being a tree of rapid growth and splendid color of foliage, it lends itself equally well for lawn and avenue planting.

6 to 8 ft.....	1 00
8 to 10 ft.....	\$1.50 to 2 00
10 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal.....	3 50



Three of the Flowering Apples: (1) *Malus floribunda*, (2) *Atrosanguinea*, (3) *Scheideckeri*

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



DECIDUOUS TREES

SALISBURIA adiantifolia. *Ginkgo*, or *Maiden-hair Tree*. A very remarkable tree of spreading habit, and light green foliage which resembles a maidenhair fern.

6 to 8 ft.....	\$1 00
8 to 10 ft.....	1 25
10 to 12 ft.....	\$2 to 2 50

SALIX babylonica. *Common Weeping Willow*. Bright green foliage; long, thin, drooping branches.

6 to 8 ft.....	75
8 to 10 ft.....	1 00
10 to 12 ft.....	2 00

elegantissima. *Thurlo's Weeping Willow*. Long, drooping branches, with yellow bark, spotted brown; very handsome.

6 to 8 ft.....	50
8 to 10 ft.....	1 00
10 to 12 ft.....	1 25

laurifolia. *Laurel-Leaf Willow*. Of vigorous growth, with shining, dark green foliage.

4 to 5 ft.....	35
5 to 6 ft.....	50
6 to 8 ft.....	75
8 to 10 ft.....	1 00

rosmarinifolia. Long, thin branches; long, narrow leaves; grows in bush form; very graceful.

2 to 3 ft.....	35
3 to 4 ft.....	50

vitellina aurea. *Golden Willow*. Fine tree, with golden yellow branches.

3 to 4 ft.....	35
4 to 5 ft.....	50
6 to 8 ft.....	75
8 to 10 ft.....	1 00

SORBUS americana. *American Mountain-Asb.* or *Dogberry*. Beautiful tree, with narrow, toothed leaves. Bears large, red berries. 4 to 6 ft.....

6 to 8 ft.....	1 00
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Aucuparia. *European Mountain-Asb.* A fine tree of regular growth, bearing clusters of scarlet berries.

6 to 8 ft.....	1 00
8 to 10 ft.....	1 25
10 to 12 ft.....	1 50

Aucuparia pendula. *Weeping Mountain-Asb.* A choice weeping tree, excellent for lawn planting. 6 to 7 ft.....

6 to 7 ft.....	1 50
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TAXODIUM distichum. *Bald Cypress*. A tree of pyramidal growth, having small, feathery, light green foliage; very effective. Much like an evergreen in shape, but drops its needles in the fall.

6 to 7 ft.....	2 00
10 to 12 ft., 3 in. cal.....	6 00

TILIA americana. *American Linden*, or *Basswood*. Vigorous tree, with large, shining, dark green foliage; fragrant flowers.

8 to 10 ft.....	1 50
10 to 11 ft.....	2 00
10 to 12 ft., 2 in. cal.....	2 50
12 to 14 ft., 2¼ to 2½ in. cal.....	3 50

argentea. *White or Silver Linden*. Foliage silvery underneath. 8 to 10 ft.....

8 to 10 ft.....	1 75
10 to 12 ft.....	2 50
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. cal.....	\$3.50 to 4 00
Specimens, 15 to 20 ft. high...	\$15 to 50 00

Tilia argentea pendula. A drooping variety Each of the preceding.

10 to 12 ft.....	\$2.50 to \$3 50
12 to 14 ft.....	\$4 to 5 00

dasystyla. *Crimean Linden*. Foliage pale yellow underneath; vigorous.

8 to 10 ft.....	1 75
10 to 12 ft.....	2 50

europæa. *European Linden*. An excellent tree of pyramidal habit; flowers fragrant.

8 to 10 ft.....	1 25
10 to 11 ft.....	2 00
11 to 12 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal.....	3 00
13 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. cal.....	5 00

platyphyllos. *Broad-leaved European Linden*. Magnificent tree, with large, striking foliage; fragrant yellow flowers.

8 to 10 ft.....	1 25
10 to 12 ft.....	2 00
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. cal.....	\$3 to 3 50
13 to 15 ft., 3 to 3½ in. cal.....	5 00

ULMUS americana. *American Elm*. One of the finest of our native trees; very stately and tall growing.

8 to 10 ft.....	1 00
10 to 12 ft.....	1 75
11 to 13 ft., 2 to 2½ in. cal.....	2 50
12 to 14 ft., 2½ to 3 in. cal.....	\$3.50 to 5 00

montana pendula. *Camperdown Weeping Elm*. The long branches spread horizontally before drooping, forming a natural arbor. Makes a unique adornment to the lawn.

6 to 8 ft., 2-yr. head.....	1 50
6 to 8 ft., 3-yr. head.....	2 00
Larger trees.....	\$3.50 to 5 00

For Greenhouse stock and Orchids, see our Orchid Catalogue



Tilia americana



HARDY DECIDUOUS FLOWERING SHRUBS

The varieties of shrubs are very numerous, and with judicious selection, they can be planted in almost any situation with success.

The services of our landscape experts are at the disposal of our customers, and on request we are glad to make selection and plans for shrub plantings.

As a rule, shrubs are very hardy and easily grown; but to get the best results, it is necessary that the ground be well prepared and manured before they are planted. Once established, they require little attention. Pruning of deciduous shrubs, with the exception of the late-flowering varieties, should be done immediately after flowering. They should not be sheared. To get the best effects from shrub plantings, they must not be mixed indiscriminately, but the different varieties should be planted in informal groups. These groups should be arranged in the shrubbery border to give the right color combinations and also a continuance of bloom along the length of the border.

ALTHÆA (Hibiscus). *Rose of Sharon.* Popular shrubs, growing in time to a height of 10 to 12 feet. They stand shearing well and make good hedge plants, and are also very effective when planted in groups. They flower late in summer when few other shrubs are in bloom, producing along the entire length of the young shoots, large showy flowers, the colors of which, especially in the named varieties we list, are very attractive.

alba-plena. Double; white, pink center.

Boule de Feu. Double; large red flowers.

Double Rouge. Double; dark red flowers.

Duchesse de Brabant. Double; reddish lilac.

Jeanne d'Arc. Double; pure white.

2 to 3 ft., 25 cts. each; 3 to 4 ft., 35 cts. each; 4 to 5 ft., 50 cts. each. Standards, 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. each; 4 to 5 ft., \$1 each.

AMELANCHIER Botryapium. *Juneberry.* A fine early-flowering shrub, bearing white flowers, which are succeeded by purplish berries.

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

ARALIA pentaphylla. *Angelica Tree.* A very distinct shrub, with bright green foliage and graceful habit of growth. It is very appropriate in the shrubbery border and also makes an unusual and beautiful hedge.

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25

3 to 4 ft. 50

spinosa. *Devil's Walking Stick.* A very ornamental variety, with large leaves, giving a charming subtropical effect either when grouped alone on the lawn or in the border. White flowers.

3 to 4 ft. 35

4 to 5 ft. 50

AZALEA mollis. A splendid hardy shrub which is literally covered with gorgeous flowers in April and May. The colors range through many shades of red and yellow. Mixed colors.

15 to 18 in. 75

18 to 24 in. 1 25

Larger plants. \$2 to 3 00

Named varieties (see page 40) in well-budded plants. \$1 to 2 00

Standards, 3-ft. stems, 24-in. heads. 4 00

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

Azalea pontica. *Hardy Ghent Azalea.* A magnificent species, similar to Mollis, which ought to be planted in masses in order to get the best effect. They prefer a partly shady and moist situation. Mixed colors.
 15 to 18 in. \$0 75
 18 to 24 in. 1 25
 Larger plants. \$2 to 3 00
 Named varieties. \$1.50 to 2 50

Yedo-gawa. A very striking and choice Japanese variety, with purplish lilac flowers appearing in early spring.
 15 to 18 in. 1 50
 24 to 30 in. 3 50
 Larger plants. \$5 to 7 50
 For Evergreen Azaleas, see page 10.

BACCHARIS halimifolia. *Groundsel Bush.* A handsome native shrub, with dark green foliage. Valuable for seashore planting.
 2 to 3 ft. 25
 3 to 4 ft. 35

BERBERIS illicifolia. *Holly-leaved Barberry.* The leaves of this variety are large and dark green and remain on the plant until the middle of winter.
 1½ to 2 ft. 25

Thunbergi. *Japanese Barberry.* This is the well-known variety so largely used for hedges. It is a splendid plant for this purpose and is equally suitable in the shrubbery border or as a separate group on the lawn. In fall the leaves change to beautiful red and the branches are clothed with numerous red berries, which persist during winter.

Bushy plants, 1½ to 2 ft. 25
 2 to 3 ft. 35
 Plants suitable for hedges 100
 1½ to 2 ft. \$15 00
 2 to 2½ ft. 18 00

vulgaris. *Common European Barberry.* This is a tall-growing variety with yellow flowers in early summer, followed by scarlet berries.
 1½ to 2 ft. Each \$0 25
 2 to 3 ft. 35

vulgaris purpurea. A purple-leaved form of the preceding.
 1½ to 2 ft. 25
 2 to 3 ft. 35

BUDDLEIA variabilis Veitchii. *Butterfly Bush.* Although the Buddleias have only recently been introduced, they are rapidly becoming favorites. They flower late in summer, bearing long panicles of small lavender flowers at the ends of the drooping branches. They continue to bloom until frost comes.
 2 to 3 ft. 35
 3 to 4 ft. 50

CALICARPA purpurea. Bears small whitish flowers in August and purple fruit in fall; very showy.
 2 to 3 ft. 35

CALYCANTHUS floridus. *Sweet-scented Shrub.* A very ornamental shrub, found in many old gardens, and well known on account of its dark brown, sweetly scented flowers.
 2 to 3 ft. 25
 3 to 4 ft. 35

CERASUS avium alba-plena. Each
 Standards, 1-yr. heads. \$1 00
Veitchii. *Cherry.* Pale pink; large double flowers.

4 to 5 ft. 1 00
 Standards, 6-ft. stems. 1 50
Watereri. Pink; double flowers; very effective.
 4 to 5 ft. 1 00

CHIONANTHUS virginica. *White Fringe.* The flowers of this beautiful shrub, or small tree, are white and feathery, the leaves are dark green and glossy.
 2 to 3 ft. 50
 3 to 4 ft. 75

CLETHRA alnifolia. *Sweet Pepper Bush.* A native shrub, bearing fragrant white flowers in July and August.
 2 to 2½ ft. 25
 2½ to 3 ft. 35

CORNUS (Dogwood) alternifolia. A large shrub or small tree, with white flowers and blue fruit.
 2 to 3 ft. 25
 3 to 4 ft. 35

florida. *White Dogwood.* Small tree or shrub, with wavy foliage and large white flowers. Makes a fine specimen on the lawn.
 3 to 4 ft. 50
 4 to 5 ft. 75
 5 to 6 ft. 1 00
 6 to 7 ft. \$1.50 to 2 00

florida alba-plena. A new double form of the above; very choice and scarce.
 5 to 6 ft. specimens. 7 50

florida rubra. *Red-flowering Dogwood.* In habit this is very similar to the preceding varieties. The flowers are deep pink.
 2 to 3 ft. 1 00
 3 to 4 ft. 2 50
 4 to 5 ft. 4 50

mascula. *Cornelian Cherry.* Yellow flowers in spring; scarlet berries in fall.
 3 to 4 ft. 3 50

sanguinea. Greenish white flowers in May; blood-red branches.
 2 to 3 ft. 25
 3 to 4 ft. 35

sibirica. *Red Siberian Dogwood.* Bright red branches; white flowers.
 2 to 3 ft. 25
 3 to 4 ft. 35

CORYLUS atropurpurea. *Purple-leaved Filbert.* A very conspicuous shrub, with dark purple leaves.
 2 to 3 ft. 35
 3 to 4 ft. 50

For Greenhouse stock and Orchids, see our Orchid Catalogue



Berries of *Berberis Thunbergii*



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

CRATÆGUS Oxyacantha monogyna. *English Hawthorn.* Single white flowers, sweetly scented. Makes a good hedge.

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25
3 to 4 ft. 50

Oxyacantha roseo-pleno. Fragrant double pink flowers.

3 to 4 ft. 75

Wm. Paul. This is a good improvement on the preceding variety. The flowers are perfectly double and brilliant scarlet.

3 to 4 ft. 75
4 to 5 ft. 1 00
Standards, 2 to 2½ in. cal., 4 to 5 ft. ... 2 00

CYDONIA japonica. *Japanese Quince.* A well-known, early-flowering shrub; very showy and hardy; flowers bright orange-scarlet.

1½ to 2 ft. 25
2 to 3 ft. 35

CYTISUS Laburnum. *Golden Chain.* A large-growing shrub, with long drooping racemes of showy yellow flowers in early spring. 3 to 4 ft. 50

4 to 5 ft. 75

Laburnum Vossii. An improvement on the preceding varieties. Has distinct foliage and larger flowers of a rich yellow.

3 to 4 ft. 1 00
Standards, 5 to 6 ft. 1 50

DAPHNE Mezereum. *Mezereon.* An old-fashioned hardy shrub, bearing fragrant red flowers in very early spring.

1½ to 2 ft. 50

Mezereum album. A white variety of the above.

1½ to 2 ft. 50

DESMODIUM penduliflorum (*Lespedeza Sieboldii*). A valuable late-flowering shrub with rosy purple flowers.

3 to 4 ft. 35

DEUTZIA candidissima. Double white flowers. 2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

crenata flore-pleno. Double pinkish white.

Each

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

crenata Watereri. Single pink flowers. Each

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

gracilis. A fine, low-growing, hardy shrub, producing a mass of pure white flowers in June. Each

2 to 2½ ft. \$0 25

2½ to 3 ft. 35

gracilis rosea. A pink form of the above. Price the same.

Lemoinei. A very pretty low-growing shrub, with graceful arching branches covered with clusters of white flowers. Each

2 to 2½ ft. \$0 25

2½ to 3 ft. 35

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester. One of the best of the Deutzias. Is of strong upright growth and has large white flowers with a slight tinge of pink.

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25
3 to 4 ft. 50

ELÆAGNUS angustifolia. *Silver Thorn.* This is a valuable hardy shrub for seaside planting. Has yellow flowers and woolly leaves.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

longipes. Yellow flowers and beautiful green foliage, silvery on the underside. It bears numerous red berries which are edible.

2 to 3 ft. 50

3 to 4 ft. 75

EUONYMUS alatus. *Spindle Tree.* This variety has a peculiar corky bark. The foliage turns to brilliant shade in the fall.

2 to 3 ft. 50

3 to 4 ft. 75

americanus. A strong-growing variety, with dark green foliage and showy fruits.

3 to 4 ft. 35

europæus. A strong-growing shrub. Its numerous brightly colored fruits are extremely showy in late summer.

2 to 3 ft. 35

EXOCHORDA grandiflora. *Pearl Bush.* A very choice and uncommon shrub, producing numerous pure white flowers in May. Very striking as a specimen or as a mass in the shrubbery border.

2 to 3 ft. 35

3 to 4 ft. 50

4 to 5 ft. 75

FORSYTHIA Fortunei. *Golden Bell.* A very hardy, easily grown shrub, which produces a profusion of bright yellow flowers in early spring before the leaves are on the branches.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

intermedia. Glossy green foliage; bright yellow flowers.

2 to 3 ft. 25

suspensa. Drooping branches; yellow flowers.

2 to 3 ft. 35

3 to 4 ft. 50

viridissima. Has long, smooth, green leaves and yellow flowers.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

HAMAMELIS virginiana. *Witch-Hazel.* A native shrub, flowering in late fall or winter. The flowers are bright yellow.

2 to 3 ft. 35

3 to 4 ft. 50

HIBISCUS. *Rose of Sharon.* See Altheas.

HIPPOPHAE rhamnoides. *Sea Buckthorn.*

This is a useful shrub for seaside planting. It is also a good hedge plant. It bears yellow flowers in May and has orange-colored fruit.

2 to 3 ft. 35

HYDRANGEA arborescens. White flowers in June and July.

3 to 4 ft. 35



Deutzia crenata fl.-pl.



DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

Hydrangea arborescens alba grandiflora. Each

Hills of Snow. Large pure white flowers, produced at a time when other shrubs are out of bloom.

2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

paniculata grandiflora. This variety is well known and largely planted. It blooms from July, the heads changing in fall to lovely shades of bronzy pink. This shrub should be pruned in spring before growth commences.

2 to 3 ft. 25
3 to 4 ft. 35
Standard form, 2-yr. heads. 75
3-yr. heads. 1 00

hortensis, in Tubs. These require protection in winter. We grow a large quantity in tubs so that they can be placed in shelter during the winter. They are unexcelled for lawn and piazza decoration.

11-in. tubs. \$1.50 to 2 00
12-in. tubs. \$2.50 to 4 00
15-in. tubs. \$5.00 to 7 50

HYPERICUM aureum. *St. John's-Wort.* A dwarf shrub, with numerous showy bright yellow flowers in July and August.

2 to 3 ft. 35

JASMINUM nudiflorum. *Jessamine.* This is a very showy plant to train on a trellis in a sheltered place. The yellow blossoms appear before the leaves.

35

KERRIA japonica. *Globe Flower.* A graceful shrub, with attractive foliage and bright yellow flowers.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

japonica variegata. A dwarf variety, with nicely variegated foliage and yellow flowers.

1½ to 2 ft. 25

japonica flore-pleno. The yellow flowers of this variety are very large and double.

2 to 3 ft. 35

LIGUSTRUM amurense. *Amoor River Privet.* A tall-growing variety which can be used as a hedge and also in the shrubbery border.

Bushy plants, 2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

Ibota. *Japan Privet.* A variety with a distinct graceful habit and fragrant white flowers.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

ovalifolium. *California Privet.* The most popular hedge plant. It has dark green, glossy foliage, which remains on the branches almost until spring.

Each 100
1½ to 2 ft. \$0 06 \$4 00

2 to 3 ft. 12 6 00

3 to 4 ft. 20 15 00

Clipped California Privet. We have a large stock of this variety clipped into globe shape.

Each
1½ to 2 ft. diameter. \$1 50

2 to 2½ ft. diameter. 2 50

ovalifolium aurea variegatum. The leaves of this variety are finely variegated with golden yellow; very showy.

1½ to 2 ft. 35



Hydrangea arborescens alba grandiflora

Ligustrum Regelianum. The graceful habit of this variety makes it valuable either as a single specimen on the lawn or as a hedge. 2 to 2½ ft. \$0 25

2½ to 3 ft. 35

vulgaris. *Common European Privet.* Narrow leaves; dark green; very hardy; almost evergreen.

1½ to 2 ft. 25

2 to 3 ft. 35

LILAC. See Syringa, page 28.

LONICERA fragrantissima. *Bush Honeysuckle.* Almost evergreen, with fragrant flowers early in spring.

2 to 3 ft. 35

3 to 4 ft. 50

Morrowi. *Japanese Bush Honeysuckle.* Flowers pure white; spreading habit; bears clusters of scarlet berries in late summer and fall.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

tatarica. *Tartarian Honeysuckle.* Fragrant pink flowers and ornamental fruit; very hardy.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

tatarica alba. A white form of the above.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

Ruprechtiana. *Manchurian Honeysuckle.* White, changing to yellow; red berries.

2 to 3 ft. 35



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS



Magnolia stellata

MAGNOLIA conspicua. *Chinese White Magnolia.* Medium size; large; white, bell-shaped flowers, appearing before the leaves; sweet scented.

2½ ft. \$3 50

Lennei. Dark purple, cup-shaped flowers; very fine.

3 to 4 ft. 2 00

4 to 5 ft. 3 00

parviflora. Cup-shaped white flowers, with large pink sepals, 3 to 4 inches across; fragrant.

3 ft. 3 50

Soulangeana. One of the finest Magnolias; flowers in early spring; has purple and white flowers.

3 to 4 ft. 2 50

4 to 5 ft. 3 50

5 to 6 ft. 5 00

6 to 7 ft. 7 50

Extra-fine specimens. \$25 to 35 00

speciosa. Flowers smaller than those of *Soulangeana*, but similar in color, and appear later.

4 to 5 ft. 3 00

stellata, or Halleana. *Starry Magnolia.* This is of dwarf habit, with pure white starry flowers, which appear before the leaves and are delightfully fragrant.

1½ to 2 ft. 1 50

2 to 3 ft. 2 50

3 to 4 ft. 4 00

6 to 7 ft. 12 00

MYRICA conifera. *Bay Berry, or Wax Myrtle.*

Fragrant leaves; almost evergreen; useful for seashore planting and for naturalizing.

1½ to 2 ft. 35

2 to 3 ft. 50

PHILADELPHUS coronarius. *Mock Orange.*

A well-known shrub, with fragrant pure white flowers in May and June.

2 to 3 ft. 35

3 to 4 ft. 50

Philadelphus coronarius foliis aureis. At- Each
tractive golden yellow foliage.

1½ to 2 ft. \$0 35

2 to 2½ ft. 50

grandiflorus. Vigorous-growing shrub of spreading habit, creamy white flowers.

2 to 3 ft. 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

Lemoinei. A beautiful variety, with small foliage and numerous white flowers.

2 to 3 ft. 35

POTENTILLA fruticosa. *Shrubby Cinquefoil.*

A very desirable small shrub, with yellow flowers all summer.

1½ to 2 ft. 35

Veitchii. A recent introduction, similar to the above but has white flowers.

1½ to 2 ft. 50

PRUNUS Pissardii. *Purple-leaved Plum.* A

beautiful shrub of vigorous growth with purple foliage. Makes a fine specimen.

3 to 4 ft. 50

4 to 5 ft. 75

triloba. *Double-flowering Plum.* The young growths of this variety are covered in early spring with large, pale pink flowers.

1½ to 2 ft. 35

2 to 3 ft. 50

Standards, 3-ft. stems. 1 50

RHAMNUS cathartica. *Buckthorn.* An ex-

tremely hardy hedge plant, also suitable for shrubbery border. Thrives well in poor soil.

2 to 3 ft. 35

RHODODENDRONS. See pages 12 to 14.

RHUS Cotinus. *Purple Fringe, or Smoke Tree.*

A large spreading shrub, with fringe-like flowers in summer; bright green foliage.

2 to 3 ft. 35

3 to 4 ft. 50

4 to 5 ft. 75

typhina. *Stagbom Sumach.* A strong-growing shrub, with large leaves, turning in fall to brilliant scarlet.

2 to 3 ft. 35

3 to 4 ft. 50

typhina laciniata. *Fern-leaved Sumach.*

Finely cut foliage, turning to most brilliant color in fall; crimson fruit.

2 to 3 ft. 50

3 to 4 ft. 75

RIBES aureum. *Flowering Currant.* Fragrant

yellow flowers and black fruits.

2 to 3 ft. 35

3 to 4 ft. 50

sanguineum. Beautiful crimson flowers in early spring; black berries. A very desirable variety.

2 to 3 ft. 35

ROSA blanda. Large single pink flowers; the

typical wild Rose of this section; valuable for naturalizing.

1½ to 2 ft. 25

carolina. *Carolina Rose.* A very pretty wild Rose, with deep pink flowers.

35

multiflora japonica. Single white flowers, borne in clusters; vigorous grower; excellent for massing.

35

rubiginosa. *Sweetbrier.* Old-fashioned variety, with sweet-scented foliage; pink flowers.

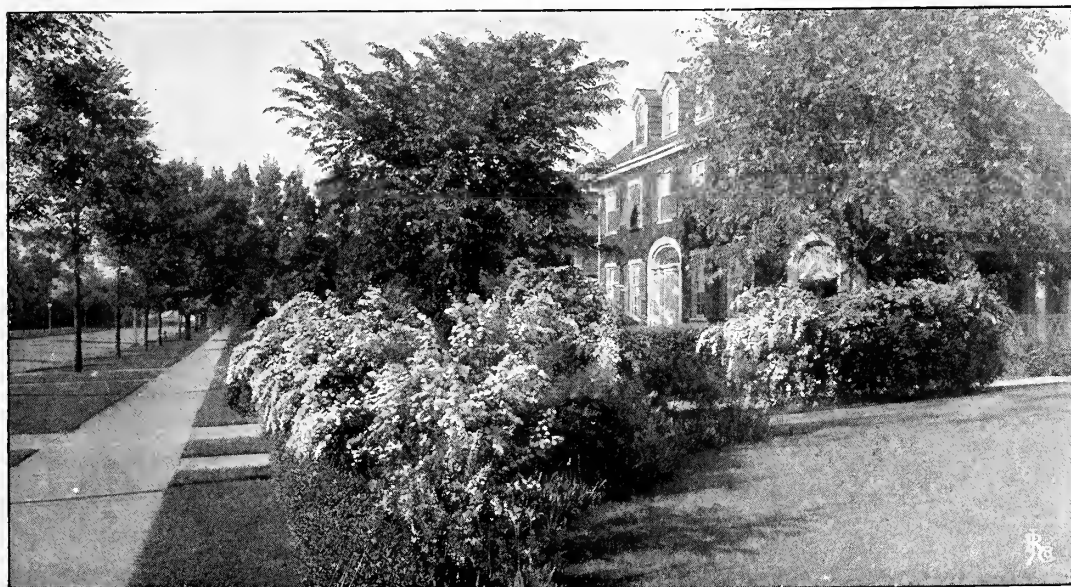
35

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

Rosa rubrifolia ferruginea. <i>Red-leaved Rose.</i> Each		Spiræa Bumalda. Beautiful variety, with clusters of rose-colored flowers. Each	
The flowers are small and red, followed by purplish red fruits. The leaves are also tinged with red.	\$0 35	1½ to 2 ft.	\$0 25
rugosa. <i>Ramanas Rose.</i> A very valuable variety, used either as a hedge or a group on the lawn. Its flowers are red, large and single, and are followed by showy fruits, which turn to bright orange and red in the fall.	35	2 to 2½ ft.	35
rugosa alba. Single white flowers.	35	callosa. Dwarf variety, with rosy purple flowers.	
setigera. <i>Prairie Rose.</i> Large, single, dark, rose-colored flowers. A very hardy variety suitable for covering rocks.	35	1½ to 2 ft.	25
Wichuraiana. Beautiful, dark green, glossy foliage; pure white, single flowers. One of the best Roses for covering banks and rocks.	35	2 to 2½ ft.	35
For other Roses, see pages 32 to 36		callosa alba. A white form of the above.	
SAMBUCUS canadensis. <i>Common Elder.</i>		1½ to 2 ft.	25
Large racemes of white flowers, followed by black edible berries. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 to 2½ ft.	35
3 to 4 ft.	50	Douglasii. Spikes of deep rose-colored flowers in July; tall upright habit.	
nigra aurea. <i>Golden Elder.</i> Golden yellow foliage; very attractive. 2 to 3 ft.	35	2 to 3 ft.	25
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 to 4 ft.	35
racemosa. <i>Scarlet Elder.</i> Beautifully cut foliage and large clusters of white flowers, followed by red fruits.	35	opulifolia. A tall variety; strong growing, with white flowers followed by red fruit.	
2 to 3 ft.	35	2 to 3 ft.	25
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 to 4 ft.	35
SPIRÆA, Anthony Waterer. A very dwarf, free-blooming variety; pink flowers from June to September.		opulifolia aurea. A very fine, golden-leaved form of the preceding variety.	
1½ to 2 ft.	35	2 to 3 ft.	25
arguta. A very graceful variety, with narrow leaves and pure white flowers in May.		3 to 4 ft.	35
1½ to 2 ft.	25	prunifolia flore-pleno. An upright-growing variety, with pure white double flowers.	
Billiardi. Tall grower of upright habit, with bright pink flowers.		2 to 3 ft.	35
2 to 3 ft.	25	3 to 4 ft.	50
3 to 4 ft.	35	Reevesiana. Tall-growing variety, with slightly drooping habit. Numerous white flowers in May.	
		2 to 3 ft.	25
		3 to 4 ft.	35
		Thunbergii. A very fine variety of medium height; very early bloomer; pure white flowers in great profusion; very fine foliage. 1½ to 2 ft.	25
		2 to 3 ft.	35
		Van Houttei. Probably the best known of all the Spiræas. Very hardy and easily grown. Makes a fine specimen. Pure white flowers.	
		2 to 3 ft.	25
		3 to 4 ft.	35



This home is made very attractive by this shrub planting. *Spiræa Van Houttei* is shown in the foreground



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. Excellent for hedges or facing shrubbery; finely cut leaves; creamy white flowers. 2 to 3 ft. \$0 35
3 to 4 ft. 50

SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus. *Snowberry.* Medium-sized bushy shrubs; small pink flowers, followed in fall by large white berries, lasting nearly all winter.
2 to 3 ft. 25
3 to 4 ft. 35

vulgaris. *Coral Berry.* An easily grown shrub suitable for naturalizing.

SYRINGA. *Lilac.* The Lilacs constitute probably one of the most popular families of hardy shrubs. The common white and purple varieties have been favorites for many years and are quite a feature in old-fashioned gardens. Within recent years the skill of the hybridizer has given us very many beautiful varieties, each varying to some extent either in the color, shape, or size of flowers. From this large number of varieties, we have selected for our list those which we have proved to be most reliable and free blooming.

Syringa japonica. *Japanese Lilac.* A species which grows like a small tree; has large leaves and creamy white flowers in late summer.

josikæa. *Hungarian Lilac.* Single, violet flowers, produced late in the season.

persica. *Persian Lilac.* A slender-growing species of graceful habit; very free flowering, with racemes of purple flowers.

persica alba. A white form of the above, equally beautiful and free flowering.

vulgaris. *Common Lilac.* The old-fashioned variety which has been in cultivation for so many years. The flowers are single purple and very fragrant.

vulgaris alba. The white form of the above.

Charles X. A hybrid with reddish purple single flowers, desirable in every way.

Marie Legraye. A beautiful, single white variety; very fragrant. This is probably the most popular single white variety.

Michael Buchner. Pale lilac flowers; double.

Mme. Casimir-Perier. Very large and fine, double white flowers; delicately fragrant; one of the best.

Mme. Lemoine. Good double white; very reliable variety.

President Grevy. Double blue; long panicles.

Souvenir de Louis Spaeth. Good single deep purple flowers.

All varieties—2 to 3 ft., 50 cts. each; 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. each.

Extra-strong, bushy plants—3 to 4 ft., \$2 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50 each; 5 to 6 ft., \$5 each.

Standards—4 to 5 ft., \$1.50 to \$2 each.

TAMARIX africana. A tall-growing shrub with slender branches and feathery foliage. The pink flowers are very small and appear along the branches near the ends, giving a plume-like effect when in bloom.

Each
2 to 3 ft. \$0 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

gallica. Similar to the former; lighter green foliage.

Each

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25

3 to 4 ft. 35

hispida æstivalis. The best of all the Tamarisks. A vigorous grower of graceful feathery appearance. Beautiful rosy pink flowers in July and August. Each

2 to 3 ft. \$0 35

indica. Foliage dull green; pink flowers. Each

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25

odessana. Dark green foliage and pink flowers. Each

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25

plumosa. Distinct spreading habit of growth and pink flowers. Each

2 to 3 ft. \$0 25



Three good Lilacs: (1) Charles X, (2) Marie Legraye, (3) Ludwig Spaeth

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

VIBURNUM Carlesi. A new variety with Each	
bushy habit of growth. Its flowers are	
pinkish white and delightfully fragrant.	
1 1/2 to 2 ft.....	\$1 50
2 to 3 ft.....	3 00
cassinoides. White flowers in June, fol-	
lowed by dark red berries. 2 to 3 ft.....	35
Lantana. Large clusters of white flowers in	
May, followed by red berries.	
2 to 3 ft.....	35
3 to 4 ft.....	50
Lentago. Fragrant, creamy white flowers	
and black fruits. 2 to 3 ft.....	35
Opulus. <i>High-bush Cranberry.</i> Well-known	
variety, with white flowers and scarlet	
berries. 2 to 3 ft.....	35
3 to 4 ft.....	50
Opulus nanum. A dwarf, compact form of	
the preceding. Grows about 2 feet high	
and is suitable for edging or for a low	
hedge. 12 to 18 in.....	50
Opulus sterile. <i>Snowball.</i> The flowers of	
this well-known variety are pure white	
and ball-shaped. 2 to 3 ft.....	35
3 to 4 ft.....	50
rhytidophyllum. An attractive Chinese ever-	
green shrub; broad, lanceolate leaves, 8 to	
9 inches long, 2 to 2 1/2 inches broad. The	
upper surface being dark glaucous green,	
while the underside is covered with a	
dense, dim-colored tomentum. Flowers	
are yellowish white, followed in September	
with dark red berries. Strong plants....	1 50
tomentosum. The habit and foliage of this	
variety are very beautiful. The white	
flowers are followed by red berries.	
2 to 3 ft.....	35
3 to 4 ft.....	50
tomentosum plicatum. <i>Japanese Snowball.</i>	
One of the best of the Viburnums. The	
white, globe-shaped flower-trusses appear	
in early summer. 2 to 3 ft.....	35
3 to 4 ft.....	50
WEIGELA (Diervilla) candida. Erect habit;	
strong growth; white flowers.	
2 to 3 ft.....	35
3 to 4 ft.....	50
floribunda. Flowers crimson; a vigorous-	
growing variety. 3 to 4 ft.....	35



Viburnum tomentosum plicatum

Weigela hybrida, Eva Rathke. A dwarf- Each	
growing sort, remarkably free flowering	
and showy. Flowers rich dark red.	
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0 35
3 to 4 ft.....	50
rosea. Rose-colored flowers.	
2 to 3 ft.....	25
3 to 4 ft.....	50
Van Houttei. Very free flowering, with car-	
mine flowers. 2 to 3 ft.....	35
WISTARIA. See page 38.	
ZANTHORHIZA apiifolia. <i>Yellow Root.</i> A	
dwarf shrub, with finely divided leaves	
which take on beautiful colors in fall. Is	
a valuable shrub for shady places.	
1 to 1 1/2 ft.....	25

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS SUITABLE FOR ROCKERY

	Each	Doz.
ACER japonicum aureum. 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	\$1 00	
japonicum filicifolium. 2 to 2 1/2 ft.	2 00	
polymorphum atropurpureum.		
2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	2 00	
polymorphum dissectum. 2 to 2 1/2 ft.	2 00	
CYDONIA japonica. 1 1/2 to 2 ft.....	25	\$2 50
DAPHNE Mezereum. 1 1/2 to 2 ft...	50	
DESMODIUM penduliflorum.		
2 to 3 ft.....	25	2 50
DEUTZIA gracilis. 1 1/2 ft.....	25	2 50
Lemoinei. 2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	25	2 50
ELÆAGNUS angustifolia. 2 to 3 ft...	25	2 50
HYDRANGEA petiolaris.	50	
HYPERICUM aureum. 2 to 3 ft....	35	3 50
LONICERA Alberti. 2 to 3 ft.....	25	2 50
MAGNOLIA stellata. 1 1/2 to 2 ft....	1 50	

	Each	Doz.
PHILADELPHUS Lemoinei.		
2 to 3 ft.....	\$0 35	\$3 50
PRUNUS triloba. 1 1/2 to 2 ft.....	35	3 50
RHUS aromatica. 2 to 3 ft.....	35	3 50
RIBES sanguineum. 2 to 3 ft.....	35	3 50
ROSA blanda. 1 1/2 to 2 ft.....	25	2 50
multiflora.....	30	3 00
rugosa.....	35	3 50
SPIRÆA callosa alba. 1 1/2 to 2 ft...	25	2 50
Thunbergii. 1 1/2 to 2 ft.....	25	2 50
SYMPHORICARPOS racemosus.		
2 to 3 ft.....	25	2 50
VIBURNUM Opulus nanum.		
1 to 1 1/2 ft.....	50	5 00
ZANTHORHIZA apiifolia.		
1 to 1 1/2 ft.....	25	2 50



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS



SHRUBS FLOWERING IN APRIL

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
<i>Daphne Mezereum</i>		Red
<i>Mezereum alba</i>		White
<i>Forsythia Fortunei.</i>	Golden Bell	Yellow
<i>intermedia</i>		Yellow
<i>viridissima</i>		Yellow

SHRUBS FLOWERING IN MAY

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
<i>Amelanchier</i>		
<i>Botryapium</i>	Juneberry	White
<i>Andromeda</i>		
<i>Catesbaei (Leucothoë)</i>		White
<i>floribunda</i>		White
<i>japonica</i>		White
<i>Azalea amoena</i>		Rosy lilac
<i>Hinodegiri</i>		Red
<i>indica alba</i>		White
<i>Kaempferi</i>		Brick-red
<i>mollis</i>		Yellow and red
<i>pontica</i>	Hardy Azalea	Yellow shades
<i>Berberis Thunbergii</i>	Barberry	Yellow
<i>vulgaris</i>		Yellow
<i>vulgaris purpurea</i>		Yellow
<i>Calycanthus floridus</i>	Sweet Shrub	Brown
<i>Cerasus Veitchii</i>	Cherry	Pale pink
<i>Watereri</i>		Pink
<i>Cornus alternifolia</i>	Dogwood	White
<i>florida</i>	Dogwood	White
<i>florida rubra</i>	Dogwood	Pink
<i>mascula</i>	Cor. Cherry	Yellow
<i>sanguinea</i>		White
<i>sibirica</i>		White
<i>stolonifera</i>		White
<i>Crataegus coccinea</i>	Hawthorn	White
<i>Oxyacantha monogyna</i>		White
<i>Oxyacantha rosea fl.-pl.</i>		White

SHRUBS FLOWERING IN MAY, continued

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
<i>Crataegus, Paul's</i>		
<i>Scarlet</i>		White
<i>Cydonia japonica</i>		Red
<i>Deutzia Lemoinei</i>		White
<i>Exochorda grand.</i>		White
<i>Hippophaë</i>		
<i>rhamnoides</i>	Sea Buckthorn	Yellow
<i>Lonicera</i>		
<i>fragrantissima</i>	Honeysuckle	Cream
<i>Morrowi</i>		White
<i>tatarica</i>		Pink
<i>tatarica alba</i>		White
<i>Ruprechtiana</i>		White
<i>Magnolia Lennei</i>		Purple
<i>Soulangeana</i>		Pur., white
<i>stellata</i>		White
<i>Mahonia Aquifolium</i>		Yellow
<i>Malus floribunda</i>	Flowering Crab	Pink
<i>atrosanguinea</i>		Red
<i>Scheideckeri</i>		Pink
<i>Philadelphus</i>		
<i>coronarius</i>	Mock Orange	White
<i>grandiflorus</i>		White
<i>Lemoinei</i>		White
<i>Potentilla fruticosa</i>	Cinquefoil	Yellow
<i>Veitchii</i>		White
<i>Prunus triloba</i>	Plum	Pink
<i>Rhododendrons</i>		
<i>Various species</i>		Various
<i>and hybrids</i>		Yellow
<i>Ribes aureum</i>	Currant	Red
<i>sanguineum</i>		White
<i>Rosa rugosa alba</i>		Pink
<i>rugosa rosea</i>		Pink
<i>Tamarix africana</i>		Pink
<i>gallica</i>		Pink
<i>hispida aestivalis</i>		Pink
<i>indica</i>		Pink

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

SHRUBS FLOWERING IN JUNE

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
Azalea , Yedo-Gawa		Lilac-rose
Chionanthus		
<i>virginica</i>	White Fringe	White
Cytisus Laburnum	Golden Chain	Yellow
<i>Vossii</i>		Yellow
Deutzia candidissima		White
<i>crenata</i> fl.-pl.		Pale pink
<i>crenata</i> Watereri		Pale pink
<i>gracilis</i>		White
<i>Lemoinei</i>		White
Pride of Rochester		Pinkish white
Elæagnus		
<i>angustifolia</i>	Silver Thorn	Yellow
<i>edulis</i>		Yellow
Hydrangea arbores-		
<i>cens grandiflora</i>		White
Kalmia angustifolia	Laurel	Pink
<i>latifolia</i>		White
Kerria japonica	Globe Flower	Yellow
<i>japonica</i> fl.-pl.		Yellow
Philadelphus		
<i>coronarius</i>	Mock Orange	White
<i>grandiflorus</i>		White
<i>Lemoinei</i>		White
Potentilla fruticosa	Cinquefoil	Yellow
<i>Veitchii</i>		White
Rhododendrons		
Species and Hybrids		Various
Rosa blanda		Pink
<i>multiflora</i>		White
<i>rubrifolia</i>		Pink
<i>rugosa alba</i>		White
<i>rugosa rosea</i>		Pink
<i>setigera</i>		Pink
<i>Wichuraiana</i>		White
Sambucus canadensis		White
<i>racemosus</i>		White
Spiræa		
Ant. Waterer Bush	Meadow Sweet	Pink
<i>arguta</i>		White
<i>Bumalda</i>		Pink
<i>callosa alba</i>		White
<i>opulifolia</i>		White
<i>opulifolia aurea</i>		White
<i>prunifolia</i> fl.-pl.	Bridal Wreath	White
<i>Reevesiana</i>		White
<i>Thunbergii</i>		White
<i>Van Houttei</i>		White
Staphylea colchica	Bladder Nut	White
Stephanandra		
<i>flexuosa</i>		White

SHRUBS FLOWERING IN JUNE, continued

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
Symphoricarpos		
<i>racemosus</i>	Snowberry	Pink
Syringa japonica	Lilac	Pale yellow
<i>Josikæa</i>		Violet
<i>persica</i>		Purple
<i>persica alba</i>		White
<i>vulgaris</i>		Purple
<i>vulgaris alba</i>		White
Charles X.		Reddish pur.
Comte Horace de		
Choiseul		Pale blue
Marie Lefraye		White
Michael Buchner		Pale lilac
Mme. Casimir-Perier		White
Mme. Lemoine		White
President Grevy		Blue
Souvenir de Louis		
Spaeth		Deep purple
Viburnum acerifolium		White
<i>Lantana</i>		White
<i>Opulus</i>		White
<i>Opulus sterile</i>		White
<i>plicatum</i>		White
<i>tomentosum</i>		White
Weigela (Diervilla)		Pink
<i>amabilis</i>		Pink
<i>candida</i>		White
<i>floribunda</i>		Red
<i>Eva Rathke</i>		Red
<i>rosea</i>		Pink
<i>Van Houttei</i>		Red

SHRUBS FLOWERING IN JULY

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
Althæa (Hibiscus)	Rose of Sharon	Various colors
Amorpha fruticosa	False Indigo	Blue
Baccharis	Groundsel	
<i>halimifolia</i>	Bush	White
Clethra		
<i>alnifolia</i>	Sweet Pepper	White
Hydrangea arborescens		White
<i>arborescens gran-</i>		
<i>diffloa</i>		White
<i>paniculata grandiflora</i>		White
Hypericum	St. John's-	
<i>aureum</i>	Wort	Yellow
<i>densiflorum</i>		Yellow
Potentilla fruticosa	Cinquefoil	Yellow
<i>Veitchii</i>		White



Flowers of *Philadelphus coronarius*



ROSES

The Rose is the most popular flower of today and is found in nearly every garden. Our Roses are home-grown and the varieties we offer have all been tested and proven satisfactory in every way.

Our plants are all budded. They are far superior to own-root plants, are more vigorous, and produce better and larger flowers. In order to grow good Roses, follow these directions. They will grow well only in open sunny positions. Prepare the beds in autumn, if possible, so they will be nicely settled and ready for early spring planting. Dig out the soil to a depth of from 2 to 2½ feet and see that they have good drainage. Fill in with a mixture of good top-soil and well-rotted cow-manure.

Hybrid Tea and Tea Roses should be planted 18 inches apart each way and Hybrid Perpetual Roses 2 feet. When planting, dig hole large enough to give ample room for roots which should be spread carefully. They should be planted deep enough to cover up to where they are budded; plant them very firm. Cut Hybrid Teas and Teas back to 4 or 5 eyes, removing also all weak branches, and Hybrid Perpetuals to 3 or 4 eyes. The beds must be cultivated frequently during the summer. In order to avoid attacks of insect pests or mildew, spray them frequently with bordeaux mixture. The spray must also reach underneath the leaves. Use this mixture at the rate of eight ounces of bordeaux mixture to five gallons of water. If mildew should get very bad, use sulphide of potassium, half an ounce to one gallon of water.

For winter protection draw the soil around the base of the plants to a height of 6 to 8 inches, and cover the beds with dry leaves and weigh these down with some evergreen branches so the wind does not blow them off.

HYBRID TEA ROSES

The Hybrid Teas combine the free-flowering habit of the Tea Roses with the comparative hardiness of other sorts. They represent every color and shade, and are exceedingly sweet scented. They give a profusion of flowers all summer and until frost comes.

Strong, 2-year-old stock, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100

All varieties marked with an asterisk (*) we can supply in standard form at \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10

Red

Chateau de Clos Vougeot. Rich velvety scarlet, shaded red and crimson.

Etoile de France. Flowers large; deep crimson.

Friedrichsruhe. Deep blood-red; flowers full.

General MacArthur. Dark velvety crimson.

George A. Waud. Distinct orange-red, with fine scent; large and well-formed flowers.

***Gruss an Teplitz.** Rich scarlet, shading to velvety crimson; very fragrant.

Hadley. Beautiful deep red with deeper shading; very double and of perfect form.

Laurent Carle. Velvety carmine.

Liberty. Brilliant, velvety crimson; very floriferous.

***Mme. Edmee Metz.** Rosy carmine, shaded with salmon.

***Richmond.** Brilliant crimson-scarlet.

Pink

***Belle Siebrecht.** Brilliant pink; large flowers of good form.

***Betty.** Delicate ruddy gold; vigorous and free.

***Countess of Gosford.** Rich salmon-pink, suffused saffron-yellow; flowers large; buds full, pointed, and long.

Dean Hole. Silvery carmine, shaded salmon. One of the most delightful Roses.

Earl of Warwick. Salmon-pink, shaded vermilion; large and full.

Farbenkönigin. Salmon-pink; very fragrant and a free bloomer.



PINK HYBRID TEA ROSES, continued

- Joseph Hill.** Salmon-pink, shaded yellow at the center; very free blooming.
- ***J. L. Mock.** Deep imperial pink.
- Killarney.** Flesh, shaded white, suffused pale-pink; buds very long and pointed.
- Killarney Queen.** Beautiful clear pink form of the popular Rose; large petals.
- Königin Carola.** Beautiful satiny rose, reverse of petals silvery rose; very fine grower and free flowering.
- Lady Alice Stanley.** Deep coral-rose on the outside of petals; pale flesh inside; flowers large and full.
- Lady Ashtown.** Pale rose, shading to yellow and reflexed silvery pink; flowers of great substance.
- Lady Ursula.** Flesh-pink; good form and substance with delightful scent.
- La France.** Satiny pink, outer petals pale flesh; flowers large and fragrant.
- La Tosca.** Silvery pink, deeper center; very vigorous.
- Lyon Rose.** Coral-red, shaded yellow at base, and pink on edge of petals; flowers large, of fine form, and very fragrant. One of the best Roses.
- Mme. Abel Chatenay.** Carmine-rose, shaded salmon.
- ***Mme. Caroline Testout.** Satiny rose, with brighter center; very prolific. One of the finest and most vigorous of all Hybrid Teas.
- Mme. Edouard Herriot.** Daily Mail Rose. Coral-red, shaded yellow and bright rosy scarlet passing to shrimp-red.
- Mme. Jules Grolez.** Bright china-rose; flowers large and beautifully formed.
- Mme. Segond Weber.** Rosy salmon; very large flowers.
- Mrs. Charles Russell.** Rosy carmine, with rosy scarlet center, long solid buds, and well-formed flowers.
- ***Mrs. George Shawyer.** Brilliant clear rose.
- ***Mrs. A. R. Waddell.** Delicate, soft rosy salmon, suffused with a golden sheen.
- Mrs. W. B. Miller.** Soft pearly blush, shaded salmon-rose outside; large and free blooming; vigorous.
- ***My Maryland.** Rare pink, slightly paler at the edge of the petals.
- Otto von Bismarck.** Bright rosy pink. Growth vigorous. Flowers freely from early spring until late fall.
- Papa Lambert.** Pinkish rose, deeper in center; flowers very large and of fine form.
- Radiance.** Carmine-rose, flushed with copper; large round flowers.

***Viscountess Folkestone.** Creamy pink with salmon-pink center; very free flowering.

William Shean. Pure pink, veined ocher; flowers remarkably large.

Wellesley. Carnation-rose; large flower.

Yellow

Antoine Rivoire. Rosy flesh on yellow ground, petals bordered carmine.

Arthur R. Goodwin. Coppery orange - yellow, shaded salmon-pink.

Dorothy Page Roberts. Apricot-yellow, turning to copper-red.

Duchess of Wellington. Saffron-yellow, changing to coppery yellow. One of the best.

Franz Deegen. Rich yellow, shaded orange in center.

Mme. Jenny Guillemont. Delicate shade of nankeen-yellow, suffused with carmine; very beautiful color; buds long and flowers large.

***Madame Ravary.** Golden yellow, shaded to deep orange-yellow.



Mme. Edouard Herriot, or Daily Mail Rose



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

ROSES



White Maman Cochet Roses

YELLOW HYBRID TEA ROSES, continued

- Mrs. Aaron Ward. Distinct Indian yellow.
 Ophelia. Beautiful salmon-flesh, shaded with yellow; very long buds.
 Sunburst. Cadmium-yellow, with orange center; long, pointed.

White and Flesh Color

- Bessie Brown. Creamy white; flowers large; of perfect form; highly perfumed.
 British Queen. Pure ivory-white; long buds.
 Florence Pemberton. Creamy white, shaded pink.
 *Frau J. Reuter. Beautiful white Rose; free flowering.
 Grace Darling. Creamy white, tinted peach color; very distinct.
 *Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. White, slightly shading to primrose; a beautiful Rose, and considered by many the best white Hybrid Tea.
 Killarney, Double White. Pure white; a splendid Rose.
 Königin Emma. Creamy white, shaded flesh; fine, large buds.
 *Mme. Joseph Combet. Creamy white, rosy reflex; deliciously fragrant.
 Mildred Grant. Creamy white, with faint rose blush.
 Pharisæer. Rosy white, shaded salmon; bud long, opening into large flower; exceptionally free flowering.
 Prince de Bulgarie. Pale flesh, shaded with salmon-rose; large flowers.
 Souvenir du Président Carnot. Rosy flesh, shaded white at the edge.
 William R. Smith. Rosy pink, with flesh tints and a blending of salmon-pink; very vigorous; dark green foliage.

TEA-SCENTED ROSES

These Roses are particularly admired for their exquisite fragrance and delicacy of coloring.

Strong, 2-year-old stock, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100

Pink

- Königin Wilhelmina. Rosy pink; flowers fine and large.
 Madame Lombard. Fine bright rose; large, full, well-formed buds.
 Maman Cochet. Carmine, mingled with salmon-yellow; large and full.
 Mrs. B. R. Cant. Rich, rosy carmine; vigorous grower and free flowering.
 Papa Gontier. Dark rosy crimson; very long, finely formed bud.

Yellow

- Belle Lyonnaise. Canary-yellow.
 Etoile de Lyon. Beautiful sulphur-yellow, brighter in center; large and very double.
 *Gloire de Dijon. Salmon-yellow; very sweetly scented.
 *Lady Hillingdon. Deep apricot-yellow, with long pointed buds.
 Lady Roberts. Rich apricot-yellow, base of petals coppery red, edges shaded orange.
 Mme. Francisca Kruger. Coppery yellow, shaded with peach.
 Marie Van Houtte. Pale yellow, deeper center, border of petals creamy white.
 Miss Alice de Rothschild. Citron-yellow; fine shape.
 Perle des Jardins. Rich yellow; very double and of fine form.
 Souvenir de Pierre Notting. Beautiful canary-yellow, suffused with apricot in center; long bud, finely shaded flower.

White and Flesh Color

- Catherine Mermet. A light flesh-colored Rose of perfect form; large and full.
 Hon. Edith Gifford. White, center salmon-rose; large and full; very free blooming.
 *Mme Jules Gravereaux. Pale flesh, shaded peach; large, perfect flowers.
 White Maman Cochet. White; a sport from Maman Cochet; buds long and pointed.

HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES

Hybrid Perpetuals are very hardy and of vigorous growth. They form magnificent, sturdy bushes, the foliage of which, in many cases, is very handsome. They bloom all summer, but because they flower more profusely in June, they are often called June Roses.

Strong, 2-year-old stock, 45 cts. each, \$4 for 10, \$35 per 100

Red

- Abel Carriere. Purplish crimson.
 Alfred Colomb. Bright cherry-red; very large and fragrant.
 American Beauty. Rich rosy crimson; a superb Rose.
 Anna de Diesbach. Bright carmine; very large and finely shaped.

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



ROSES

RED HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES, continued

- Baron de Bonstetten.** Velvety crimson; very large, double, fragrant flowers.
- Captain Hayward.** Bright crimson-carmine.
- Duke of Teck.** Bright scarlet; large and double.
- Fisher Holmes.** Rich purple-crimson; large, double.
- General Jacqueminot.** Brilliant crimson-scarlet; one of the most useful Roses.
- Hugh Dickson.** Bright crimson, shaded scarlet; vigorous and free bloomer.
- J. B. Clark.** Very deep scarlet, shaded crimson; very vigorous.
- John Hopper.** Bright rose, crimson center.
- Jubilee.** Fine dark red, best variety; free bloomer.
- Prince Camille de Rohan.** Very dark maroon-crimson; a magnificent Rose.
- *Ulrich Brunner.** Cherry-crimson; large flower of good form.

Pink

- Baroness Rothschild.** Pale satiny rose; very large.
- Captain Christy.** Delicate flesh, tinted rose.
- Clio.** Flesh-colored, center rosy pink; large flowers.
- Geo. Arends.** Pink Frau Karl Druschki. Fragrant flowers of large size, rose-colored.
- Mme. Gabriel Luizet.** Pale, delicate pink.
- Magna Charta.** Bright pink; strong, vigorous grower.
- Mrs. John Laing.** Satiny pink; large flower, very profuse bloomer.
- Mrs. R. G. Sharman-Crawford.** Deep rose pink, outer petals shaded pale flesh; very distinct.
- Paul Neyron.** Deep rose; flowers of enormous size.

White

- *Frau Karl Druschki.** Pure white; perfect form and of great size.

CLIMBING OR RAMBLER ROSES

They may be used for covering banks or can be grown on trellises, pergolas, and walls.

Two-year-old plants, 35 cts. each, \$3.25 for 10, \$30 per 100; 3-year-old plants, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100, except where noted.

All varieties marked with an asterisk (*) can be supplied in standard form at 75 cts. each, \$6 for 10.

- American Pillar.** (Polyantha.) A very fine, large, single, dark pink Rose. Flowers produced in great clusters.
- Aviateur Bleriot.** (Wichuraiana.) Large clusters; saffron-yellow, with golden centers.

- Climbing Kaiserin Augusta Victoria.** (Hybrid Tea.) Climbing form of the bush type.
- Crimson Rambler.** (Hybrid Multiflora.) Double, crimson flowers.
- Dorothy Perkins.** (Hybrid Wichuraiana.) Double, light pink flowers, produced in large clusters; profuse bloomer.
- Dr. Van Fleet.** A cross between Souvenir du President Carnot and Wichuraiana. Flower flesh-pink, darker in center. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
- *Excelsa.** (Wichuraiana.) Deep crimson.
- Flower of Fairfield.** (Polyantha.) This is called the Everblooming Crimson Rambler. It has the same colored flowers, but blooms all summer, and the foliage does not turn brown.
- Gardenia.** (Wichuraiana.) Bright yellow clusters, double.
- *Hiawatha.** (Hybrid Wichuraiana.) Most beautiful single Rose; brilliant scarlet; flowers produced in large clusters.
- *Lady Gay.** (Hybrid Wichuraiana.) Very similar to Dorothy Perkins. Flowers pink; very floriferous. One of the handsomest climbers.
- Newport Fairy.** (Polyantha.) Single, light pink flowers; very vigorous habit.



Climbing Roses: (1) Hiawatha, (2) Dorothy Perkins, (3) Excelsa



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

ROSES

CLIMBING OR RAMBLER ROSES, continued

Silver Moon. A cross between Wichuraiana and Cherokee. Flowers pearly white, fragrant, 4 to 5 inches in diameter; dark green, glossy foliage. Vigorous grower. 50 and 75 cts. each, \$5 and \$7.50 per doz.

***Tausendschön.** (Multiflora.) One of the new introductions, entirely different from all other Ramblers. Flowers large, semi-double, of a delightful shade of soft pink. They are produced in trusses of from ten to fifteen flowers.

White Dorothy Perkins. Same growth and habit as Dorothy Perkins, only the flowers are pale white; delightfully fragrant.

DWARF POLYANTHA ROSES

A popular class of everblooming Roses of short, compact growth.

Two-year-old plants, 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10, \$25 per 100, except where noted

Varieties marked with an asterisk (*) we can supply in 2-foot standards at 60 cts. each, \$5 per 100

Baby Dorothy. Pale pink; habit and growth similar to Baby Rambler.

***Baby Tausendschön.** (Louise Walter.) Color similar to the climbing variety, Tausendschön; a soft delicate pink. The plant is of vigorous habit and compact growth. Flowers very freely throughout the season in large, handsome clusters.

Catherine Zeimet. White Baby Rambler. White, double flowers.

Echo. Delicate pink, free bloomer; vigorous growth.

***Erna Teschendorff.** Similar in habit and growth to Baby Rambler.

Greta Kluis. Bright scarlet-crimson.

Gruss an Aachen. Bright orange-red.

***Jessie.** Cherry-red; free bloomer; compact growth.

***Mme. N. Levavasseur.** Baby Rambler. Rosy crimson; very free flowering.

***Mrs. William H. Cutbush.** Similar in habit and growth to Baby Rambler. Flowers light pink.

***Orleans.** Deep red, petals edged carmine, with white centers.

***Rodhatte.** Flowers bright cherry-red, semi-double; free bloomer and vigorous grower.

Yvonne Rabier. Large clusters of pure white flowers; foliage fresh green, blooms all summer.

MOSS ROSES

35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Crimson Globe. Dark carmine-red.

Henry Martin. Deep red; fragrant.

Salet. Rose color.

White Perpetual. White.

AUSTRIAN BRIER ROSES

Unless noted, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Austrian Copper. Single flowers; reddish copper.

Constance. A new introduction; orange-yellow, mingled with crimson; very free and perpetual.

Strong. 2-year-old plants, \$1.50 each; pot-grown, \$2 each.

Harison's Yellow. Semi-double; golden yellow.

Persian Yellow. Double, yellow.

LORD PENZANCE'S HYBRID SWEETBRIER ROSES

35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Amy Robsart. Bright rose.

Catherine Seyton. Rosy pink.

Edith Bellenden. Pale rose.

Flora McIvor. White, flushed rose.

Jeanie Deans. Crimson.

Lucie Bertram. Crimson, with white center.

POT-GROWN ROSES

We grow thousands of Roses in pots every year. They are most suitable for late planting and many varieties can be forced in the greenhouses during the winter, and especially for Easter.

Bush plants, \$1.50 to \$2.50 ea.; standards, \$2 to \$3 ea.

We have extra-strong, pot-grown plants in the following varieties:

Crimson Rambler

Excelsa

Dorothy Perkins

Lady Gay

Hiawatha

Tausendschön

ROSA RUGOSA

Ramanas, or Japanese Roses

A very hardy race of Roses of strong growth. The flowers are large and single, followed by large showy fruits. Used as a hedge in groups or as single specimens, they are equally valuable. They grow very easily and will succeed in almost any soil or position.

Of recent years several good varieties have been introduced, which, while retaining the sturdy habit and chief characteristics of the wild species, are great improvements in regard to size of bloom and color.

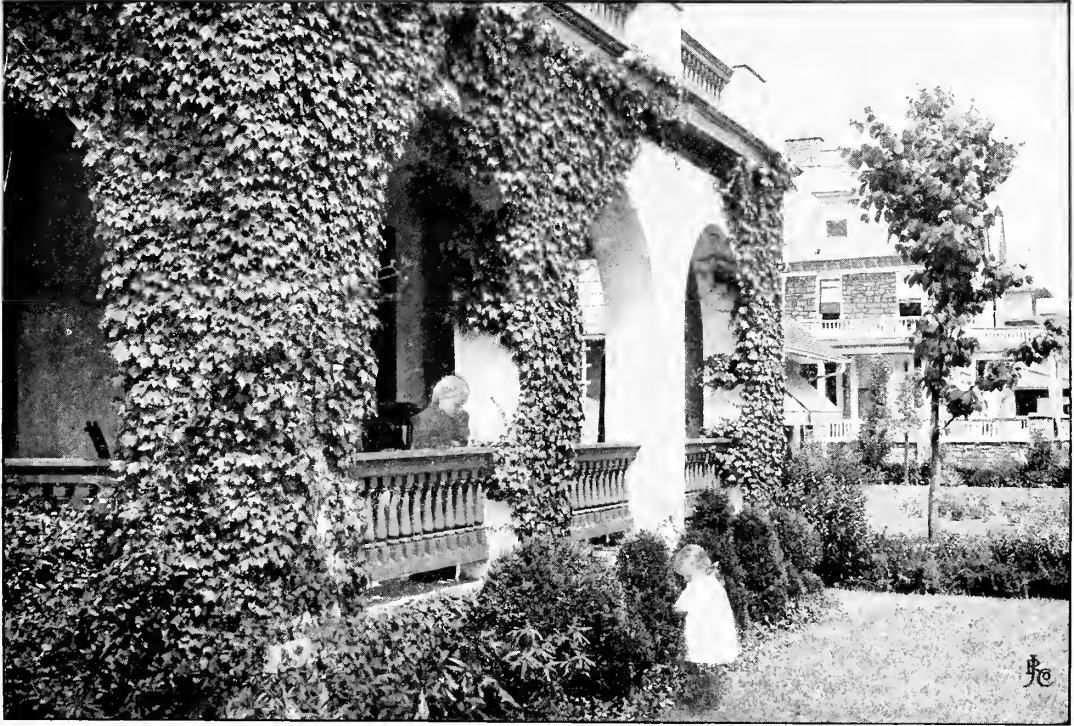
	Each
Alba. Single flowers; pure white.....	\$0 35
Rosea. Single pink.....	35
Blanche Double de Coubert. One of the best of the newer Rugosa varieties. Pure white, semi-double flowers. Beautiful long buds.....	50
Conrad Ferdinand Meyer. Very large fragrant double silvery pink flowers.....	50
Mme. George Bruant. One of the best varieties with large clusters of white flowers.....	50
New Century. A very free grower with reddish carmine double flowers.....	50
Nitida. 1 1/2 to 2 ft.....	25
Rubiginosa. 2 to 2 1/2 ft.....	30
Setigera. 2 to 3 ft.....	20
Sir Thomas Lipton. Pure white flowers; semi-double; sweetly scented.....	50



Rosa rugosa



VINES AND CLIMBERS



The wall covering of *Ampelopsis Veitchii* completes the beautiful foundation planting

HARDY VINES AND CLIMBERS

ACTINIDIA arguta. A Japanese climber of strong, vigorous growth, with white flowers and purple center. The fruit is round and edible.	Each	10	
Strong plants.....	\$0 50	\$4 00	
AMPELOPSIS Lowii. New. Leaves much smaller than <i>A. Veitchii</i> , turning to purple.			
Strong plants.....	60	5 00	
Veitchii. <i>Boston Ivy.</i> The most widely planted of all vines for covering churches, factories, etc., where it lends itself to the purpose very well on account of its hardiness and rapid growth.			
2 years old.....	25	2 00	
3 years old.....	35	3 00	
Pot-grown.....	50	4 00	
quinquefolia. <i>Virginia Creeper.</i> Of vigorous habit, with large foliage. Good for walls and planting about old tree trunks.			
Strong plants.....	35	3 00	
6 to 7 ft.....	1 00	9 00	
Engelmannii. Very similar to the former, but with the advantage of having cup-shaped tendrils which cling to the barest walls, and beautiful fall coloring.			
Strong plants.....	35	3 00	
6 to 7 ft.....	1 00	9 00	

ARISTOLOCHIA Siph. <i>Dutchman's Pipe.</i> A rapid-growing climber, with large, round, dark green leaves and brownish colored flowers resembling a pipe.	Each	10	
Pot-grown plants.....	\$0 50	\$4 50	
Strong plants.....	75	6 50	
BIGNONIA grandiflora; syn., <i>Tecoma grandiflora.</i> <i>Trumpet Vine.</i> Of vigorous growth, with large, trumpet-shaped, red flowers with yellow centers.			
Strong plants.....	75	7 00	
radicans. Very similar to the former, but with smaller flowers.			
Strong plants.....	40	3 50	
CELASTRUS scandens. <i>Climbing Bittersweet, or Waxwork.</i> A native climbing or twining plant, with fine, large leaves, yellow flowers and orange-capsuled fruit.			
Strong plants.....	35	3 00	
CLEMATIS Jackmanii. White, Blue and Pink.			
Pot-grown plants.....	50	4 50	
paniculata. This is mostly planted by porches, pillars, fences, etc., with a support. In the late summer it is a mass of white flowers.			
Strong plants.....	35	3 00	
For Greenhouse stock and Orchids, see our Orchid Catalogue			

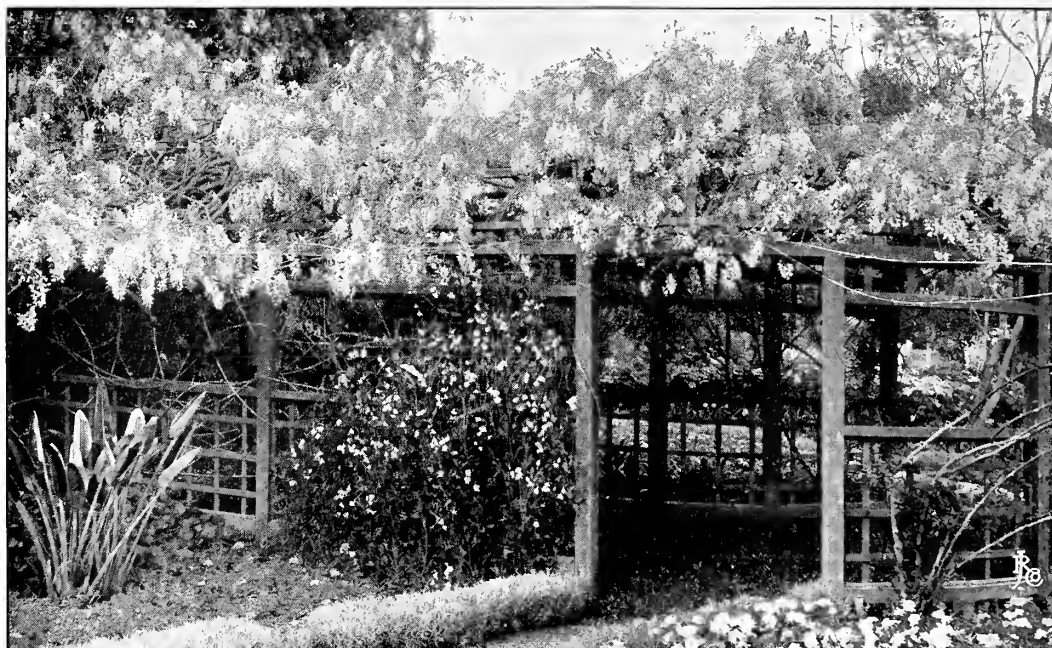


Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

VINES AND CLIMBERS

EUONYMUS radicans. Good for Each 10 ground-cover, banks and low walls. Evergreen and hardy.		
1-yr.-old plants.....	\$0 20	\$1 50
3-yr.-old plants.....	35	3 00
radicans Carrieri. Low-growing, spreading variety, with glossy green leaves.....	35	3 00
Larger plants.....	75 cts. to 1 00	
radicans variegata. Same as Radi- cans, with variegated foliage.		
Strong plants.....	35	3 00
HEDERA helix. English Ivy. So well known it needs no description.		
In pots, 2 to 2½ ft.....	30	2 50
In pots, 2½ to 3 ft.....	40	3 50
In pots, 6 to 7 ft.....	\$1.50 to 3 00	
LONICERA Halliana. Hall's Japan Honeysuckle. This can be used advantageously as a ground-cover.		
Strong plants.....	35	3 00
Halliana aurea. Golden form of the former; very pretty.		
Strong plants.....	35	3 00
POLYGONUM baldschuanicum. Fast growing when once established; produces an abundance of flowers in drooping panicles. White, deli- cately suffused with pink.		
Pot-grown plants.....	50 cts. to 75	

PUERARIA Thunbergiana. Kudzu Each 10 Vine. Extremely rapid-growing vine, the stems attaining often a length of 30 to 40 feet in one sea- son. Dark green leaves, and purple, pea-shaped flowers. Strong plants.....	\$0 35	\$3 00
WISTARIA multijuga. Japanese Wis- taria. Purplish flowers. 2 to 3 ft..	30	2 50
3 to 4 ft.....	40	3 50
mutijuga alba. Large clusters of white flowers.		
Strong pot-plants....	\$2.50 to 10 00	
Standard, in 12- to 30-in. tubs...	\$18 to 60 00	
Bush, in 12- to 24-in. tubs....	\$7.50 to 30 00	
sinensis. Chinese Wistaria. Clus- ters of blue flowers. 2 to 3 ft....	30	2 50
3 to 4 ft.....	40	3 50
6- to 8-yr.-old specimens	\$6 to 10 00	
sinensis alba. Same as the fore- going but with white flowers.		
2 to 3 ft.....	40	3 50
3 to 4 ft.....	50	4 50
Stronger plants.....	75	7 00
brachybotrys. A Japanese variety, with short clusters and purple flowers.....	50 cts. to 75	
Pot-grown plants.....	\$1 to 2 50	



Can you imagine a more beautiful sight than this pergola covered with *Wistaria chinensis*?

We carry a full line of Orchids and Greenhouse Plants. These are fully described in a beautifully illustrated catalogue which can be had by writing us for it. Among other things listed are Orchids, Palms, Water-Lilies, Stone Plants, Ferns, and Forcing Plants.



SHRUBS AND ROOTS FOR FORCING



House of Flowering Shrubs for Forcing

FLOWERING SHRUBS AND ROOTS FOR FORCING

AZALEAS

We import and cultivate large quantities of the choicest varieties most suited for this continent.

The prices as quoted are for well-budded stock. Special attention is drawn to the dwarf varieties.

We always have a number of specimen plants, prices for which will be given upon application.

	Doz.
Crown 10 to 12 in. in diameter.....	\$12 00
Crown 12 to 14 in. in diameter.....	15 00
Crown 14 to 16 in. in diameter.....	18 00
Crown 16 to 18 in. in diameter.....	22 00
Crown 18 to 20 in. in diameter.....	36 00
Crown 20 to 24 in. in diameter.....	42 00
Crown 24 to 26 in. in diameter.....	48 00

	Each
Specimens.....	\$5, \$7 50 and \$10 00
Pyramids.....	3 50 and 10 00
Standards.....	5 00 and 7 50

Varieties marked with an asterisk (*) are early

- Blushing Bride.** Pale flesh colored.
- Daybreak.** Pale pink; semi-double; beautiful.
- De Schryveriana.** Salmon, with white. Fine for Easter.
- Empress of India.** Large; semi-double; pink. Late.

- Ernest Eckhutte.** Novelty. Fine semi-double, deep carmine.
- *Madame Petrick.** Semi-double; rose; free bloomer. Fine for Christmas.
- Madame Van der Cruyssen.** Semi-double; rose; very free bloomer.
- Niobe.** Cream-white. Easter.
- Paul Weber.** Double pink, with white border
- Professor Wolters.** Fine single pink.
- Roosevelt.** Deep pink.
- *Simon Mardner.** Double pink.
- Thiers.** Beautiful red.
- *Vervæneana.** Fine double pink.
- *Vervæneana alba.** New white. Better than Deutsche Perle. Same habit as old Vervæneana.

***DWARF VARIETIES:** Chas. Encke, Marie Louise, Rigolo, and Firefly. 50 cts., 75 cts., and \$1 each.

AZALEA mollis. A hardy Azalea with vari-colored flowers, flowering in early spring. Splendid for forcing and makes glorious show of color.	Each
15 to 18 in.....	\$0 75 to \$1 00
18 to 24 in.....	1 25 to 1 50



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

SHRUBS AND ROOTS FOR FORCING

Azalea mollis , J. C. Van Thol. The best red <i>A. mollis</i> for forcing.	Each	
Bushy plants.....	\$1 50	to \$2 00
mollis sinensis , Anthony Koster. Very intense yellow flowers, used very largely for forcing.		
Compact plants.....	1 50	to 2 00
mollis rustica flore-pleno , Aida. Rose colored; good for forcing.		
Strong plants.....	1 00	to 1 50
CERASUS Veitchii . Pot-grown.		
Strong plants.....	1 50	to 2 00
Watereri . Double-flowering Cherry. Pot grown. Large pink flowers.		
Bushy plants.....	1 50	to 2 00
CRATÆGUS , Wm. Paul. <i>Hawthorn</i> . Pink.		
Strong pot-grown plants....	1 50	to 2 00
CYTISUS Laburnum Vossii . An improved form of the old-fashioned Golden Chain.		
Standards.		
Pot-grown. 7 to 8 in.....	2 50	to 3 00
Bush plants.		
Pot-grown. 7 in.....	1 50	to 2 00
DEUTZIA gracilis . 6-in. pots.....	35	to 50
Lemoinei . 6-in. pots.....	35	to 50
DIELYTRA spectabilis .	Each	Doz.
Large clumps.....	\$0 25	\$2 50
HYDRANGEA hortensis . Pot-grown plants out of 5- and 6-in. pots.....		Doz.
		\$9 00 to \$12 00
Avalanche . Pure white.		
Bouquet Rose . Light rose.		
Eclairer . Deep rose.		
La Lorraine . Pink.		
Lily Mouillere . Deep rose.		
Mme. Mouillere . White.		
Viscountess de Vilbraye . Pink.		
HYDRANGEAS , Imported plants.	Each	
Extra-strong. Pink.....	\$2 50	to \$3 00
Extra-fine. Blue.....	2 50	to 3 00
LILACS . We handle only the best European stock. The following list contains the best for forcing.	Doz.	
Pot-grown plants.....	\$24 00	to \$36 00
Mme. Casimir-Perier . Double; white.		
Charles X . Single; blue.		
Comte Horace de Choiseul . Double; porcelain-blue.		
Louis Spaeth . Single; purple.		
Madame Lemoine . Double; white.		
Marie Legraye . Single; white.		
Memoire Julius Roehrs . Double; old-rose.		
Michael Buchner . Double; light purple.		
We also import extra-strong plants, with long branches suitable for cutting, in the following varieties: \$3 to \$3.50 each.		
Marie Legraye .		
Charles X .		
Louis Spaeth .		
Mme. Casimir-Perier .		
Mme. Lemoine .		
LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY (<i>Convallaria majalis</i>). Being the largest forcers and importers of these, we are enabled to select from our supply the choicest pips the market affords. Shipments can be made in case-lots of 250, 500, and 1,000. Price on application.		

MALUS floribunda . (See colored plate, page 20.)	Doz.	
7 to 8-in. pots.....	\$15	to \$18 00
Scheideckeri . (See colored plate, page 20.)		
7 to 8-in. pots.....	15	to 18 00
PRUNUS triloba . Double-flowering Almond. Bushes.		
7-in. pots.....	15	to 18 00
triloba , Standards. Double flowering; dark pink.		
7-in. pots.....	18	to 24 00
PEACH , Clara Meyer. 7-in. pots...		30 00
RHODODENDRON Hybrids . Forcing varieties. 12 to 18 in., \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.; 18 to 24 in., \$2.50 each, \$24 per doz., except where noted		
Cynthea . Bright rosy red.		
Catawbiense grandiflora . Rosy purple.		
Gerda . Dark red; very early. \$2.50 to \$3 each.		
John Walter . Rich crimson.		
Kate Waterer . Reddish rose.		
Madame Carvalho . White.		
Madame Wagner . White center, rose margin. Early.		
Pink Pearl . Scarce variety; large clusters of pink flowers. \$2.50 to \$3 each.		
White Pearl . Same as the foregoing, except in color. \$2.50 to \$3 each.		
Prince Camille de Rohan . White and rose, with pink spots. Early.		
ROSES . We grow thousands of Rambler Roses in pots, in both standards and bush form, suitable for winter and especially for Easter forcing.		
	\$2 to \$3 each	
Crimson Rambler . Red.		
Excelsa . Bright rosy red.		
Dorothy Perkins . Pink.		
White Dorothy Perkins . White.		
Lady Gay . Pink.		
Hiawatha . Single red.		
Newport Fairy . Single pink.		
Tausendschön . Semi-double pink.		
SKIMMIA japonica . In pots; red berries for Christmas.	Each	Doz.
10 to 12 in.....	\$1	50
14 to 16 in.....	3	00
18 to 24 in.....	6	00
SPIRÆA , Gladstone. A decided improvement on the old Japonica..	Each	Doz.
floribunda . White.....	\$0 15	\$1 50
Mont Blanc . Pure white.....	15	1 50
Peach Blossom . Pink-flowering variety. Very distinct.....	25	2 50
Queen Alexandra . A fine, soft pink variety.....	20	2 00
rubens . Deep pink.....	20	2 50
We can also offer the above varieties from cold storage, for early forcing, packed 18 in a case at 35 cts. each, except Rubens, the price of which is 40 cts. each.		
TREE PEONIES . In different varieties—Red, Pink and White. Extra-fine plants, \$1 to \$1.50 each.		
WISTARIA sinensis alba . Pot-grown plants, 7- to 9-in. pots.....	Each	Doz.
	\$1 50	to \$5 00
sinensis multijuga cærulea . Specimen, standard, and bush form. 7 50 to 40 00		
sinensis cærulea . 7- to 9-in. pots. 1 50 to 5 00		
sinensis cærulea . Standards.... 2 50 to 5 00		
sinensis cærulea . Specimen, standard, and bush form..... 7 50 to 25 00		

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



ORNAMENTAL TREES AND PLANTS

For Decorating Piazzas, Terraces, Formal Italian and French Gardens

AUCUBA japonica variegata. A semi-hardy evergreen shrub, used largely for box-work. Each

15 in. high.....	50 cts. to \$0 75
24 in. high.....	1 50
28 in. high.....	2 00
32 in. high.....	3 00
Specimens in tubs.....	\$5 to 15 00

BAY TREES (*Laurus nobilis*)

STANDARDS

Tub	Stem	Crown	Height	No. of trees	Per pair
10 in.	18-20 in.	20 in.	3½ ft.	8.	\$12 00
14 in.	44-48 in.	26 in.	6¼-7 ft.	100.	18 00
14 in.	48 in.	26 in.	6½ ft.	20.	22 50
14 in.	48 in.	30-32 in.	6½ ft.	30.	27 50
18 in.	48-54 in.	34 in.	7 ft.	12.	30 00
18 in.	48 in.	36-38 in.	7 ft.	12.	37 50
18 in.	12 in.	40-42 in.	5 ft.	4.	45 00
18 in.	26 in.	48 in.	6¼ ft.	4.	45 00
18 in.	48 in.	40-42 in.	7½ ft.	24.	45 00
18 in.	36 in.	48 in.	7 ft.	2.	52 50
24 in.	60 in.	48-50 in.	10 ft.	6.	75 00
26 in.	52 in.	54 in.	10 ft.	4.	90 00
24 in.	30 in.	60 in.	7 ft.	2.	120 00
26 in.	60 in.	60 in.	12 ft.	2.	120 00
26 in.	84 in.	60 in.	13 ft.	2.	120 00
32 in.	40 in.	72 in.	11 ft.	2.	375 00
34 in.	50 in.	84 in.	14 ft.	2.	450 00

IMPERIALS

Tub	Stem	Base	Height of crown	No. of trees	Per pair
25 in.	50 in.	54 in.	5½ ft.	2.	\$150 00

PYRAMIDS

Tub	Base	Height	No. of trees	Per pair
20 in.	32 in.	10-11 ft.	6.	\$60 00
20 in.	34 in.	11 ft.	2.	110 00
25 in.	40 in.	13 ft.	2.	180 00
26 in.	54 in.	12 ft.	2.	225 00

GLOBES

Tub	Width	Height	No. of trees	Per pair
16 in.	32 in.	42 in.	4.	\$32 50
18 in.	36 in.	44 in.	4.	37 50
16 in.	40 in.	60 in.	4.	45 00

BOX TREES

PYRAMID

Height	Each
2 to 2½ ft.	\$2 to \$2 50
3 to 3½ ft.	\$3 to 3 50
4 to 4½ ft.	\$5 to 7 50
5 to 6 ft.	12 00
6 to 7 ft.	20 00

STANDARD

Height	Crown	Each
2½ ft.	12 in.	\$1.50 to \$2 00
2½ ft.	14 in.	\$2.50 to 3 00
3 ft.	24 in.	6 00
3 ft.	26 in.	10 00
3½ ft.	30-32 in.	15 00
3½ ft.	40-42 in.	30 00

BUSH BOX TREES

Height	Each
12 in.	\$0 35
14 in.	50
18 in.	1 00
22 in.	2 00
24 in.	2 50
28 in.	4 00
30 in., specimen	\$7.50 to 12 00
36 in., specimen	\$15 to 25 00

BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS

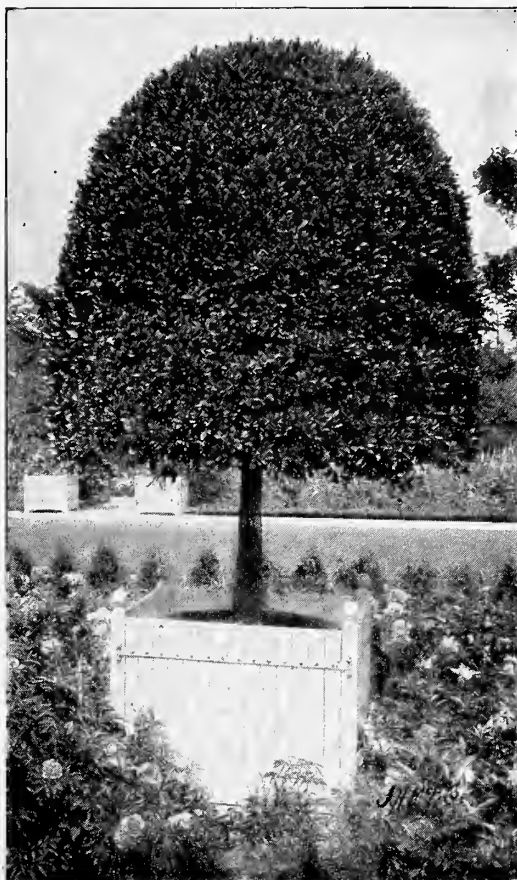
For Edging

	Per 1,000
2 to 3 in. high.	\$30 00
3 to 4 in. high.	40 00
4 to 5 in. high.	45 00
5 to 6 in. high.	60 00

BUXUS SUFFRUTICOSA

For Edging

	Per 1,000
4 to 6 in. high.	\$45 00
6 to 7 in. high.	80 00
7 to 8 in. high.	100 00



Standard Bay Tree



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND PLANTS

BOXWOOD TOPIARY

Used in formal gardens. Made in different shapes and sizes, as chickens, swans, spirals, etc. Prices on application.

DRACAENA INDIVISA

Very fine for vases, urns, etc. Very hardy and will absolutely stand the full sun.

	Each
Plants 3 ft. high, 3 ft. wide.....	\$3 50
4 ft. high, 4 ft. wide.....	\$5 to 6 00
Larger plants.....	\$7.50 to 10 00
Extra-large specimens, standard form.....	\$25 to 30 00

HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS

IN TUBS

For decorating piazzas, stoops, lawns, etc. Large clusters of pink or blue flowers are produced in great profusion, from July through September.

	Each
Specimens, 10-in. tubs.....	\$3.50 to \$4 00
Specimens, 12-in. tubs.....	\$5 to 7 50
Specimens, 15-in. tubs.....	10 00
Larger specimens.....	\$15 to 25 00

LAURUS

Laurus Skipkaensis. An evergreen shrub with narrower leaves than *Laurus Cerasus*. Can be found in many places on Long Island, where it has been proved perfectly hardy.

	Each
2½ to 3 ft.....	\$3 00
Cerasus. <i>English Laurel.</i> Large, dark green leaves. Hardier than bay trees, but will not stand without protection.	Each
5 ft., in tubs.....	\$7 50
6 to 7 ft., in tubs.....	9 00
7 to 8 ft., in tubs.....	\$12 to 15 00

NERIUM OLEANDER (Common Oleander)

An ornamental greenhouse shrub, producing pink or white flowers in summer. \$7.50 to \$15; larger specimens, \$20 to \$35.

VIBURNUM TINUS (*Laurestinus*)

Beautiful evergreen shrub, bearing clusters of handsome white flowers in early spring. The foliage is oblong, dark green. Hardy in Florida and California.

	Each
Standards, 6 ft. high, 4-ft. crowns.....	\$50 00
Columns, 5 ft. high, 4 ft. wide.....	50 00

SPECIMEN ORANGE TREES

We often import large trees that have been grown for years innumerable on the large estates of Europe and adorned their gardens. These trees are extremely ornamental, especially so when producing the much-coveted orange blossoms and when bearing fruit.

The longevity of these trees is most remarkable. At Versailles, France, St. Sabina Convent, Rome, and at Cordova, Spain, there are Orange trees several hundred years old. Full descriptions with prices will be given on application.

HUMUS

Prices of Humus, by freight, f.o.b. shipping point, 100-lb. bag, \$1; 500 lbs., in bags, \$4.60; 1,000 lbs., in bags, \$7; 2,000 lbs., in bags, \$11.

Carload of 30 tons, bagged, per ton, \$9; carload of 30 to 33 tons, in bulk, per ton, \$7.

CYPRESS AND OAK TUBS

We make a specialty of manufacturing tubs for evergreens, palms, etc. All sizes made to order.

Diam. inside	Each
12 to 13 in.....	\$1 65
14 to 15 in.....	2 20
16 to 17 in.....	3 30
18 to 19 in.....	3 85
20 to 21 in.....	4 50
22 to 23 in.....	5 00
24 to 25 in.....	5 50
26 to 27 in.....	6 00
28 to 29 in.....	7 25
30 to 31 in.....	8 25
32 to 33 in.....	9 50
34 to 35 in.....	11 00

SQUARE MISSION TUBS

	Each
12 in.....	\$3 50
14 in.....	4 50
16 in.....	5 50
18 in.....	6 00
20 in.....	6 75
22 in.....	7 25
24 in.....	8 50
26 in.....	9 00
28 in.....	10 50
30 in.....	11 00

These can be furnished in natural cypress or painted any color desired.

Price-List of Cedar Tubs

No.	Inside top diam. inches	Inside bot. inches	Inside depth inches	Thickness of staves inches	Each
1	6	5	6	¾	\$0 40
2	7	5	7	¾	45
3	8	6	8	¾	50
4	9	7	9	¾	55
5	10	7½	9	¾	60
6	11	8½	10	¾	75
7	12	9	11	¾	90
8	13	10	12	¾	1 10
9	14	11	13	¾	1 20
10	15	11½	14	¾	1 35
11	16	12½	15	¾	1 60
12	17	13½	16	¾	1 75
13	18	14½	17	¾	2 25
14	19	15½	18	¾	2 75

HEMLOCK BOUGHS

For covering Rhododendron and Boxwood. \$30 per ton.

TUFA ROCK

Whether to be used in the conservatory or outside, this is the material par excellence for the building of rockeries. Owing to its porous nature, plants cling well to it and, being very light, it is also easy to handle. Its formation is so very odd and often so immensely curious that the most unique effects can be created. It cannot be too highly recommended.

Price per car, direct from shipping point, ton.....\$12 00

Shipped from our nursery.

100 lbs.....	1 00
500 lbs.....	4 50
1,000 lbs.....	8 00
Ton.....	14 00



FRUITS UNDER GLASS

GRAPES

HOUSES.—The ideal greenhouse for Grape-vines is an even-span house running north and south, about 100 feet long and 25 to 30 feet wide, divided into three sections of equal length; of course the size depends altogether upon the quantity of fruit desired. By dividing the house into three sections, it gives you early, medium and late fruit, which covers practically the whole season, from May 1 until January 1.

BORDER.—The border is the most important part of Grape-culture, as upon the proper making of one depends the whole future of the vine. The main question is the drainage; if the house has been built on high ground, it is much simplified. Dig a trench in the house at least 4 feet deep and the width of the house; then cement the bottom, pitching it toward the center from both sides about 6 inches, and have the center pitch to whatever end you can best drain from. Fill in on this about 15 inches of brickbats, broken crock, charcoal, etc., which gives you about 9 inches on the side, having the top level. Then fill in the lower layer with sod inverted, filling in with a good rose soil, adding coarse bone meal in the bottom and finer for the top, depending altogether on the requirements of the soil.

Black Hamburg. (Sweetwater Grape.) One of the easiest and best to grow; adapts itself to early, medium or late houses; good keeper; free cropper.

Black Alicante. (Vinous Grape.) At one time this was the greatest favorite and is still planted for exhibition purposes, as it has massive bunches of excellent color and bloom.

Buckland Sweetwater. (Sweetwater Grape.) A round white Grape; ripens about the same time as Black Hamburg and is valuable for early use.

Foster's Seedling. (Sweetwater Grape.) A very robust grower, good setter and hangs well. A white seedling of Buckland Sweetwater.

Gros Guillaume; syn., **Barbarossa.** (Vinous Grape.) Produces exceptionally large bunches and has large, round, black berries. Late.

Gros Maroc. (Vinous Grape.) An excellent variety, the fruit being almost as large as that of Gros Colman. Fruit intense black with a heavy bloom. Late variety.

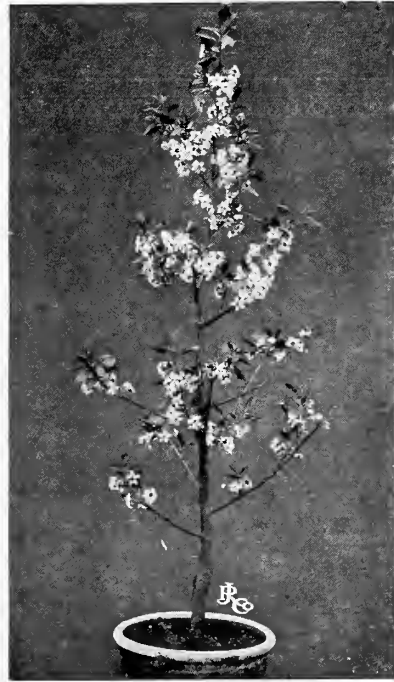
Gros Colman. This is the standard black Grape for late work. It is of easy culture and always full of bunches. Should not be started later than the first of April.

Madresfield Court. (Muscat Grape.) This is one of the oldest varieties, having been planted for the last forty or fifty years. It is a black Grape, with large berries. It does not require strong heat and just as good results can be obtained in a late house as in an early one.

Muscat of Alexandria. (Muscat Grape.) One of the oldest varieties and of exceptional merit. Should be planted in a house by itself, but can be grown in a mixed house; responds very readily to good treatment, but it must not be neglected. The fruit when ripe is pale amber in color.

Those most suitable for pot culture are Black Hamburg, Foster's Seedling, Madresfield Court and Gros Colman.

Strong, pot-grown Grapes, \$75 per doz.



Pot-grown fruit tree

PEACHES and NECTARINES

Peaches and Nectarines, being so similar, require practically the same treatment, and we shall, therefore, treat them under one head.

HOUSES.—They require about the same kind of house as grapes. The house can also be divided into three compartments for early, medium and late.

BORDERS.—They do not require as large a border as grape-vines. If the border is 3 feet deep and 4 feet wide it is sufficient. They do not like a heavy soil, but a sandy loam and very well drained.

KIND OF PLANTS.—For planting in the border, you can buy the plants trained to the proper shape, but a much better method is to obtain a pot-grown, bushy tree which, with very little labor, can be trained any way you want it, with the additional advantage of having a tree which is not retarded in growth, and will start right into growth. These trees may also be grown in pots with the advantage of being able to bring them in a good deal earlier.

PEACHES

EARLY HOUSE

Hale's Early. This is a fairly easy grower and has large fruit.

Early Beatrice. Small fruit, with marbled red cheek; flesh melting and juicy; very early.

Peregrine. Is a distinct midseason variety and one of the finest forcing Peaches for color, richness of flavor and free cropping.

Alexander Noblesse. This is a very good forcing variety; the flavor is rich and juicy.

Duke of York. Large and well colored; good flavor.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

FRUITS UNDER GLASS

MIDSEASON HOUSE PEACHES

Early Rivers. Large fruit; pale straw in color, with delicate pink cheek.

Peregrine. Large and of beautiful color and fine flavor.

Grosse Mignonne. A Peach of medium size and excellent quality.

LATE HOUSE

Dymond. Large fruit; good color and rich flavor.

Thos. Rivers. This is one of the largest Peaches. It is very handsome and a very free cropper.

Sea Eagle. A late, very large Peach of good color.

Royal George. This is a very good Peach of excellent flavor and beautiful color. Can also be planted in the midseason house with much success.

NECTARINES

EARLY HOUSE

Cardinal. Fruit of good medium size, very brilliant color, and exquisite flavor.

Early Rivers. This is one of the largest Nectarines and is remarkable for its handsome appearance, ripening two or three weeks before Lord Napier.

Improved Downton. Good-sized fruit; very juicy, and one of the finest flavored Nectarines.

Lord Napier. Large fruit; white flesh; very juicy.

LATE HOUSE

Newton. Very large fruit; delicious flavor.

Pitmaston Orange. Fruit medium, with rich saccharine flavor.

Spencer. One of the largest Nectarines. Freestone. Rich flavor.

Stanwick Elruge. A good-sized early Nectarine of fine appearance and good flavor.

Victoria. Fruit large; greenish yellow, crimson on sunny side.

Strong, well-budded trees, \$60 to \$75 per doz.

POT-GROWN FIGS

To obtain the best results, Figs should have a house to themselves, but they can also be grown in the ordinary orchid house. They begin to bear when quite young.

Brown Turkey. Brownish purple; large; rich, excellent flavor. Bears very abundantly.

Black Marseilles. Small; dark purple; richly flavored; bears freely and forces well.

Negro Largo. A very large and good Fig; particularly sweet and rich.

Violette Sepor. Large; deep red flesh of fine flavor.

Strong plants, \$42, \$60 and \$84 per doz.

POT-GROWN PEARS

Pears as pot-plants have not been grown as extensively as peaches and nectarines, but they do well and are much improved by growing under glass.

Beurre Hardy. A large and excellent Pear, of healthy growth and prolific. May be kept in symmetrical shape with little trouble.

Doyenne du Comice. This forms a compact, handsome pyramid; one of the finest Pears; the fruit is good in quality and appearance.

Louise Bonne de Jersey. A very fine, large Pear.

Beurre Diel. Produces very large fruit, weighing often sixteen to twenty ounces.

Strong plants, \$60 per doz.

POT-GROWN PLUMS

Czar. A very early purple Plum; free cropper and bound to give satisfaction under glass.

Mallard. Fruit deep purple; valuable for its earliness and rich qualities.

Denniston's Superb. Round; greenish yellow; an excellent variety for table use.

Oullin's Garden. Very large; greenish yellow; requires more thinning than the other varieties, as otherwise the full size will not be obtained and the flavor will not be so rich.

Strong plants, \$60 per doz.

POT-GROWN CHERRIES

May Duke. Very prolific tree; fruit rich, juicy and excellent; good keeper.

Early Rivers. Black fruit, small stone, early and rich. Hangs about a month when ripe.

Frogmore Bigarreau. Light red fruit; early and free bearer.

Emperor Francis. Dark red fruit.

Napoleon Bigarreau. Dark red fruit; an abundant bearer; fine quality; very late.

Strong plants, \$60 per doz.

POT-GROWN APPLES

Mr. Gladstone. Fruit yellow with scarlet cheek.

Red Astrachan. Large fruit of fine flavor, with rosy cheek. Fine table Apple.

Ribston Pippin. Medium size; rich, aromatic and very excellent. A table Apple.

Thomas Rivers. Rich flavor; large; flesh firm in texture, good for table or kitchen.

King of Pippins. Medium size; for the table.

Reinette du Canada. Very large fruit; an excellent table and kitchen Apple; early.

Strong plants, \$60 per doz.

TRAINED FRUIT TREES and SMALL FRUITS

These are usually planted in the kitchen-garden, along trellises, and against stone walls. The south wall is always preferable to the others. They can also be used for planting in the border, in the greenhouse, but it is more advisable for greenhouse work to use the pot-grown pyramidal plants, as these can be trained in a year's time to any shape desired.

APPLES

SUMMER

Codlin Keswick. Very prolific bearer; yellow. Aug.

Duchess of Oldenburg. Pale yellow-streaked Apple of good flavor. Aug., Sept.

Lord Grosvenor. Large fruit; clear yellow skin. Aug., Sept.

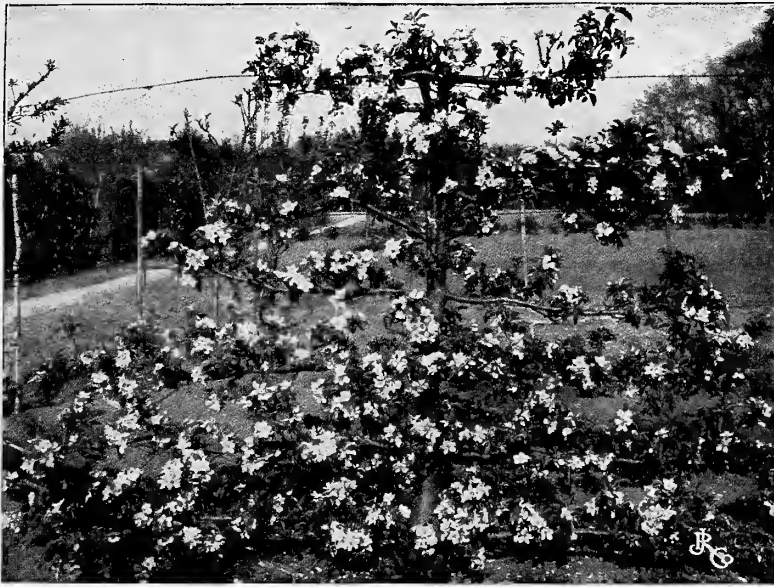
Lord Suffield. Large fruit; very pale; abundant bearer. Aug., Sept.

Princesse Louise. Very good flavor. Sept., Oct.

Red Astrachan. Fine rosy cheeked Apple, pleasant subacid flavor. Aug., Sept.

Transparent de Croncels. Fruit pale yellow; very sweet and juicy. Aug., Sept.

Yellow Transparent. Yellow Apple; very tender and of pleasant flavor. Very early.



Horizontal Trained Apple Trees

AUTUMN APPLES

- Alexander.** Very large; red, with yellow stripes; tender and juicy. Oct., Nov.
Cellini. Large fine Apple of good quality. Oct.
Cox's Pomona. Richly colored, soft, and tasty. Oct., Nov.
Gloria Mundi. Pale green; large. Oct. to Dec.
Golden Noble. Large round Apple; pale yellow. Sept. to Dec.
Golden Reinette. Medium-sized fruit of good quality. Oct. to Dec.
Gravenstein. Large; pale yellow; very good flavor. Nov., Dec.
Peasgood Nonesuch. Pale yellow, shaded crimson; very large and of excellent quality. Nov., Dec.
Maux Codlin. Medium size; very firm; prolific producer. Nov., Dec.
Ribston Pippin. Medium-sized fruit; very aromatic. Nov., Dec.
The Queen. White flesh; very tender. Nov.

WINTER

- Belle Flower.** Fruit red-yellow, deliciously sweet. Jan. to March.
Bismarck. Very large fruit, highly colored, and of fine flavor. Dec., Jan.
Cadeau du General (syn. Reinette du Vignan). Very large yellow. Dec., Jan.
Calville blanc. Very fine French Apple of excellent flavor. Dec. to March.
Fameuse. Pale yellow of medium size. Feb., March.
Fiesers Erstling. Large, red Apple. Dec., Jan.
Freiherr von Berlepsch. Very large and delicious. Dec., Jan.
Jacques Lebel. Large fruit; good bearer. Dec., Jan.
London Pippin. Medium, deep yellow. Dec. to March.
Notaire. New. Large and very juicy. Dec., Jan.
Reinette Bauman. Large yellow apple, very sweet. Jan. to March.
Reinette du Canada. Yellowish green, streaked brown. Jan., Feb.

PEARS

SUMMER

- Bartlett.** Large and juicy. Aug., Sept.
Beurre Gifford. Medium size; melting, juicy, and aromatic. Aug.
Beurre d'Amanlis. Large and very juicy. Sept.
Clapp's Favorite. Large and one of the very best. Aug., Sept.
Dr. Jules Guyot. Large Pear. Sept.
Poire Madame. Long sweet Pear. Aug.
Triomphe de Vienne. Large, juicy, and of good flavor. Aug., Sept.
Williams Bon Chretien. Large, tender, melting, delicious. Aug., Sept.

AUTUMN

- Bergamotte d'Automne.** Medium, rich. Oct.
Beurre Hardy. Large and richly flavored. Oct.

- Beurre Lebrum.** Very sweet and juicy. Oct.
Calebasse de Tirelmont. Large and juicy. Oct., Nov.
Conseilleur de la Cour. Large, tender, and melting. Oct., Nov.
Duchesse d'Angouleme. Large and of high excellence. Oct., Nov.
Beurre Durondeau. Prolific; good flavor. Oct., Nov.
Fondante de Charneux. Large and sweet. Oct.
Jules d'Airoles. Medium size; of excellent quality. Nov., Dec.
Louise Bonne of Jersey. Large and very good. Oct.
Nouveau Poiteau. Large and very juicy. Oct., Nov.
Soldat Laboureur. Medium size; sweetly aromatic. Oct., Nov.
Williams' Duchesse. Large and very sweet. Oct.

WINTER

- Beurre d'Arenberg** (syn. Beurre d'Hardenpont). Very tender and sweet. Dec., Jan.
Comtesse de Paris. Large, long fruit; very sweet; juicy. Dec., Jan.
Curé. Very sweet and aromatic. Dec. to Feb.
Doyenne du Comice. Superb fruit both in quality and appearance. Nov., Dec.
Dutch Abundance. Good bearer and good flavor. Dec. to March.
Josephine de Malines. Medium size but very delicious. Feb. to Apr.
Olivier des Serres. Small round fruit; most delicious. Feb., March.
Professeur Opoix. Fairly large; good quality. Jan., Feb.

NECTARINES

EARLY

- Cardinal.** Very early; fine for forcing; splendid flavor. End of July.
Early Rivers. Very large. End of July.
Elruge. Medium size; rich and juicy. End of July.
Lord Napier. Large; pale cream, red cheek. Early August.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

TRAINED FRUIT TREES

LATE NECTARINES

Pineapple. Large; very rich flavor. Early September.
Prince of Wales. Of excellent quality and good size. Sept.
Stanwick. Large and fine; superior quality. Sept.
Victoria. Large; very sweet. Early September.

PEACHES

EARLY

Amsden. June. Brilliant color and juicy. July.
Belle of Georgia. White flesh of high quality. Aug.
Condor. Very large and rich. Aug.
Dr. Hogg. Rich and sweet; large fruit. Aug.
Early Rivers. Large and excellent. Aug.
Elberta. Very productive. Aug.
Hale's Early. Pale flesh; delicious flavor. July.
St. John. Yellow Peach; very tender. Aug.
Waterloo. Large; brilliant color; rich flavor. July.

LATE

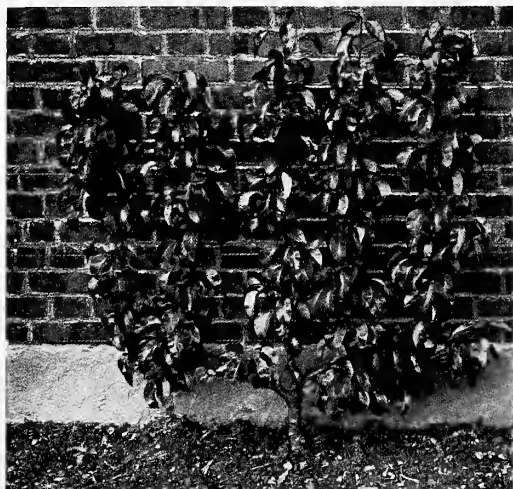
Alexandra Noblesse. Flesh white; of excellent quality; very juicy. Sept.
Barrington. Large and juicy. Sept.
Dymond. Large, finely colored, and rich. Sept.
Lord Palmerston. Large, of good quality. Sept.
Royal George. Large and of exceedingly good flavor. Sept.
Sea Eagle. Large and of fine flavor. Sept.
Stirling Castle. Free-fruited Peach of medium size. Sept.

PLUMS

Dutch Blue. New. The very best blue Plum. Very large and sweet. Aug.
Queen Victoria. Large, deep red. End of August.
Reine Claude. Round fruit; greenish yellow; deliciously sweet. End of September.
White Dutch. Fruit pale; juicy. Sept.

CHERRIES

Bigarreau Napoleon. Very late variety; fruit dark red and very abundant. Aug.
Bigarreau White. A very fine Cherry; large, rich, and very excellent. Aug.



Trained Pear Tree

CHERRIES, continued

Black Dutch. Very sweet and abundant. June.
Black Tartarian. Very large, sweet fruit; tree an abundant bearer. End of June.
Late Duke. Large; subacid; most agreeable when fully ripe.
May Duke. Large; juicy; rich and excellent; very prolific. June.
Morello. Large; acid; a fine kitchen variety. Most useful for planting on north walls. Aug.

CURRANTS

Fay's Prolific. This is one of the best red Currants on the market; early.
Knight's Sweet Red. A very good red Currant.
Raby Castle. Very abundant bearer and a very good late red.
Red Dutch. Bunches short; rich and sweet.
White Dutch. A well-known white variety.
Bar le Duc. A very good Currant.

GOOSEBERRIES

Whinham's Industry. Large, white fruit; vigorous and very prolific.
Cousin's Seedlings. Very good fruit; vigorous habit.
Keepsake. Straw-colored; very large; vigorous and prolific.
New Red Dutch. A very good red variety.

Prices of Trained Fruit Trees and Small Fruits

	Each
APPLES: Fan-shaped.....	\$2 50 to \$5 00
Palmetto, horizontal.....	3 50 to 5 00
Palmetto, horizontal, specimen....	7 50 to 15 00
Palmetto verrier.....	3 50 to 5 00
Palmetto verrier, specimen.....	7 50 to 15 00
U-shaped.....	2 00 to 3 50
Cordon, upright, single.....	2 00 to 3 00
Cordon, horizontal, single.....	2 00 to 3 00
Cordon, horizontal, double.....	2 50 to 3 50
Pyramids, from 4 to 7 ft.....	1 50 to 3 50
CHERRIES: Fan-shaped.....	2 50 to 3 50
Extra-high standards.....	1 75 to 2 50
Pyramids.....	2 00 to 3 50
CURRANTS: Fan-shaped.....	1 00 to 1 50
Standards.....	1 50 to 3 00
GOOSEBERRIES: Fan-shaped....	1 00 to 1 50
Standards.....	1 50 to 3 00
NECTARINES: Fan-shaped.....	3 50 to 5 00
Standard, fan-shaped.....	4 50 to 6 00
PEACHES: Fan-shaped.....	3 50 to 5 00
Fan-shaped, very large.....	6 50 to 7 50
Standard, fan-shaped.....	4 50 to 6 00
High standards.....	2 25 to 3 00
PEARS: Fan-shaped.....	2 50 to 5 00
Palmetto, horizontal.....	3 50 to 5 00
Palmetto, horizontal, specimen...	7 50 to 15 00
Palmetto verrier.....	3 50 to 5 00
Palmetto verrier, specimen.....	7 50 to 15 00
U-shaped.....	2 00 to 3 50
Cordon, upright, single.....	2 00 to 3 00
Cordon, horizontal, single.....	2 00 to 3 00
Cordon, horizontal, double.....	2 50 to 3 50
Pyramids, from 4 to 7 ft.....	1 50 to 3 50
PLUMS: Fan-shaped.....	2 50 to 3 50
Pyramids.....	2 50 to 5 00



DOMESTIC FRUITS

The following list of fruit trees we have found to give the best satisfaction, provided a moderate amount of care is taken in planting and cultivating the trees after being planted. We give below a few hints as to care, etc.

PRUNING. Before planting trees, shorten half of last year's growth, to balance up what the tree has lost in its root-system by being transplanted.

SOIL. All fruit trees, as a rule, do not grow well in wet or poorly drained soil. They do best in good farm soil such as is used to grow wheat, corn, etc.

PLANTING. The trees should always be planted in a hole large enough to allow the roots to be spread out without cramping them. Then when the tree is held in its proper position the top-soil should be placed around the roots and great care taken that it is worked in well among the small roots; then firm it thoroughly with the foot.

APPLES

Apples having been planted extensively for so many years require little introduction. In orchard planting they should stand about 30 feet apart, whereas in the home grounds they can be planted 10 to 15 feet apart.

4 to 5 ft., 50 cts. each, \$4 for 10; 6 to 7 ft., 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10

SUMMER

Early Harvest. Medium size; yellow; tender and juicy; erect, moderately vigorous grower; productive. Aug.

Red Astrachan. Large and juicy; good bearer. Aug.

Sweet Bough. Large; oblong; pale yellow; sweet, tender, and crisp. Aug., Sept.

Tetofsky. Medium large; yellow; very juicy; very prolific. Aug.

Yellow Transparent. Good-sized fruit; pale yellow; tender. Two-year-old trees often bear fruit. Early August.

AUTUMN

Alexander. Originated in Russia. Large fruit; greenish yellow, streaked with red; flesh tender and juicy; vigorous and productive. Oct.

Duchess of Oldenburg. Medium size; yellow, streaked with red; very abundant. Sept.

Fall Pippin. Large, roundish oblong, yellow Apple; flesh tender and delicious. Oct. to Dec.

Gravenstein. Large; yellow, striped red; vigorous grower and abundant bearer. Sept., Oct.

Maiden's Blush. Medium size; pale yellow with blush cheek; one of the handsomest; tender and subacid; tree vigorous and productive. Sept., Oct.

Wealthy. Large, red; good quality. Good keeper.

WINTER

Arkansas Black. Only lately introduced. An early bearer; fruit large, round and smooth; black dotted with whitish specks; good keeper.

Baldwin. Large; bright red; juicy and crisp. One of the most popular market Apples. Tree vigorous and productive. Dec. to March.

Ben Davis. Large, round; bright red on yellowish ground; subacid flavor; tree a vigorous grower and abundant bearer.

Bismarck. Very valuable, as two-year-old trees often bear fruit; golden yellow splashed with red; flesh subacid. Nov. to March.

Golden Russet. Medium size; dull russet; flesh greenish, crisp and juicy. Nov. to April.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DOMESTIC FRUITS

WINTER APPLES, continued

King of Tompkins County. Very large, round; yellow, striped; an abundant bearer. Dec. to April.
Missouri Pippin. Large; dark red with darker stripes; very prolific bearer. Dec. to Feb.
Northern Spy. Large, round; striped red; very good keeper, retaining its freshness. A most valuable market Apple. Jan. to April.
Northwestern Greening. Large; green to yellow fruit; quality good, flesh coarse, subacid. Jan. to May.
Spitzenburg. Large; brilliant red, with gray dots; flesh firm, spicy and delicious; good bearer. Dec. to April.
Stark. Fruit large; greenish yellow, shaded and striped with red. Jan. to May.
Winesap. Large, round; deep red; moderate grower and good bearer; splendid for market. Dec. to May.

DWARF

Especially recommended for small gardens. They fruit soon after planting and they are more easily pruned and harvested.

First size, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100; second size, 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10, \$65 per 100

Baldwin	Northern Spy
Delicious	Red Astrachan
Duchess of Oldenburg	Rhode Island Greening
Fameuse	Rome Beauty
Gravenstein	Stayman Winesap
Hubbardston's Nonesuch	Wagener
King	Wealthy
McIntosh	Yellow Transparent

CRAB-APPLES

Crab-Apples are valuable for many reasons. They bear when very young, are very prolific, grow in almost all kinds of soil, are very fine for preserving, and when in flower the trees can not be excelled for their ornamental value.

Atrosanguinea. A small tree; flowers dark red; one of the finest ornamental Crabs.
Floribunda. Small tree; planted mostly for its ornamental value; white flowers.
Hyslop. Fruit large size; dark crimson; one of the best for preserving. Oct., Nov.
Scheideckeri. Fruit very small; flowers double, of a very beautiful flesh color; very desirable.
Transcendent. The largest fruit of the Crabs; red, showy and very handsome. Sept., Oct.
Yellow Siberian. Fruit large, golden yellow; very hardy. Sept., Oct.

CHERRIES

5 to 5½ ft., 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10; 6 to 7 ft., \$1 each, \$9 for 10

HEARTS

Black Tartarian. Very large; purplish black. Abundant bearer. End of June.
Governor Wood. Light yellow, shaded red; rich and juicy. Late July.

BIGARREAUS

Napoleon. Dark red; sweet and juicy. July.
Schmidt's. Very large fruit; very juicy and rich flavor. Excellent dessert variety. July.
Windsor. Large and very productive. Late July.

DUKE AND MORELLO CHERRIES

Bing. American large fruit; dark crimson and excellent quality. July.
Dyehouse. Very productive and of the best quality. June.
Early Richmond. Dark red; juicy; good for preserving. June.
May Duke. Large; dark red. June.
Montmorency. Red; acid; abundant bearer. Early June.
Morello English. Large; dark red; subacid. Late July.

PEARS

There are two kinds of Pears, standards grafted on Pear stock, suitable for orchard planting, and dwarfs, budded on Angers quince, which are best for the garden. The general rule in regard to pruning is to remove one half to two thirds of the previous year's growth early every spring. Trees marked S. are Standard Pears.

5 to 6 ft., 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10; 6 to 7 ft., 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10; selected, \$1 each, \$10 for 10

SUMMER

Bartlett. Large, yellow fruit; buttery, rich and musky flavor. An erect grower and productive. Sept.
Clapp's Favorite. Very large; yellow and dull red with russet specks. Aug.
Early Harvest. S. A very good early Pear; fair quality, good size and color. July.
Koonce. S. A good early market Pear; medium yellow with carmine cheek. July.
Tyson. S. An abundant bearer; vigorous and rapid grower. Aug.

AUTUMN

Belle Lucrative. S. Large and sweet; color pale yellowish green. Sept., Oct.
Beurre Clairgeau. S. Large; skin yellow shaded with crimson. Early and productive. Sept.
Flemish Beauty. Large; pale yellow, brownish cheek; very delicious. Sept., Oct.
Kieffer's Hybrid. S. Large; golden; juicy, somewhat coarse, with a slight quince flavor; vigorous in habit and prolific, and when properly picked and cared for, very good. Oct., Nov.
Louise Bonne de Jersey. Large; greenish yellow with a red cheek; upright habit. Oct.
Seckel. Medium size; yellowish brown with red cheek; sweet, spicy, rich and delicious. Oct.
Sheldon. S. Large, round; russet with red cheek; very delicious and desirable; vigorous grower and prolific.

WINTER

Beurre d'Anjou. Large; greenish russet; perfumed; rich and delicious. Best for late fall and winter. Oct. to Feb.
Winter Nelis. S. Early winter; medium size; dull russet; good flavor; prolific.

DWARF PEARS

First size, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10, \$40 per 100; second size, 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10, \$65 per 100

Bartlett	Duchess
Beurre d'Anjou	Seckel
Clapp's Favorite	



NECTARINES

Nectarines require about the same treatment and care as peaches.

4½ to 5 ft., 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10; 5½ to 6 ft., 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10; 6 to 6½ ft., 75c. each, \$7 for 10

Early Violet. Medium size; yellowish green with a purple cheek. Freestone. Last of August.

Elruge. Medium size; flesh greenish white and very juicy. Freestone.

PEACHES

Of all the garden fruits, Peaches hold first rank, as they commence to bear right after the small fruits, such as currants, raspberries, strawberries, cherries and others have finished, and they fill in the gap until pears and apples are ripe. Peaches prefer a light, sandy soil.

4 to 5 ft., 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10; 5 to 6 ft., 50c. each, \$4.50 for 10; 6 to 7 ft., 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10

Belle of Georgia. Very large; white skin; red cheek; flesh white and of excellent flavor. Rapid grower and very prolific.

Crawford's Early. Large; yellow with dark red cheek; flesh yellow, rich and sweet. Tree vigorous and fruitful. Freestone. First of September.

Crawford's Late. Large; yellow with dark red cheek, red at pit; excellent flavor. Freestone. Last of September.

Crosby. One of the hardiest sorts; fruit of medium size and excellent quality. Freestone. Ripens about September 15.

Early Rivers. Large; creamy white with delicate pink cheek. One of the finest early Peaches.

Elberta. Yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow and firm. It is the very best Peach for all general purposes. It ripens soon after Early Crawford.

Morris White. Medium-sized fruit; flesh firm and white. One of the old favorites, used largely for preserving. Sept.

Oldmixon Free. Large; yellowish white, deep red cheek; very excellent flavor. Freestone. Middle of September.

Stump the World. Very large; creamy white; flesh white. Tree very productive. Last of September.

Yellow St. John. A very fine Peach, almost as large as Crawford's Early, but of much better flavor; flesh yellow. Beginning of August.

PLUMS

Plums require a heavy soil or rich loam. There are three kinds of Plums: Native, European, and Japanese. Those we list below have been proved to be the best.

5 to 6 ft., 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10; 6 to 7 ft., 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10

Abundance. Large, oblong; flesh deep yellow; juicy and sweet. Aug.

Bradshaw. Very early; dark violet; very good quality; very productive. Aug.

Burbank. Japanese Plum. Very much like Abundance, but of deeper color. Sept.

German Prune. Large long fruit; color deep purple. Sept.

Lombard. Violet-red; flesh yellow; very juicy. Late August.

Monarch. Very large; dark purple; freestone; abundant bearer. Sept.

October Purple. Large red fruit of superb quality. Sept., Oct.

PLUMS, continued

Reine Claude. Greenish yellow; juicy and sugary; handsome; flesh separates well from stone; very desirable. Late September.

Yellow Egg. Good sized; oval; bright yellow; juicy and rich.

QUINCES

Quinces are largely planted on account of their compact growth, and for that reason they can be planted between the other trees in the orchard. The fruit is used mostly for preserving and also baked in the same manner as apples.

4 to 5 ft., 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10; 6 to 7 ft., 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10

Bourgeat. A new variety. The most vigorous in habit of all, attaining the same height as pear trees. Fruit smooth and round, of fine quality. Tree very prolific. Oct., Nov.

Champion. Tree bears when very young, and abundantly; fruit large. Late October.

Meech's Prolific. Fruit of medium size; orange-yellow; ripens early. Beginning of October.

APRICOTS

Apricots should be found in every orchard, as they come into bearing when there is no other fruit.

Strong plants, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 for 10; bearing size, 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10

Early Golden. Fruit small; pale orange; juicy and sweet. First of July.

Harris. Fruit large; golden yellow; freestone; comes into bearing when young and is perfectly hardy. Middle of July.

Moorpark. One of the largest; orange, with red cheek; firm, juicy, with rich flavor. Aug.

GRAPES

Grapes require mostly a well-cultivated piece of ground, but care must be taken that it is well drained.

After planting, the vines should be cut back in early spring to two or three eyes. The following year the best cane should be selected and cut to about 6 feet, and the others to one or two eyes, and repeat this year after year. In this way well-seasoned fruiting canes are always retained.

Two years old, 15 cts. each, \$1.20 for 10, \$10 per 100; 3 years old, 25 cts. each, \$2.20 for 10, \$20 per 100; XX strong, 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10.

BLACK

Concord. Large bunch and berries; vine healthy, hardy and productive. The standard Grape by which all others are judged. Ripens from the 10th to the 20th of September.

Early Ohio. Bunch large and compact; berry medium, covered with heavy bloom and adheres well to the stem; very good shipper. July, Aug.

Moore's Early. Bunch and berry large, with a blue bloom; better quality than Concord. Ripens very early.

Worden. Berries large and sweet; bunches large and particularly handsome. One of the finest Grapes grown for the market. Ripens ten days before Concord.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

DOMESTIC FRUITS

RED GRAPES

Agawam. Dark red or maroon; flavor sweet and aromatic. Ripens early.

Brighton. One of the favorite dark red Grapes. Ripens early. Should be planted near other varieties, as it does not always fertilize well when alone.

Catawba. This is the most popular red Grape; keeps well; is excellent for making wine and good for the table.

Delaware. Very good as a table Grape; skin thin, flesh tender and juicy. Ripens early in September.

WHITE

Green Mountain. Very hardy; skin thin; flesh soft and juicy. Ripens three weeks earlier than Concord.

Moore's Diamond. Vigorous habit; large, compact bunches; greenish white, with a yellowish tinge. August 25 to September 10.

Niagara. One of the hardiest; bunches very large; skin thin but tough. Ripens about the same time as Concord.

BLACKBERRIES

Blackberries require rich, fertile soil, and should be planted in rows 5 feet apart and 4 feet apart in the rows. Good cultivation will result in improved fruit.

7 cts. each, 65 cts. for 10, \$6 per 100; 12 cts. each, \$1.10 for 10, \$10 per 100

Agawam. This is a very good variety for home use, as it is soft throughout, with a sweet core; plant healthy and productive.

Erie. Fruit very large, uniform in size, and shape; early and very productive.

Snyder. One of the most productive; fruit medium size, sweet and melting to the core; very hardy.

Wachusett Thornless. Fruit medium size, oblong; hardy and almost free of thorns.

RASPBERRIES

Raspberries should be planted in rows 4 feet apart and the plants in the rows 2 to 3 feet apart. They require a well-drained, fertile soil.

Except where noted, 10 cts. each, 80 cts. for 10, \$7 per 100

Cardinal. A purple Raspberry of vigorous habit and very prolific. Good for home use.

Cuthbert. Fruit large; deep, rich crimson; one of the best. In fruit from about July 10 to 20.

Hornet. Very large, conical, crimson-red; very vigorous growth. 20 cts. each, \$1.80 for 10.

Loudon. A new red Raspberry, in quality superior to Cuthbert; large fruit. Ripens about the same time as Cuthbert.

Superlative. Red, very large and firm. 20 cts. each, \$1.80 for 10.

MULBERRIES

Mulberries are often planted by bird-lovers, as the fruiting season lasts for two or three months and the birds are attracted to them. The fruit is used largely for preserving and eating.

5 to 6 ft., 75 cts. each, \$7 for 10; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25 each, \$11 for 10

Downing's Everbearing. Vigorous grower and prolific bearer. Fruit black.

New American. Very vigorous and productive. Black fruit, $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches long.

CURRENTS

Currents should be planted in well-manured soil, and the first year should be cut back to allow a few strong branches to grow. In the following years the old wood should always be cut out.

3-year, 15 cts. each, \$1.20 for 10, \$10 per 100; XX, 25 cts. each, \$2 for 10

Black Champion. Very productive; strong grower; large bunch; good for preserving.

Fay's Prolific. This is the best red Currant; large berries on long stems, which facilitate picking greatly. Is of excellent flavor and early.

Lee's Prolific. The largest in berry and bunch, and the most productive of all the blacks.

Perfection. Considered one of the best red Currants; large fruit and bunches; seed small; the quality is rich, subacid.

Victoria. Red; large bunch and berries; late in ripening, very desirable.

GOOSEBERRIES

Gooseberries do well in most soils, provided they are well drained and fertile.

20 cts. each, \$1.80 for 10, \$15 per 100

Downing. (American.) Large; pale green, covered with white bloom; very good quality and flavor; productive and healthy.

Crown Bob. (European.) Large; red; fruit of best quality.

Houghton. (American.) Medium-sized fruit; thin-skinned; sweet and juicy.

Industry. (European.) Fruit large; dark red; subacid and sweet. One of the best for market.

STRAWBERRIES

In order to have the desired success and insure quick crops, only pot-grown plants should be set out. They should be planted as soon as possible after June 1 and they will bear a good crop the year following.

Some varieties have imperfect flowers and these must be planted near perfect-flowering varieties so that they may be fertilized and bear fruit.

Require good well-tilled soil and should be planted 12 inches apart in rows 20 to 24 inches apart.

Those marked P are pistillate or imperfect-flowering varieties.

FALL OR EVERBEARING

\$1 per doz., \$5 per 100

Americus. A new seedling of thrifty growth; good yield and shipper; fruit of medium size; extensively advertised and has given satisfaction wherever tried.

Progressive. One of the best fall-bearing sorts; strong grower; berries round, deep crimson. It begins to ripen with second earlies and plants yield vast quantities of fine berries, keeping on bearing fruit until late fall.

Superb. A healthy grower; makes plants freely; yields fruit only on parent plants. The berries are a rich blood-red from surface to center.

STANDARD VARIETIES

60 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 100, except where noted for the newer varieties

Abington. Plants are of vigorous habit, with clean, healthy foliage; berries are very large and attractive. Mid-season.



STANDARD STRAWBERRIES, continued

- Barrymore.** New. This variety resembles Marshall, but is a much better bearer. \$4 per 100.
- Beder Wood.** One of the very best early berries, always producing a large crop. Fruit is large, conical, bright red, and of excellent quality.
- Brandywine.** Berries are large, firm, and solid, excellent in quality and with fine aromatic flavor. A vigorous grower, succeeding on any soil. Mid-season to late.
- Bubach. P.** The most popular of all large Strawberries. Plant is very productive, completely covering ground about it with berries which are roundish and slightly flattened. Mid-season.
- Chesapeake.** One of the best Strawberries grown, all things considered. It is very large, of fine form, as late as Gandy, and in flavor ranks with Marshall and Wm. Belt. \$4 per 100.
- Commonwealth.** A valuable extra-large variety. Fruit is large, smooth, dark red, juicy, and of excellent quality.
- Early Jersey Giant.** Very early. Berries very large, scarlet-crimson; color all over at once; have mild, wild-strawberry flavor. Plants are strongly rooted, large, and of vigorous growth. 75 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.
- Early Ozark.** A very early berry of fine flavor; as sweet as Aroma.
- Fendall. P.** A seedling from Wm. Belt, which partakes of all the good qualities of its parent, but is far superior in flavor. Mid-season to late. \$4 per 100.
- Gandy.** The standard late variety by which all other late varieties are compared. A strong compact grower, with large, firm berries of finest flavor. Still keeps up with Chesapeake in size and production.
- Giant Ruby. P.** Very productive, vigorous plants; immense berries of excellent flavor, ripening soon after the early sorts and continuing to bear until others are gone. \$4 per 100.
- Haverland. P.** A standard variety that is universally praised. It succeeds on all kinds of soil and seems to be the least affected by frost, often producing a full crop of perfect fruit when other varieties are badly damaged. Medium in season, very productive, large to very large, and holds up in size to the last picking. It is long in shape, gradually tapering, and light scarlet in color. \$4 per 100.
- Hub.** Fruit is large, smooth, firm, dark, glossy red; berries shine as if varnished. Plants are very productive. 75 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.
- Hunn. P.** An extra-late variety; very productive. Berries are extra large, deeply colored; flesh firm and of excellent flavor.
- Kevitt's Wonder.** One of the very best Strawberries, that is, covering every point of merit; of high rank; exceedingly beyond the limit for productiveness, firmness of color, flavor, and shape of berries. It is pronounced the ideal Strawberry. It contains but very little acid, has very few seeds, and is mild and sweet. The plants yield a heavy load of fruit. 75 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.
- Lady Thompson.** Berries medium in size, of very rich flavor; very productive; a thrifty grower and a great drought-resister.
- McAlpine.** Late; a heavy yielder; berries are large and full to the very last pickings. \$1.25 per doz., \$5 per 100.
- McKinley.** For large size, beauty, great productiveness, and high quality, it stands high among Strawberries. A most remarkable variety, ripening in mid-season.



Gandy Strawberry

- Manhattan.** This is a New Jersey berry of large production. The berries are large, of fine sweet flavor, and juicy. \$4 per 100.
- Marshall.** One of the richest flavored Strawberries grown. Always the leader. Dark crimson when fully ripe, and of large size. Mid-season.
- Michel's Early.** One of the earliest perfect-flowering sorts in cultivation that will produce a full crop. A robust grower; will not rust or mildew; yields large, handsome berries of excellent flavor.
- New Home.** As late and as large as Gandy. Fruit of bright red color, uniformly large. A good keeper and shipper. \$4 per 100.
- New York.** Berries are very large, some rather pointed, while others are thick and broad; dark scarlet with no green sides or tips; quality is good. Plants grow large and stalky. Mid-season.
- Oom Paul.** Fruit is very large, sometimes flattened; color dark red both inside and out; flesh is firm and of good quality. Valuable for home or commercial purposes. Mid-season to late.
- Pride of Delaware.** A large, firm, evenly colored berry; plants hold the fruit up well from the ground. Ripens a few days before Gandy.
- Ryckman.** Its great size and productiveness, thrifty growth, and delicious flavor make it one of the most valuable berries ever grown. It is noted as an extremely valuable variety for poor soils. Mid-season.
- Senator Dunlap.** Fruit is large, dark red in color, and has very rich flavor. Plants are exceedingly prolific. Medium to late.
- Sharpless.** Thrives better in rich, strong soil. Berries are very large, irregular in shape, moderately firm, and of good quality. One of the best for table use. Mid-season.
- Success.** It is the best of the large early varieties that we have fruited. The plant is exceptionally vigorous and prolific. Berries are firm and bright crimson in color.
- Townsend's Late.** Season just ahead of Gandy; a strong, hardy grower, making plenty of deep-rooted plants. Fruit very large, round, and of uniform size; deep red to the center, no green tips; fine, mild flavor.
- Warren.** The fruit is very large and handsome; it is one of the first to sell at a good price. The plants are good growers, extra large, with thick, dark green foliage.



Planting of Herbaceous Perennials

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS AND ROCK PLANTS

All the old-fashioned flowers which, for centuries, have been the delight of our forefathers, are to be found in this class of plants. As their name implies, each autumn they die down to or near the ground and the next spring come forth with fresh vigor.

These plants enjoy a popularity that constantly grows greater. They are easy to cultivate, many new varieties are being produced, and the old types are being improved. They may be used as borders, in woodland, or the natural garden, and even in formal flower-gardens and their effect is always striking and satisfying. A beautiful series of bloom from early spring to late fall may be had by reason of their different times of flowering and their great variety of color. For cutting the flowers also have great value. Fairly good soil is required; they should be kept free of weeds, and, as with most other plants, an occasional application of manure will be useful.

We have compiled lists of plants suitable for different requirements, not only as to time of flowering and height, but also as to color, location, and habit of growth. Planting lists and specifications for the planting of borders and rockeries are prepared on request. These all, with our other special service, are at the disposal of our patrons and we shall gladly respond to requests for information in these projects.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

ACANTHUS. *Bear's Breech.* Stately plants of sub-tropical appearance suitable for the border or for isolated positions on the lawn. Should be given slight protection during the winter.

mollis. Large, handsome, deep green leaves and strong spikes of purple and white flowers. 3 ft. June to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

spinosus. Deeply cut thistle-like foliage; rosy purple flowers. 3 ft. June to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

ACHILLEA. *Milfoil, or Yarrow.* An extremely varied and useful family, ranging in height from a few inches to 6 feet. The dwarf kinds are suitable for carpeting or for the rock-garden, the taller ones for the border.

filipendulina. A strong-growing species, with large flat heads of yellow flowers. 3 ft. June, July.

Achillea *Millefolium roseum.* Heads of soft rose flowers. 1½ to 2 ft. June to Aug.

Ptarmica fl.-pl., The Pearl. One of the most useful, hardy plants for cutting. The pure white, double flowers are produced in great profusion throughout the summer. 2 to 2½ ft.

Ptarmica, Boule de Neige. Compact habit; double white flowers. First-class plants for front of border. 1 ft. June to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

tomentosa. A useful plant for the rock-garden. Its bright yellow flowers are freely produced in June, and frequently again in the fall. 6 in.

ACONITUM. *Monkshood.* A popular and highly ornamental genus, the various species having a flowering period from June until fall. All the Monkshoods are best suited by a partially shaded position, in well-manured soil.

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

Aconitum autumnale. Violet-purple flowers. Aug., Sept. 3 ft.

Fischeri. Large porcelain-blue flowers; blooms when most other hardy plants are finished. Sept., Oct. 2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Napellus. Dark blue flowers. 3 ft. July, Aug.
Napellus album. A white form of the above. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Napellus bicolor. Blue and white flowers. 2 to 3 ft. July, Aug.

Napellus, Spark's Variety. One of the most attractive hardy plants of recent introduction. Vigorous grower; dark blue flowers. 4 to 5 ft. July, Aug. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Wilsonii. A recent introduction from China. Strong grower; large violet-blue flowers. 5 to 6 ft. Sept., Oct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

3 each of 6 varieties of Aconitums \$3 00
6 each of 6 varieties of Aconitums 6 00
Our selection

ACORUS. *Sweet Flag.* Sweet-scented plants, with flag-like foliage, suitable for the waterside or bog-garden.

Calamus. Green foliage. 2 ft.

Calamus variegatus. Leaves striped with pale yellow.

ACTÆA. *Baneberry.* Ornamental berried plants, succeeding best in partial shade.

spicata. White flowers followed by ivory-like berries in the fall. 1½ to 2 ft.

spicata rubra. White flowers followed by coral-red berries. 1½ to 2 ft.

ADENOPHORA Potanini. *Gland Bellflower.* A striking novelty. Growing to the height of 2 feet, it produces branching spikes covered with drooping, pale, lustrous, blue, bell-shaped flowers. July to Sept. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

ADONIS. *Bird's Eye.* Early-flowering, shade-loving plants, having yellow flowers and finely divided, fern-like foliage.

amurensis. Large single flowers. 1 ft. April, May. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

amurensis fl.-pl. Double flowers. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

pyrenaica. Deep yellow flowers. 1 ft. May, June. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

vernalis. 1 ft. April, May. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

ÆTHIONEMA. A genus of low-growing, free-flowering sub-shrubs, suitable for well-drained, sunny positions on the rock-garden.

grandiflorum. An erect-growing bush, with bright pink flowers. 1 ft. June, July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

iberideum. A white-flowered trailer, well adapted for crevices or for growing on walls. April. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

AGROSTEMMA. *Mullein Pink.* Free-flowering, decorative plants of the easiest culture; they are most effective when grown in large masses.

coronaria. Masses of crimson flowers, forming a pleasing contrast with the silvery downy foliage. 2 ft. June, July.

coronaria alba. A pure white form of the above.

AJUGA. *Bugle.* Trailing plants, useful for covering barren spaces under trees.

genevensis. Bright blue flowers. 6 in. May, June.
reptans atropurpurea. Bronze foliage and purple flowers. May.



Alyssum saxatile compactum

ALTHÆA. *Hollyhock.* Among the most popular of old-fashioned garden flowers, their tall, stately flower-spikes make them a prominent feature during July and August. A deep, well-manured soil is essential for their full development. Double in separate colors—carmine-rose, rose, white, yellow, rose-salmon, pink, and crimson. Single and double mixed.

ALYSSUM. *Madwort.* A genus of dwarf plants, suitable for sunny positions on the rock-garden or front of herbaceous border.

argenteum. Small silvery leaves; much branched habit; masses of yellow flowers. 1 ft. May, June.

saxatile compactum. Yellow flowers in greatest profusion during May. 1 ft.

saxatile fl.-pl. A double form of the foregoing, having a longer flowering period. 1 ft. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

ANCHUSA. A group of plants that has been much improved during recent years and includes some of the most valuable and attractive, early, summer-flowering perennials. Ideal subjects for the border and effective in the woodland.

italica, Dropmore Variety. A striking plant, producing spikes of gentian-blue flowers during June. 4 to 5 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

italica, Opal. Similar to the above, but with turquoise-blue flowers. 4 to 5 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

italica, Perry's Variety. A variety with very large deep blue flowers borne on spreading branches. 4 to 5 ft. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

myosotidiflora. A distinct species of recent introduction, producing masses of bright blue, forget-me-not flowers during May. A valuable plant for a shady position on the rock-garden. 1 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

ANEMONE. *Windflower.* One of the largest and most useful families of hardy plants, varying in time of flowering from early spring until fall, and in height from 6 inches to 3 to 4 feet. The Japanese varieties are valuable for their late-flowering qualities and should be planted in a position where they can remain undisturbed for several years; protection during winter is advisable. The *Hepatica* varieties are excellent for shady spots on the rock-garden.

angulosa. Blue flowers. 6 in. April, May.

Hepatica. Rose-colored flowers. 6 in. April.

Hepatica alba. White flowers. 6 in. April.

Hepatica rubra. Dark rose flowers. 6 in. April.

pennsylvanica. Large, pure white flowers, freely produced throughout the summer. A first-class plant for naturalizing in woodland. 1 ft.

Pulsatilla. Violet-purple flowers, followed by seed vessels covered with silky hairs, making the whole plant attractive for a long period. It is best suited in a sunny position in soil containing plenty of lime. 1 ft. April, May. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

sylvestris. Large, drooping, white flowers like gigantic snowdrops. 1 ft. April, May.

japonica alba. Pure white. 3 ft. Sept. to Nov.

japonica, Alice. Carmine-rose. 3 ft. Sept. to Nov.

japonica, Collarette. Large pure white flowers. 3 ft. Sept. to Nov. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

japonica elegantissima. Large semi-double flowers of an exquisite satiny pink. Vigorous grower. 4 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

japonica, Mont Rose. Pink semi-double flowers of great substance. 3 ft. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

japonica, Queen Charlotte. Silvery pink. 3 ft.

japonica rubra. Red. 3 ft.

japonica, Silver Cup. Large, semi-double, pure white flowers. 3 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

japonica, Whirlwind. White flowers with double row of petals. 3 ft.

3 each of 6 varieties of *Anemone japonica*.....\$3 00

6 each of 6 varieties of *Anemone japonica*..... 6 00

Our selection

ANTHEMIS nobilis. *Chamomile.* A fragrant herb, with white flowers. 1 ft. May, June.

tinctoria Kelwayi. A useful plant for cutting; rich yellow flowers. 2 ft. June to Oct.

ANTHERICUM Liliastrum major. *St. Bruno's Lily.* A handsome border plant with grass-like foliage, producing spikes of snow-white flowers, prized for cutting. 2 ft. June, July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

AQUILEGIA. *Columbine.* A large and attractive family of spring-flowering plants indispensable for the herbaceous border and rock-garden. Their various-colored flowers are valuable for cutting and are adapted to any form of floral arrangement. They are extremely hardy and will thrive in any well-drained soil.

californica hybrida. A various-colored strain in which red and gold predominate. 1½ to 2 ft. May, June.

canadensis. Scarlet and yellow flowers. 2 ft. May, June.

chrysantha. Graceful habit, soft yellow flowers. 2½ ft. May, June.

cærulea. Blue and white. 2 ft. May, June.

flabellata. Dwarf; pure white. 1 ft. May, June.



Anemone japonica

Aquilegia glandulosa. A native of Siberia and undoubtedly the most beautiful of all *Columbines*. The foliage is dainty and does not exceed 9 inches in height. The flowers are deep blue, with pure white centers, and are borne on thin wiry stems about 15 inches in height. Effective in the rock-garden or massed in the border. May, June. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

nivea grandiflora. Vigorous grower. Pure white flowers. 2 ft. May, June.

Skinneri. Orange-scarlet and yellow. 2 ft. May, June.

truncata. Scarlet and golden yellow. 1½ ft. May, June.

Veitch's Long-spurred Hybrids. A very beautiful strain of *Columbines*, bearing flowers of many rich and varied colors with broad petals and long spurs. 2 ft. May, June.

ARABIS. *Rock Cress.* Dwarf, early-flowering plants, useful for rock-garden, border edging, or spring bedding. When used as a ground work for Darwin tulips they are especially effective.

alpina. Pure white flowers. 9 in. April, May.

alpina fl.-pl. A double form of the above and a much superior plant. Owing to its not producing seed, the flowering period is much prolonged. The flowers are valuable for cutting. 9 in. April, May. 25 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

ARENARIA (Sandwort) montana. A trailing plant for the rock-garden; the pure white flowers are so numerous as to hide the foliage. April, May. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

ARMERIA. *Thrift.* Extremely floriferous dwarf plants of tufted habit, suitable for front of border or rock-garden. The best effect is obtained by planting in large masses.

maritima. Compact globular heads of bright pink flowers. 6 in. May, June.

maritima alba. A white variety of the foregoing.

maritima Lauchiana. Compact grower, with deep rose flowers. 6 in. May, June. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each \$1.50 per doz.



ARTEMISIA. A family comprising flowering and ornamental foliage plants. The leaves of many species give off an aromatic odor when bruised.

Abrotanum. *Southernwood.* A very popular old-fashioned garden plant of bush-like habit, having finely divided foliage possessing a refreshing fragrance. 2 to 3 ft. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

lactiflora. One of the best hardy plants of recent introduction. It throws up numerous erect stems, each one terminating in a long spirea-like plume of creamy white flowers. While this plant will grow in ordinary soil, the best results are obtained by growing it in a moist situation. 5 to 6 ft. Aug. to Oct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Stelleriana. Finely divided silvery foliage. Its trailing habit and rapid growth make it a valuable plant for quickly covering barren spaces.

ASCLEPIAS incarnata rosea. *Swamp Milkweed.* Rose-colored flowers borne in flat umbels. 2 to 3 ft. July, Aug.

tuberosa. Bright orange-yellow flowers, followed by conspicuous seed vessels. 2 ft. July, Aug.

ASPERULA odorata. *Woodruff.* Masses of small white flowers in spring. The foliage has the scent of new-mown hay. Excellent for naturalizing in woodland. 1 ft.

ASPHODELUS luteus. *Asphodel.* Tufts of grass-like foliage from which arise stout 4-foot stems, the upper half being covered with closely arranged yellow flowers. May, June. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

ASTER. *Michaelmas Daisy, or Starwort.* The Aster family is chiefly native of North America, and the wild species have been largely used in Europe for hybridizing. The resultant varieties are a great improvement on the Starworts so common on the roadsides and in the swamps of many parts of this country. The great

Aster, continued

variety of color, size of flowers, height, diversity in time of flowering, and extreme hardiness of the Starworts make them highly desirable subjects for various forms of garden decoration. In herbaceous borders and shrubberies, and naturalized in woodland, they can be used with great effect. Most of the varieties are also useful for providing a supply of cut-flowers. Some of the newest and most beautiful follow.

acris. Very distinct species and one of the earliest to flower. Large, shaggy heads of lavender-blue flowers in greatest profusion. 2 ft. Aug., Sept. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Amellus bessarabicus. Large, deep, rich violet flowers. 2 ft. Aug., Sept. 25c. ea., \$2.50 per doz.

Amellus major. Dark violet-blue flowers borne on loose spreading branches. 2 ft. Aug., Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Amellus, Perry's Favorite. One of the most distinct and beautiful of this section. The flowers are large, of a delicate rose-pink, and are so freely produced as entirely to hide the foliage. 1½ to 2 ft. Aug., Sept. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Amellus roseus. Lilac-rose. 2 ft. Aug., Sept.

Amellus, Ultramarine. One of the newest. It forms large branching heads, 2 feet across, of intense ultramarine-blue flowers. 2 ft. Aug., Sept. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

amethystinus. A much-branched species, being covered in October with small amethyst-blue flowers. 4 to 5 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Climax. One of the best Starworts of recent introduction. The flowers are 2 inches in diameter and are of an exquisite shade of pale mauve with full golden yellow centers. They are arranged on long branching stems and are freely produced. 5 to 6 ft. Sept., Oct. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Collarette Rose. Soft rose-pink. 4 ft. Sept., Oct. **cordifolius, Ideal.** Pale lavender flowers borne in the greatest profusion on slender graceful stems. 3 to 4 ft. Oct. 25c. ea., \$2.50 per doz.

Edna Mercia. Large bright red flowers. 3 ft. Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

ericoides, Enchantress. Forms dense bushes of heath-like foliage, thickly studded with small, dainty, blush-white flowers. 4 ft. Sept. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

ericoides, Katie. A compact bush, smothered with small white flowers. 3 ft. Sept., Oct. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

ericoides, Ringdove. Small, pale lavender flowers with conspicuous yellow centers. 3 ft. Sept., Oct. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Forget-me-not. White. 2 ft. Aug., Sept.

Feltham Blue. Strong grower; large clear blue flowers. 4 ft. Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

grandiflorus. One of the latest to bloom; very large violet-blue flowers. 3 ft. Oct., Nov. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Hon. Edith Gibbs. One of the best Asters yet introduced. The flowers are a dainty rosy lavender and are profusely borne on long arching sprays which reach to the ground. The whole effect is that of a fountain of flower. 3½ ft. Sept., Oct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

novæ-angliæ. Violet-purple. 4 ft. Sept., Oct.

novæ-angliæ, Brilliant. Glistening reddish crimson flowers, 2 inches across. 4 ft. Sept., Oct. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.



Hardy Asters

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS



Border of Campanulas

Aster novæ-angliæ, Lil Fardel. Of recent introduction. Rich, clear pink flowers. 4 ft. Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

novæ-angliæ, Mrs. S. T. Wright. Distinct shade of purple. 4 ft. Sept., Oct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Perry's Pink. Glistening reddish pink flowers, borne in branching heads on erect stems. 3 ft. Sept., Oct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Peggy Ballard. A sensational novelty of recent introduction. The plant has a compact erect habit and the flowers are a bright violet-purple, completely double, and borne on long sprays. 3 ft. Sept., Oct. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

St. Egwin. Forms a compact symmetrical bush 2½ feet in height and is entirely covered during September with large clear pink flowers. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Snowflake. Small pure white flowers. 2½ ft. Sept., Oct.

tataricus. A distinct species with large bluish violet flowers. 5 to 6 ft. Oct.

T. S. Ware. Pale blue. 3½ ft. Sept.

trinervius. Violet-purple. 2 to 3 ft. Oct.

White Queen. Pure white. 3 ft. Sept.

1 each of 12 varieties of Asters	\$1.50 and \$2 50
3 each of 12 varieties of Asters	4.00 and 7 00
12 each of 12 varieties of Asters	15.00 and 26 50

Our selection

Asters, Dwarf Alpine.

alpinus. Large bluish purple flowers; good rock-garden plant. 9 in. May, June.

alpinus albus. Pure white.

alpinus rubra. Reddish purple.

sub-cæruleus. A little-known and somewhat new Himalayan species. It is of compact tufted habit and produces numerous erect stems, 18 inches in height, each bearing a solitary, glowing purple flower, 2 to 3 inches across. June, July. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

ASTILBE Davidii. *Goat's Beard.* A novelty from China, thriving best in a moist position. Erect spirea-like plumes of rosy pink flowers are borne in erect branching spikes. 5 to 6 ft. Aug., Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

ASTRANTIA major. *Masterwort.* Pale pink heads of flowers. A plant for a damp situation. 2 ft. June, July. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

AUBRIETIA. *False Rock Cress.* A charming group of rock plants whose beauty and usefulness are not nearly enough appreciated. For old walls, rock-gardens, sloping banks, or herbaceous borders Aubrietias are invaluable. For spring bedding they can be used with great effect, associated with white arabis and yellow alyssum.

Dr. Mules. Rich, glowing purple flowers. Compact habit. 6 in. April, May. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Leichtlinii. Bright reddish crimson. 6 in. April, May. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

BAPTISIA australis. *False Indigo.* A robust-growing, lupin-like plant with sprays of rich dark blue flowers. 2 ft. June, July.

BELLIS perennis. *English Daisy.* Well-known spring-flowering plant. Pink and white mixed. 6 in. May, June. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

BOCCONIA cordata. *Plume Poppy.* A vigorous and stately plant, bearing panicles of creamy white flowers on 6 to 8-foot stems. An excellent subject for the shrubbery or for naturalizing in large masses in woodland. July, Aug.

BOLTONIA. *False Starwort.* Strong-growing aster-like plants, well adapted for woodland planting. **asteroides.** White flowers. 5 to 6 ft. Aug., Sept. **latisquama.** Pink flowers in great profusion. 5 to 6 ft. Sept.

latisquama nana. A dwarf variety of the preceding. 3 ft. Sept.

CACTUS, Hardy Varieties.

Echinocactus Simpsonii. Forms a globe 2 to 3 inches in diameter; flowers pale pink.

Echinocactus viridescens. Covered with red, purple, and white spines; green flowers.

Opuntia arenaria. Long, straw-colored spines; large yellow flowers.

Opuntia Camanchica. Large yellow flowers.

Opuntia phæacantha major. Rapid grower; yellow flowers.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

Cactus, Opuntia polyantha. Very showy, with long white, brown, and purple spines.

Opuntia Rafinesquii. Flowers large, sulphur-yellow.

All Cactus, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

CALIMERIS incisa. *Starwort.* An attractive aster-like plant, with pale blue flowers. 2 ft. July, Aug.

CALLIRHOE involucrata. *Poppy Mallow.* A good rock-garden plant of prostrate habit with rosy crimson, cup-shaped flowers, blooming from June to Sept.

CALTHA palustris. *Marsh Marigold.* A low-growing plant, with bright yellow flowers, requiring a moist position. 9 in. May, June.

palustris fl.-pl. A double form of the preceding.

CAMPANULA. *Bellflower, Hairbell.* A large and beautiful family of the greatest value for general garden decoration. Found in every quarter of the globe, they vary from dainty dwarf species, a few inches high, to strong-growing kinds which attain a height of 6 to 8 feet. With few exceptions they are of the easiest culture, thriving in any ordinary well-drained soil. The following list contains a number of species and varieties offered for the first time in America.

alliariaefolia. Creamy white flowers. 2 ft. July.

carpaticea. A dwarf plant for the rock-garden, covered during July and August with large blue cup-shaped flowers. 9 in.

carpaticea alba. A white variety of the preceding.

glomerata. A robust grower and very floriferous. Clusters of tubular violet-purple flowers on erect stems. 18 inches high. June to Aug.

grandis. A highly desirable species for the border. The flower-stems issue from a tuft of rich green foliage and attain a height of 2 to 3 feet. They are covered nearly the whole length with flat, pale blue flowers. July, Aug. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

latifolia macrantha. Large, deep purple flowers. 2½ ft. July, Aug.

latifolia Van Houttei. A distinct and attractive variety. Drooping, deep blue, tubular flowers are freely borne on graceful slender stems. 2 ft. June to Aug. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Medium. *Canterbury Bells.* Well-known and popular favorites. Invaluable for making a bright display during June. 2 ft. Can be supplied in blue, white, and pink.

persicifolia. Large blue flowers. 2 ft. June, July.

persicifolia alba. White variety of the above.

persicifolia alba grandiflora. A much improved variety. Enormous white, cup-shaped flowers are freely produced on robust stems, growing to the height of 3 to 3½ feet. June, July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

persicifolia Mørheimi. A first-class novelty. Similar to the preceding, except that the flowers are semi-double. A useful plant for cutting, the flowers lasting well in water. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

punctata. White, nodding, bell-shaped flowers, spotted with rose. 1½ ft. June.

pulla. A dainty little rock plant, forming a dense carpet of fresh green foliage and studded during July with solitary dark purple, tubular flowers, borne on wiry stems. 6 inches high. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Campanula pusilla alba. Another first-class rock plant. During June and July the satiny white flowers entirely hide the foliage. 6 in. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

pusilla, Miss Willmott. One of the most sensational introductions of recent years. The flowers are cup-shaped and slightly reflexed at the mouth, about one inch in length and half an inch across, and are borne on a multitude of stems 6 to 8 inches in height. The color is pale luminous blue. For massing on the rock-garden or front of the border, it has few equals. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.



Perennial Border

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

- Campanula pyramidalis.** Blue flowers on massive spikes. 4 to 6 ft. July, Aug.
pyramidalis alba. White variety of the above.
rapunculoides. Blue flowers. 2 to 3 ft. June, July.
Trachelium. Purple flowers. 3 ft. June, July.
CARYOPTERIS mastacanthus. *Blue Spirea.* A dwarf, compact shrub with grayish foliage, being covered during fall with trusses of lavender-purple flowers. 2 to 3 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
CASSIA marylandica. *Indian Senna.* Bright yellow flowers. 5 ft. July to Sept.
CATANANCHE. *Cupidone.* Free-flowering, old-fashioned garden plants. The flowers last a long time when cut.
cærulea. Blue. 2 ft. June to Aug.
cærulea bicolor. White flowers with blue centers.
CEDRONELLA cana. *Balm of Gilead.* A bushy plant, having a pungent but pleasing odor; purple flowers all summer. 2 ft. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
CENTAUREA. *Knapweed.* Strong-growing, free-flowering plants, of easy culture.
dealbata. Deeply cut foliage, white on the under side; bright rose-pink flowers. 2 ft. July to Sept.
macrocephala. An imposing plant, with handsome foliage, and having large, golden, thistle-like flowers. 4 to 5 ft. July, Aug.
montana. A handsome border plant, with slightly woolly leaves and blue flowers resembling those of the Cornflower. 1½ ft. June to Sept.
montana alba. A white variety of the preceding.

- Centaurea montana rosea.** A pink variety.
ruthenica. A graceful plant with fennel-like foliage and large, pale yellow flowers, freely produced on erect stems. 3 ft. July. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
CENTRANTHUS ruber. *Red Valerian.* An old-fashioned border plant. The flowers are deep red and are borne in bold clusters on woody stems. 2 ft. June, July.
ruber albus. A white variety.
CEPHALARIA alpina. *Roundheads.* A tall graceful plant, with yellow scabious-like flowers. 6 ft. June, July.
CERASTIUM tomentosum. *Mouse-ear Chickweed.* A prostrate trailer, with white downy foliage covered in spring with snow-white flowers. A splendid plant for the rock-garden, old walls, or for carpeting.
CHAMÆPEUCE Diacantha. *Fishbone Thistle.* An ornamental foliage plant, with shining green leaves marked with silvery lines, and having ivory-white spines. 3 to 4 ft. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
CHEIRANTHUS Cheiri. *Wallflower.* A useful plant for spring bedding; yellow and bronze flowers. Requires protection during winter. 1½ ft. April, May.
CHELONE. Handsome border plants, nearly allied to the pentstemon; of easy culture.
glabra. Creamy white flowers on stout 2-foot stems. July, Aug.
Lyonii. Deep pink. 2 ft. July, Aug.

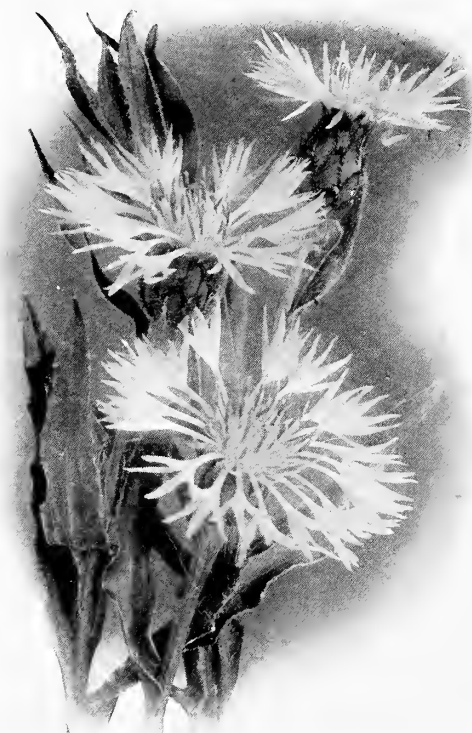
CHRYSANTHEMUMS

The development of the hardy Chrysanthemum has made it possible to have the garden bright with flowers long after the majority of hardy herbaceous plants are past. The various-colored flowers are excellent for cutting. The following list is a selection of the best varieties in cultivation.

Hardy Early-Flowering Varieties

- Aquitaine.** Salmon-bronze; large.
Border Beauty. Orange, tipped with gold.
Chaldon. Reddish crimson; large flowers.
Eden. Beautifully formed; rose pink.
Evelyn. Extra-fine bronze; very free and showy; large.
Excelsior. Dwarf; large reflexed flower, canary-yellow.
Glory of Seven Oaks. Golden yellow.
Goacher's Crimson. Bright crimson; large flowers.
Jardin des Plantes. White; free flowering; medium size.
Jimmie. Rosy purple; extra free blooming; large.
L'Argenteuillais. Best red variety; early; large.
Mary Richardson. Single; buff color.
Mignon. Rosy pink.
Narcissus. Good, single yellow; large flower.
Nina Blick. Golden bronze; changing to yellow.
Normandie. Pale pink; white center; large.
October Gold. Golden yellow; early and free; large.
Perle Chattillonnaise. Creamy white.
Primevere. Primrose.
Wallace. Good, bright yellow; medium size.
Wm. Sabey. Good yellow; medium size.

1 each of 12 varieties of Hardy Early-flowering varieties. \$1 25
 3 each of 12 varieties of Hardy Early-flowering varieties. 3 25
 12 each of 12 varieties of Hardy Early-flowering varieties. 10 50
 Our selection



Centaurea montana

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS



Coreopsis grandiflora

Hardy Pompon Chrysanthemums

- Alena*. Good soft pink; free bloomer.
- Baby*. Clear, bright yellow. Large. Button variety.
- Baby Marguerite*. White sport from *Baby*.
- Dawn*. Good soft pink; early.
- Diana*. Large, pure white flowers; late.
- Fairy Queen*. Clear pink; midsummer.
- Harvest Moon*. New, clear golden yellow; first class for cutting. Very prolific. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.
- Iva*. Deep bronze.
- Joe. Boone*. Small white flowers; very free; dwarf.
- Lillian Doty*. Beautiful shell-pink.
- Little Pet*. Lavender-pink; late.
- Lula*. White.
- Lyndhurst*. Deep red. Button variety.
- Nio*. Whitish pink. Button variety.
- Queen of Whites*. Pure white.
- Souvenir d'Or*. Golden bronze.
- Viola*. Reddish carmine; unusual shade.

Plants for spring delivery, 2¼-inch pots, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100

1 each of 12 varieties of Hardy Pompon varieties.....\$1 25
 3 each of 12 varieties of Hardy Pompon varieties..... 3 25
 12 each of 12 varieties of Hardy Pompon varieties.....10 50
 Our selection

CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM

Shasta Daisy

Very free-flowering plants that have been much improved during recent years. The following list is a selection of the newest and best varieties and a great advance on the older forms. All have white flowers.

- James Cocker*. Medium-sized flowers on stout stems. 2 ft. June to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- King Edward VII*. Erect habit; large flowers. 2½ ft. June to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

CHRYSANTHEMUM MAXIMUM, continued

Mrs. Head. A strong grower; large flowers. 2½ ft. June to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Moonlight. Fine large flowers with broad petals. 2½ ft. June to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Robinsonii. Large flowers, with narrow lacinated petals. June to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

CHRYSANTHEMUM nipponicum. A sub-shrubby species; white flowers. 1½ ft.

uliginosum. A tall, robust grower; white flowers with green centers. 4 to 5 ft. Aug., Sept.

CIMICIFUGA. *Snakeroot*. Vigorous herbaceous plants for moist situations or for naturalizing in woodland.

japonica. Bright green foliage and erect spikes of feathery white flowers. 2 ft. Aug., Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

racemosa. Large, handsome, glossy leaves, with graceful branching spikes of pure white flowers. 4 ft. July, Aug. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

simplex. A rare and distinct species; dense spikes of feathery white flowers. 3 ft. Sept. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

CLEMATIS Davidiana. Forms a sturdy bush with luxuriant foliage. The flowers are bright porcelain-blue and appear in hyacinth-like clusters on long stalks during August and September. A highly desirable plant for the border. 3 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

recta. Heads of white sweet-scented flowers from June to August. 2½ ft. 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.

CONVALLARIA majalis. *Lily-of-the-Valley*. Pure white, fragrant flowers. Extra-large clumps.

COREOPSIS grandiflora. *Tickseed*. An extremely free-flowering plant of biennial duration. The large golden yellow flowers are borne on long slender stems, making it an invaluable plant for cutting. 2 ft. June to Oct.

CORONILLA varia. *Crown Vetch*. A vigorous trailer, useful for rough banks; pink and white pea-shaped flowers. 1 to 2 ft. June to Aug.

CRUCIANELLA stylosa. *Crosswort*. A rapid-growing, spreading rock plant, with bright rose-pink flowers.

DELPHINIUM. *Larkspur*. Few plants have a higher decorative value in the garden than the Larkspurs. Bearing long bold spikes of flowers which range in color from palest sky-blue to the darkest shades of indigo and violet, they are unrivaled for producing blue effects in the herbaceous border. Their chief cultural requirements are a deep well-manured soil and copious supplies of water during the summer. To assist in conserving the moisture in the soil, a mulching of manure will be of value. A succession of flowers can be obtained by removing the flower-spikes as soon as they are past.

Amos Perry. One of the finest Larkspurs yet introduced. The flowers are large and semi-double, of a rich rosy mauve, lined with sky-blue, and are borne on massive spikes 6 feet high. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Andrew Carnegie. Extra-large double flowers; soft lilac with blue center. 75c. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Belladonna. Well-known and highly popular variety; sky-blue flowers, freely borne on numerous branching stems. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Belladonna semi-plena. A semi-double form of the preceding. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

Delphinium Capri. Graceful many-branched spikes of single azure-blue flowers. 4 to 5 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

chinense. Very free-flowering species, with finely divided foliage; gentian-blue flowers. 1½ ft.

chinense album. White variety of the above.

chinense cineraria. Dark blue spurless flowers; graceful habit. 1½ ft.

formosum. Dark blue flowers with white centers; vigorous habit. 3 to 4 ft.

Hugo Portman. Large pale blue, semi-double flowers, on stout spikes. 4 to 5 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

K. T. Caron. Bright gentian-blue with white centers. 4 to 5 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

King of Delphiniums. An outstanding variety of great merit. Tall stately spikes of large semi-double, deep purple flowers with white eye. 5 to 6 ft. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Lize van Veen. Immense, pure blue, single flowers. 4 to 5 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Mørheimi. The only pure white tall Larkspur. It throws up graceful branched spikes covered with large snow-white flowers. Invaluable for cutting. 4 to 5 ft. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Delphinium, Persimmon. A strong-growing, much-improved Belladonna. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Polar Star. Ivory-white, semi-double flowers on branching stems. 2 to 3 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Queen Wilhelmina. A very vigorous and showy variety. Massive spikes of large, pale blue, double flowers. 6 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Rev. E. Lascelles. Bold spikes of large, deep blue flowers with conspicuous white eye. Extra fine. 4 to 5 ft. \$1 each, \$10 per doz.

Rosenlust. Double blue flowers with pink centers. 4 to 5 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Salland. Graceful and extremely free-flowering variety of branching habit. Single dark blue flowers. 4 to 5 ft. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

1 each of 12 choice varieties of Delphinium.....	\$6 50
3 each of 12 choice varieties of Delphinium.....	19 00
12 each of 12 choice varieties of Delphinium.....	72 00

Our selection

DIANTHUS. One of the most valuable families, containing, besides the Sweet Williams and Pinks, many beautiful rock and border plants. (For Sweet Williams and Pinks, see separate headings.)

deltoides. A dwarf trailer, covered from June to August with bright rosy pink flowers. A gem for the rock-garden.

deltoides albus. A white variety of the preceding.

cruentus. Close heads of rich crimson flowers on slender wiry stems. 1½ ft. June, July.

latifolius atrococcineus fl.-pl. Deep crimson, double flowers, profusely produced throughout summer. 1½ ft.

plumarius. Single, fringed flowers in mixed colors.

DICTAMNUS. *Gas Plant.* Handsome, free-flowering, bush-like plants with fragrant foliage. They emit a vapor which will ignite if a match is applied on a still evening; hence the popular name.

caucasicus. A strong grower; deep purple flowers. 4 ft. June, July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Fraxinella. Red flowers. 2½ ft.

Fraxinella alba. A white variety.

DIELYTRA. *Bleeding-Heart.* Very popular, old-fashioned garden flowers, having attractive, finely divided foliage and being extremely free blooming.

All Herbaceous Perennials unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



A fine range of color in our hardy garden Larkspur

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

Dielytra formosa. Combines fern-like grace with profusion of pink flowers. 1 ft. May to Aug.
spectabilis. Heart-shaped, rose-crimson flowers, borne along slender arching stalks. 2½ ft. April to June.

DIGITALIS. *Foxglove.* Tall, stately plants, valuable for borders or naturalizing.
ambigua. Yellow, veined brown. 2 to 3 ft. June, July.

lanata. Creamy white. 2 to 3 ft. June, July.
purpurea. Rose-purple or white. 3 ft. June, July.

DORONICUM. *Leopard's Bane.* Showy plants, valuable for being amongst the first hardy plants to flower.

austriacum. Yellow daisy-like flowers. 1½ ft. May.
plantagineum excelsum. Bright yellow; early spring.

ECHINACEA purpurea. *Purple Coneflower.* A free-flowering plant, of erect habit, throwing up stout flower-spikes 3 to 4 feet high, crowned with large pink flowers 4 to 6 inches across. July, Aug.

ECHINOPS. *Globe Thistle.* Robust-growing plants, valued for their handsome, thistle-like foliage and globular heads of flowers.

Ritro. Heads of glistening blue flowers on stout stems. 3½ ft. July, Aug.

sphaerocephalus. An imposing plant, with white heads of flowers. 6 ft. July, Aug.

EPIGÆA repens. *Trailing Arbutus.* A very popular, prostrate-growing evergreen, bearing clusters of sweet-scented, rose-tinted flowers in May. Peaty soil in a shady position suits it best. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.



Echinacea purpurea

EPILOBIUM angustifolium. *Willow Herb.* A handsome, free-flowering plant, too vigorous for the border but first-class for naturalizing in woodland. Crimson. 3 to 4 ft. June to Aug.

Dodonæi. A dainty dwarf species, suitable for rock-garden or front of border. The whole plant is entirely covered with rose-colored flowers during July and August. 1 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

EPIMEDIUM. *Barrenwort.* Spring-flowering plants, combining floriferousness with handsome foliage. Thrive best in partial shade.

alpinum. Crimson and yellow. 1 ft. May, June.
colchicum. Bright golden yellow.

hexandrum. Very dwarf; pale yellow. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Musschianum. Yellow.

Musschianum rubrum. Red. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

violaceum. Violet. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

EREMURUS. Among the most stately and imposing of all hardy herbaceous plants. Stout, massive spikes, densely clothed with flowers arising from tufts of strap-like leaves. They require a deep well-manured soil and a sheltered situation.

himalaicus. Spikes 6 to 8 feet high, the upper 2 feet clothed with creamy white, lily-shaped flowers. \$1 each.

robustus. Gigantic spikes 7 to 10 feet high, with peach-colored flowers. \$1 each.

ERIGERON. Excellent plants for cutting, bearing aster-like flowers in great profusion.

Asa Gray. A dwarf grower of semi-prostrate habit, bearing masses of apricot-colored flowers. 15 in. June, July. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

glabellus. A dwarf plant, with violet flowers. 1 ft. June, July.

Quakeress. Large violet-blue flowers on branching stems; a continuous bloomer. 2 ft. June to Oct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

speciosus. Bright purple flowers. 2 ft. June to Sept.

ERINUS alpinus. A dwarf, tufted rock plant, bearing a multitude of rosy purple flowers on short stalks. May to July. 6 in. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

albus. A white variety of the above. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

ERYNGIUM. *Sea Holly.* A group of plants having a somewhat thistle-like appearance, being ornamental in flower, leaf, and stem.

alpinum. Large steel-blue flowers, borne on stems of the same color. 2 ft. July, Aug. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

amethystinum. Stems and flower-heads of amethyst-blue. 1½ ft. July, Aug. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

maritimum. Whitish glaucous flower-heads and prickly leaves of the same color. 1 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Oliverianum. Large rich blue flower-heads and stems. 3 ft. July, Aug. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

planum. Small lavender-blue flower-heads and glistening stems. 2 to 3 ft. July, Aug. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

EUPATORIUM. *Hemp Agrimony.* Strong-growing plants of easy culture, more suited for rougher parts of the garden or woodland than for the herbaceous border.

ageratoides. Pure white ageratum-like flowers. 3 ft. Aug., Sept.

purpureum. Large trusses of purple flowers. In a moist position this plant will reach a height of 8 to 10 feet. Aug.

EUPHORBIA (*Spurge*) *corollata.* White flowers in great profusion on much branched stems. Invaluable for cutting. 2 to 3 ft. July, Aug.

polychroma. Large heads of yellow flowers; glaucous foliage. 2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

HARDY FERNS

Extremely useful subjects for planting in the shade of trees, often succeeding where most other plants would not grow. They delight in soil containing a liberal addition of peat or leaf mold. Many species are best suited to marshy ground.

Adiantum pedatum. *Hardy Maidenhair Fern.* Graceful fronds on long slender stems.

Aspidium acrostichoides. Dark green fronds; evergreen. 1 ft.

marginale. *Evergreen Wood Fern.* 1 to 2 ft.

noveboracense. Fine for massing. 1 to 2 ft.

Asplenium Filix-femina. Finely cut fronds. 1 to 2 ft.

multifidum. 1 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Victoria. Beautifully crested at the tips of the fronds. 12 to 15 in. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Dicksonia punctilobula. *Gossamer Fern.* 15 to 18 in.

Lastrea Filix-mas. *Male Fern.* Evergreen. 15 to 18 in. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Onoclea sensibilis. *Sensitive Fern.* 12 in.

Struthiopteris. Very graceful. 2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Osmunda cinnamomea. *Cinnamon Fern.* Pale green fronds. 2 to 3 ft. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Claytoniana. 2 to 3 ft. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

regalis. *Royal Fern.* Pale green fronds. 2 to 3 ft. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Scolopendrium officinarum. *Hart's Tongue.* Tufts of bright green fronds. 8 to 10 in. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

undulatum. Wavy, crested fronds. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

FUNKIA. *Plaintain Lily.* Ornamental foliage and flowering plants useful for many positions in the garden.

albo-marginata. Green leaves with white margins. 1 ft.

Fortunei. Leathery bluish leaves and pale mauve flowers. 1½ ft.

ovata. Shiny green leaves; spikes of lilac-blue, bell-shaped flowers. 2 ft.

Sieboldiana. Large, glaucous, heart-shaped leaves and pale lilac flowers. 2½ ft.

subcordata grandiflora. Green foliage and spikes of large, pure white, fragrant flowers. 1½ ft.

Thos. Hogg. Variegated foliage and rosy purple flowers. 2 ft. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

GAILLARDIA. *Blanket Flower.* Showy and attractive plants of great value for cutting. A succession of flowers can be obtained by removing the flowers as soon as they are past.

grandiflora. Ranging in color from old gold to rich crimson. 1½ to 2 ft. June to Oct.



Eupatorium ageratoides

Gaillardia, John Harkness. Deep crimson with broad yellow band. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Lady Rolleston. A strong, vigorous grower, bearing a profusion of gigantic rich yellow flowers on long straight stems. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

maxima. Large bright yellow flowers, with rich crimson centers. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

GALAX *aphylla.* *Wand Plant.* A highly desirable plant for a shady nook on the rock-garden or the margins of beds of dwarf shrubs. Its round evergreen leaves take on pleasing tints in the fall. The flowers are white and cluster round wand-like stems. 1 ft. 35c. each, \$3.50 per doz.

GALEGA. *Goat's Rue.* Graceful free-growing plants, bearing trusses of sweet-scented pea-shaped flowers.

officinalis. Erect branching stems, smothered with bright lilac-colored flowers. 2½ to 3 ft. June, July.

officinalis alba. A white variety of the above.

GENTIANA *Andrewsii.* *Closed Gentian.* A free-flowering plant for a moist position; large terminal clusters of blue flowers. 1½ ft. Sept. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

septemfida. Heads of bright blue flowers on spreading stems. A very choice plant for the rock-garden. 6 in. July. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

GERANIUM. *Crane's Bill.* A varied and useful group, containing many plants valuable for both rock-garden and border.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

Geranium balkanum. Rich purple crimson. 1½ ft. May to July.

cinereum. A dwarf species, with slightly silvery leaves and beautifully veined pink flowers. 9 in. June to Aug. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

sanguineum. Prostrate masses of blood-red flowers. 1 ft. May to Aug.

sanguineum album. A white variety.

sanguineum lancastriense. A dwarf variety of prostrate habit, bearing large, saucer-shaped, clear pink flowers delicately veined with crimson. A gem for the rock-garden or front of the border. May to Aug. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

GEUM. Avens. Dwarf attractive plants of compact tufted habit with long period of flowering.

coccineum. Brilliant scarlet flowers, borne on branching stems. 1½ ft. May to Sept.

coccineum, Mrs. Bradshaw. A first-class plant of recent introduction. Large, double, rich scarlet flowers are borne on stout branching stems in the greatest profusion. An invaluable plant for cutting. 1½ to 2 ft. May to Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Heldreichii. From compact green tufts of foliage arise branching stems, bearing rich orange-colored flowers throughout summer. 1 ft.

Heldreichii splendens. An improved form of the preceding; of stronger habit and bearing larger flowers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

John Bradshaw. New. Masses of semi-double flowers are freely produced on graceful branching stems. 2 ft. May to Sept. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

GILLENIA trifoliata. *Indian Physic.* Slender graceful stems, bearing panicles of white flowers tinged with pink. 2 ft. June, July.

GLOBULARIA tricosantha. *Globe Daisy.* Tufts of shiny green foliage, bearing numerous globular heads of pale flowers. A first-rate rock plant. 6 in. June, July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

GUNNERA scabra. *Chilian Rhubarb.* A stately plant, with imposing palm-like leaves. Grown in a sheltered position near the waterside, this plant attains a height of 8 to 10 feet and 15 to 20 feet in diameter. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

GYPSOPHILA. *Chalk Plant.* Very useful, free-flowering plants, varying from dwarf trailing species to tall robust growers. 3 to 4 feet in height.

acutifolia. Strong-branching habit, with numerous bluish-white flowers. 3 to 4 ft. July to Aug.

cerastioides. Dense mats of foliage, studded with large lilac flowers veined pink.

paniculata. *Baby's Breath.* A well-known popular favorite; bears clouds of small white flowers invaluable for cutting. 2 to 3 ft. July, Aug.

paniculata fl.-pl. A double variety of the preceding, possessing all its good qualities in addition to the flowers being very long lasting. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

repens. A strong trailer, invaluable for the rock-garden. June, July.

repens monstrosa. A robust variety of the above. June, July. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.



HARDY ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

The great variety in height, color, and habit of growth to be found among the Ornamental Grasses makes them adaptable for many positions in the garden. The dwarf kinds can be effectively used for edging, while the taller ones make attractive clumps on the lawn, by the waterside, or in the herbaceous border.

Aira cæspitosa folia variegata. *Hair Grass.* Of tufted habit; green and gold foliage, and innumerable panicles of flowers resembling a miniature Pampas Grass. 8 in.

Arrhenatherum bulbosum variegatum. Graceful silver variegated leaves; fine for edging. 6 to 8 in. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Arundo Donax. *Giant Reed.* A majestic plant, making canes 12 feet in height when grown in rich deep soil. Requires protection in winter. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Arundo Donax variegata. Green and white foliage. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Elymus arenarius. *Blue Lyme Grass.* A rampant grower, with silvery glaucous foliage.

Erianthus ravennæ. *Plume Grass.* Somewhat like the Pampas Grass in habit but smaller and having violet-tinged leaves. Graceful flower spikes 5 to 6 feet high. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz. Large clumps, 50 cts.

Eulalia gracillima. Long narrow leaves, borne on graceful arching stems. 4 to 6 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

japonica variegata. Striped white, green, and yellow leaves. 4 to 6 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

japonica zebrina. Similar to the preceding variety, but the leaves are marked with broad yellow bars. 4 to 6 ft. 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Festuca glauca. Dwarf compact tufts of glaucous blue foliage; an excellent edging plant. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Gynerium argenteum. *Pampas Grass.* One of the most effective grasses; massive silvery plumes are borne on stout stems 8 to 10 feet high. Requires protection during winter. Clumps, 25 cts. and 50 cts. each.

Phalaris arundinacea variegata. *Ribbon Grass.* Strong grower; variegated foliage. 3 ft.

Uniola latifolia. Ornamental flat heads in loose panicles. 2 to 3 ft.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

HARDY BAMBOOS

These graceful woody grasses should have a place in every garden. A position sheltered from cutting winds is desirable, and protection should be given in winter.

Arundinaria anceps. Graceful slender stems; green foliage. 8 ft. \$2 each.

auricoma. Yellow-striped leaves. 1 1/2 ft. \$1 each.

Fortunei variegata. Leaves striped white. 2 ft. \$1 each.

Metake. Strong grower; handsome broad leaves. 8 to 15 ft. \$2 each.

Phyllostachys aurea. Light green foliage; slender stems. 5 to 15 ft. \$1 each.

HELENIUM. Sneezeweed. Vigorous, autumn-flowering plants, thriving in any soil. Useful for cutting, as the flowers remain fresh a long time in water.

autumnale, Defiance. Large, deep yellow. 3 1/2 ft. Aug., Sept. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

autumnale, Riverton Beauty. Lemon-yellow flowers with black centers. Aug., Sept. 3 1/2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

autumnale rubrum. New. Loose heads of rich mahogany-crimson flowers. Aug., Sept. 3 1/2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

autumnale striatum. Yellow flowers striped and blotched crimson. Aug., Sept. 3 1/2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

autumnale superbum. Clear yellow. 3 1/2 ft. Aug., Sept.

cupreum. Heads of coppery bronze, borne freely throughout summer. 1 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Hoopesii. Tassel-like heads of rich yellow flowers. 2 ft. June, July.

pumilum magnificum. Erect, much-branched stems, bearing heads of soft yellow flowers. 2 1/2 ft. July, Aug.

HELICHRYSUM bellidioides. A recent introduction of the greatest merit. Of prostrate, trailing habit, it forms masses of silvery gray foliage and during May and June is entirely covered with dainty snow-white flowers. It delights in a sunny position on a bank or the rock-garden. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

HELIANTHUS. Perennial Sunflower. A valuable family of yellow-flowered plants, adapted for massing in large borders, woodland walks, or wild garden; associated with hardy asters, very pleasing color effects can be obtained.

Maximiliani. Clear yellow flowers. 6 to 8 ft. Oct., Nov.

mollis. Lemon-yellow flowers; downy white foliage. 4 ft. Aug., Sept.

multiflorus fl.-pl. Erect bush-like habit; masses of double globular flowers, good for cutting.

orgyalis. A stately plant of sub-tropical appearance. The stems are clothed with long strap-shaped leaves and the flowers appear on stalks growing from the base of each leaf. 8 to 10 ft. Sept.

rigidus, Daniel Dewar. Large single flowers. 6 ft. Aug., Sept.

rigidus, Wolley Dod. Deep yellow. 5 to 6 ft. Sept., Oct.

HELLEBORUS niger. Christmas Rose. Masses of pure white flowers in early spring. Grows best in partial shade. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

HELIOPSIS (Orange Sunflower) Pitcheriana. Golden yellow flowers throughout summer. Useful for cutting. 3 ft.

Pitcheriana semi-plena. Semi-double form of the preceding.

HEMEROCALLIS. Day Lily. Very ornamental foliage and flowering plants, bearing graceful spikes of lily-like flowers.

aurantiaca major. Large orange-colored flowers. 2 ft. June to July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

disticha fl.-pl. Deep orange, shaded crimson; semi-double. 2 ft. June to July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Dr. Regel. Rich orange. 1 1/2 ft. May, June. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Dumortieri. Orange-yellow. 1 1/2 ft. May, June.

flava. Pale yellow fragrant flowers. 2 to 3 ft. June, July.

flava major. Golden yellow; very fragrant. 2 to 3 ft. June, July.

hybrida Baronii. A new hybrid, having immense flowers of a clear citron-yellow. 2 to 3 ft. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Gold Dust. Deep rich orange flowers. 2 to 3 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Sovereign. Large orange flowers with broad petals. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Middendorffii. Orange. May to July. 1 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Thunbergii. Very free flowering; lemon-yellow. 3 ft. June to Aug.

HERACLEUM giganteum. Giant Parsnip. A strong-growing plant of sub-tropical appearance, having large spreading leaves and tall flower-stems bearing terminal clusters of small white flowers. 8 to 10 ft. July, Aug. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

HEUCHERA. Alum Root. During recent years this family has attracted the attention of hybridists, and the many new and beautiful varieties that are now obtainable cause it to stand out as one of the most important for border decoration, the rock-garden, or for



Helianthus mollis

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Heuchera, continued

- supplying cut-flowers. The plants form tufts of evergreen foliage from which arise in greatest profusion graceful spikes of drooping flowers of varying shades of crimson-pink and white.
- brizoides.** Long panicles of brownish flowers; bronzy foliage. 2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- brizoides gracillima.** A lovely and graceful variety, with branching panicles of rich pink flowers. 2 ft. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.
- erubescens.** White flowers flushed pink borne on erect stems. 2½ ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Richardsonii.** White flowers; dark green leaves turning to bronze in the fall. 2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- sanguinea.** Graceful spikes of dazzling crimson flowers in greatest profusion. 1½ ft.
- sanguinea, Edge Hall Variety.** Large rose-colored flowers. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- sanguinea, Flambeau.** Vigorous habit; stout erect spikes, densely clothed with flame-colored flowers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
- sanguinea, hybrida.** A first-rate strain of mixed colors.
- sanguinea, Rosamunde.** Branching stems of coral-pink flowers. 3 ft. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
- HESPERIS matronalis.** *Sweet Rocket.* An old-fashioned favorite, with fragrant pink flowers. 2 ft. May, June.
- HIBISCUS (Mallow), Mallow Marvels.** Very large flowers in rich shades of crimson, pink, and white. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
- Moscheutos.** *Swamp Rose Mallow.* Flowers light rose with darker eye. 6 inches in diameter. 5 to 6 ft. Aug., Sept.
- Crimson Eye.** Immense pure white flowers, with centers of deep velvety crimson. 5 to 6 ft. Aug., Sept.
- New Giant-flowering Marsh Mallows.** This new improved form not only produces flowers of enormous size, often 10 to 12 inches in diameter, but the colors have been greatly intensified. They do well in most positions and can be highly recommended. They grow 5 to 7 feet high and bloom from July until autumn. 35 cts. to 75 cts. each, according to size; \$3.50 to \$7.50 per doz.
- HIERACIUM aurantiacum.** *Hawkweed.* Good plant for the wild garden; brilliant orange flowers. 1 ft. June to Sept.
- villosum.** Downy white foliage; bright yellow flowers. 1 ft. May to Aug.
- HYPERICUM.** *St. John's-Wort.* Dwarf, free-flowering shrubs, suitable for borders and rock-garden.
- calycinum.** A good plant for growing under trees; bright yellow flowers throughout summer. 1 ft.
- Moserianum.** Graceful habit; slender drooping stems, bearing large yellow flowers resembling single roses. 2 ft.
- IBERIS.** *Candytuft.* Very free-flowering dwarf plants, with evergreen foliage adapted for the front of borders or for rock-gardens.
- gibraltarica.** The whole plant is hidden during May and June with delicate, pale lilac-colored flowers. 1 ft.

Iberis sempervirens. A much-branched plant of spreading habit; pure white flowers. 10 in. April, May.

sempervirens, Little Gem. A miniature variety of the preceding and even freer flowering. 6 in. April, May.

INCARVILLEA Delavayi. One of the most attractive hardy plants. It forms tufts of glossy, deeply cut foliage, from the center of which arise numerous sturdy spikes 2 to 3 feet in height, bearing large rosy purple, trumpet-shaped flowers. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

grandiflora. Larger flowers than the preceding but dwarfer and less vigorous. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

INULA. *Fleabane.* A family of strong-growing plants; most of them more suitable for the wild garden than for the herbaceous border.

ensifolia. A dwarf free-flowering plant adapted for the front of the border. 8 in. Aug., Sept.

macrocephala. Pale yellow; very showy. 4 to 5 ft. Aug. to Oct.

Royleana. Golden yellow flowers. 2 to 3 ft. July to Sept.

IRIS

One of the most beautiful and varied of all families of plants, embracing almost every imaginable color and combination of color. From April, when *I. pumila* commences to bloom, until July, when the Japanese Irises are in their full glory, there is one continuous succession of gorgeous flowers. Nearly every quarter of the globe contributes its share to this matchless family, thus enabling its members to fill positions in every conceivable part of the garden. The varieties of *I. germanica* are extremely effective, grown in beds entirely devoted to themselves, and are essential to the mixed herbaceous border; they are also quite at home if grown on the roof of a summer house or on the top of a wall. *I. pumila* and its varieties are valuable for making an early show on the rock-garden or in the front of the herbaceous border. The Japanese and Sibirica Irises are most at home at the waterside, but will make an effective display if grown in ordinarily good soil.

GERMANICA. *Flag, or Fleur-de-lis.* In the following descriptions (S) denotes the erect or upper petals or standards; (F) denotes the lower petals or falls.

Ada. S, bright canary-yellow; F, white, reticulated brown. 1½ ft. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

atropurpurea. S and F, rich claret-purple. 2 ft.

aurea. S and F, chrome-yellow. 2 ft.

Aurora. New. Pale lavender-pink flowers with orange beard. 3 to 4 ft. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Berchata. New. S, bronzy yellow; F, blue-violet, bordered bronze. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Bridesmaid. S, lavender; F, white, reticulated lavender.

Calypso. S, pale lavender; F, white, veined blue.

Canary Bird. S, yellow; F, crimson-purple.

Caprice. New. S, reddish purple; F, deeper than S, self-colored. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Caterina. New. S, clear blue; F, soft lilac. Massive flowers on stout, branching stems. 4 ft. \$1 each.

Donna Maria. S, white; F, white, shaded lilac.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

IRIS GERMANICA, continued

- Fairy Queen.** S, pale lavender; F, lavender, tipped with violet.
Florentina. S and F, white, faintly flushed lavender.
Fro. New. S, deep gold; F, brilliant chestnut-brown. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Gajus. New. S, light clear yellow; F, crimson, reticulated white and yellow, with clear yellow edge. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
General Grant. S, chocolate; F, purple, veined white.
Gracchus. S, pale yellow; F, crimson, reticulated white. Frequently flowers a second time in September.
Honorabilis. S, golden yellow; F, mahogany-brown.
Hokanum. S, coppery bronze; F, crimson.
Iris King. S, clear lemon-yellow; F, rich maroon, edged with yellow. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Innocenza. S and F, ivory-white, rich golden crest.
Jenny Lind. S and F, pure yellow.
King of Blues. Rich deep blue.

IRIS GERMANICA, continued

- La Tendresse.** S, light lavender; F, light blue, veined violet.
Lohengrin. New. S and F, cattleya-pink; very large flowers; vigorous habit. 3 ft. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Lizzie. S, golden yellow; F, dark bronze-crimson, veined white.
Maori King. S, rich golden yellow; F, velvety crimson, margined gold. Dwarf. 18 in. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
Mithras. S, light yellow; F, brilliant wine-red, with narrow margin of deep yellow. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Mme. Chereau. S and F, white, fringed with azure-blue.
Mrs. Alan Gray. One of the newest and most beautiful. S and F, delicate, pale rosy lavender. Generally bears a second crop of flowers in August and September. 75 cts. each.
Mrs. Neubronner. S and F, deep golden yellow. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
Mr. Gladstone. S, white, flaked violet; F, purple.
Nibelungen. S, fawn-yellow; F, violet-purple, with fawn margin. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Nine Wells. New. S, light violet; F, deep purple-violet, showing a white ground at the throat. 4 ft. \$1 each.
pallida. S and F, soft lavender-blue.
pallida dalmatica. S, pale lavender; F, deep lavender. Large flowers on 3-ft. stems. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
pallida speciosa. S, dark lavender; F, light purple.
Perfection. New. S, light blue; F, dark velvety violet-black; orange-colored beard. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.
Princess Victoria Louise. New. S, primrose-yellow; F, reddish purple, with a distinct, narrow primrose margin. 75 cts. each.
Queen of May. S and F, soft rose-pink.
Rhein Nixe. New. S, white; F, rich violet-blue, narrow white edge. 75 cts. each.
Schiller. S, golden yellow; F, velvety crimson.
Shelford Chieftain. New. S, light blue; F, bright violet. A magnificent variety with strong flower-spikes. 4 to 5 feet high. \$1 each.
spectabilis. S and F, purple.
Surprise. S and F, rosy lilac.
Tamerlane. New. S, violet-purple; F, deeper violet-purple. Free flowering. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.



Flowers of the Japanese Iris

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

1 each of 12 varieties of Iris germanica, \$1.50 and \$3.50.
 3 each of 12 varieties of Iris germanica, \$4 and \$9.50.
 12 each of 12 varieties of Iris germanica, \$15 and \$36.

Our selection



Perennial planting with *Iris germanica* in the foreground

IRIS INTERREGNA. A new group of hybrids, the results of crossing the dwarf early *I. pumila* with the taller and later *I. germanica*. Flowering midway between the two sections they form a connecting link, and possess the best qualities of each group.

Gerda. S, creamy yellow; F, darker yellow. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Hulfdan. S and F, creamy yellow. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Ingeborg. S and F, pure white, orange beard. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Helge. S and F, light citron-yellow. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Walhall. S, light blue; F, violet-purple. Immense flowers. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

IRIS KAEMPFERI (*Japanese Iris*), Single.

Anna Christ. Pale lavender, veined darker.

Apollo. Pure white, reddish pink center.

Conadi. Grayish white, veined dark blue.

Gekka-no-nami. White, yellow blotches.

Kakiyakuro. White, marked with violet-blue.

Neptune. Violet, overlaid dark blue.

Plum. White, marked blue, veined violet.

Quakeress. Ash gray, marked blue.

Tortoise. Purplish blue.

Venus. White.

Victor. White, veined blue.

Kaempferi, Double Varieties.

Antelope. White ground, spotted purple.

Beauty. Pure white.

Blue Flag. Indigo-blue, yellow at base.

Chameleon. Purple, blotched white.

Crystal. Pale violet, veined white, white center.

Dinah. Reddish purple, spotted white.

Frate. Silvery white, veined lilac.

Mount Hood. Light blue, darker center.

Kaempferi, Double Varieties, continued

Orion. White, overlaid and bordered maroon.

Pyramid. Light blue, pearl center.

Templeton. Violet-blue, spotted reddish pink.

T. S. Ware. Lilac, veined white.

All Japanese Irises, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

1 each of 12 varieties of Japanese Irises, single or dbl. \$2 50

3 each of 12 varieties of Japanese Irises, single or dbl. 7 00

12 each of 12 varieties of Japanese Irises, single or dbl. 26 50

Our selection

IRIS, Various Species.

cristata. A miniature plant for a moist shady nook on the rock-garden. Amethyst-blue flowers. 4 in. May.

foetidissima variegata. Silver-variegated leaves and pale lilac flowers, followed by handsome scarlet seeds. Prefers a moist situation. 3 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Pseudo-acorus. Water Flag. Yellow flowers, suitable for swampy places.

pumila. S, violet-blue; F, deep violet-purple. 9 in. April, May.

pumila cyanea. S, violet-purple; F, dark purple. 9 in. May.

pumila excelsa. S and F, rich clear yellow.

sibirica. Purplish blue flowers, very free; fine for cutting. 2 to 3 ft. June.

sibirica, Snow Queen. Large snow-white flowers in greatest profusion. 2 to 3 ft. June.

virginica. Rich violet-purple, beautifully veined. 1½ ft. May, June.

LATHYRUS latifolius. Everlasting Fea. A vigorous climber, suitable for growing on a trellis or tree stump. Bright red flowers all summer.

latifolius albus. A white variety of the preceding. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

latifolius, White Pearl. Very large, pure white flowers. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

LAVATERA Oibia. *Tree Mallow.* A novelty of very recent introduction, which is assured of great popularity when better known. It forms a many-stemmed symmetrical bush 4 to 6 feet high. The upper two feet of each stem are clothed with rosy pink mallow-shaped flowers, 3 inches in diameter. June to Sept. \$1 each.

LAVANDULA vera. *Sweet Lavender.* An old-fashioned garden plant, with fragrant flowers and foliage. 1½ ft. July, Aug.

LEONTOPODIUM alpinum. *Edelweiss.* A well-known Alpine to which a considerable amount of sentiment is attached. It has pretty white leaves and very small yellow flowers surrounded by star-like heads of leaves clothed with a dense white woolly substance. It is of easy culture; will succeed in any well-drained spot in the rock-garden or border. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

LIATRIS. *Blazing Star, or Gay Feather.* Handsome border plants with erect flowering stems.

pycnostachya. Rosy purple flowers. 4 to 5 ft. July, Aug.

scariosa. Deep purple. 3 to 4 ft. Aug., Sept.

LILIUM. *Lily.*

auratum. *Gold-banded Lily.* Large, handsome, delicate ivory-white flowers, thickly studded with chocolate-crimson spots and striped through the center a golden yellow. 3 to 4 ft. July, Aug. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

canadense. A combination of red, orange, and yellow. 3 to 4 ft. July. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

candidum. *Madonna Lily.* Flowers pure white and very fragrant.

longiflorum. Pure white flowers, fine for cutting.

myriophyllum. A recent introduction from China; one of the finest hardy Lilies. Flowers immense, white, suffused pink and bronze, fragrant.

speciosum album. Large white flowers of great substance, with a greenish band running through the center of each petal. Aug., Sept. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

speciosum rubrum, or roseum. White, heavily spotted rich, rosy crimson. 3 ft. Aug., Sept.

tigrinum. *Tiger Lily.* Brilliant orange-colored flowers, spotted black. 3 to 4 ft. July, Aug.

tigrinum fl.-pl. Double form of the preceding.

LINUM. *Flax.* Graceful free-flowering plants with a long period of flowering.

flavum. Bright yellow flowers. 1 ft. June, July.

perenne. Blue flowers. 1½ ft. May to Sept.

perenne album. White. 1½ ft. May to Sept.

LITHOSPERMUM prostratum. *Gromwell.* A spreading little evergreen, having flowers of bright blue with faint reddish violet stripes in the greatest profusion. 1 ft. April to Sept. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

LOBELIA cardinalis. *Cardinal Flower.* Vivid scarlet flowers borne on long erect spikes. Does best in a moist situation. 3 to 4 ft. July to Aug.

siphilitica. Blue flowers. 2 ft. June, July.

LUPINUS polyphyllus. *Lupine.* Tall flower-spikes crowded with deep blue, pea-shaped blossoms. 3 to 5 ft. June, July. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

polyphyllus albus. A white variety of the above. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

polyphyllus roseus. Very fine pink. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

LYCHNIS alpina. Forms dense cushions of rich green leaves and is studded during April and May with compact heads of pink flowers. 6 in.



The finest white Peony, Festiva Maxima (see page 70)

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

Lychnis chalcedonica. *Jerusalem Cross.* Stout leafy stems, bearing large flat heads of bright scarlet flowers. 2 to 3 ft. July, Aug.

chalcedonica alba. A white variety of the above.
chalcedonica fl.-pl. A double variety, with more substantial flower-heads than the single varieties. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Flos-cuculi alba-plena. *Ragged Robin.* A neat plant, with slender stems bearing white, fringed flowers. 1 ft. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Haageana. One of the best border or bedding plants, containing every shade of color from pure white to scarlet. 1 to 1½ ft. May to July.

vespertina fl.-pl. Branching stems 2 to 3 feet high, covered with double white flowers all summer. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Viscaria alba grandiflora. Slender stems; white flowers. 1 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Viscaria splendens fl.-pl. Double crimson-scarlet flowers of an intensity that has no equal in any plant. 1 ft. June. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

LYSIMACHIA. *Loosestrife.*

clethroides. Robust border plant, with erect stems terminating in drooping panicles of pure white flowers. 2 ft. July to Sept.

nummularia. *Creeping Jenny.* A yellow free-flowering trailer. June to Aug.

punctata. Spikes of bright yellow flowers. 2 ft. June, July.

LYTHRUM. *Purple Loosestrife.*

alatum. An erect bush-like plant, with slender graceful stems covered with crimson-purple flowers from June to Sept. 2 ft. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Salicaria rosea. Erect woody stems; rose-pink flowers from July to Sept. 4 ft.

MALVA. *Musk Mallow.*

moschata. Rose-colored, sweet-scented flowers. 1 to 2 ft. June to Sept.

moschata alba. A white variety of the above.

MERTENSIA virginica. *Virginian Cowslip.* One of the most beautiful of spring-flowering plants. It forms large, glaucous gray leaves and bears drooping clusters of clear blue flowers. 1 ft. May. 20 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

MONARDA didyma. *Bergamot.* Bright red heads of flowers on 3-foot stems. The whole plant has a delicious fragrance. June to Aug.

didyma rosea. Rose-colored flowers.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not) alpestris robusta grandiflora. Dwarf compact grower, bearing masses of pale blue flowers in May and June. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

palustris semperflorens. Blue flowers in May and June. The flowering period may be much prolonged by growing it in a moist shady position. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

NEPETA Glechoma. *Ground Ivy.* Blue-flowered evergreen trailer.

Glechoma variegata. Variegated form of above.

Mussini. *Catmint.* A compact grower of bush-like habit, with silvery foliage. From June to September it produces short spikes of lavender-blue flowers in the greatest profusion. Very effective as an edging or grown in large masses. 1 ft.

NIEREMBERGIA rivularis. Forms a dense carpet of green foliage and is covered from June to October with large, creamy white, cup-shaped, flowers. A first-rate plant for the rock-garden.



Lilium tigrinum (see page 68)

ENOTHERA. *Evening Primrose.* Free-flowering border and rock plants of easy culture, with a very prolonged period of blooming.

fruticosa. One of the showiest of hardy perennials, being densely covered with bright yellow flowers during June and July. 1½ ft.

missouriensis. A handsome trailing plant with prostrate downy stems and immense clear yellow flowers. June to Aug.

speciosa. Erect habit; bearing large snow-white flowers in great profusion. July, Aug.

OMPHALODES verna. *Navelwort.* A pretty trailing plant, bearing in early spring clear blue flowers with white centers. Prefers partial shade. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

verna alba. A white variety of the above. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

OROBUS lathyroides. A lovely border plant, bearing bright blue pea-shaped flowers in dense racemes.

ORCHIDS, Hardy.

Cypripedium acaule. A dwarf species, with a naked downy flower-stalk, bearing solitary purple flowers with purple lips. June. 1 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Cypripedium pubescens. Produces a stem about 2 feet high, bearing one to three greenish yellow flowers, spotted with brown and having pale yellow lips. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Cypripedium spectabile. The finest of this group. Its flowers are large, with inflated, rounded lip, white, with a large blotch of rosy carmine in front. 1½ to 2½ ft. June. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

PACHYSANDRA terminalis. *Mountain Spurge.* A dwarf evergreen, with dark green glossy leaves forming a dense carpet. Excellent for growing under trees. 9 in.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

PAEONIA · Peony

Moutan. *Tree Peony.* Plants of great beauty, having enormous flowers in great variety of color. Their cultivation is not difficult, rich deep soil being the chief essential, with occasional top dressings of half-decomposed cow-manure. Partial shade and protection from late frosts are also beneficial. Named varieties, \$1.25 each, \$12 per doz. 3-year-old plants, \$1.50 each, \$15 per doz.

Herbaceous Peonies

These are among the most beautiful of hardy perennials and can be effectively used in almost every conceivable position in the garden.

Anemonæflora rubra. Deep crimson, medium-sized flower; strong grower and free bloomer.

Beaute Francaise. Pink, tipped blush-white.

Chrysanthemiflora. Light flesh, salmon center.

Duc de Cazes. Dark pink, silvery collar.

Duke of Wellington. White, with sulphur center. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Duchesse de Nemours. Pure white center, with sulphur collar. Fragrant and very free. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Eduis Superba. Bright mauve-pink.

Eugene Verdier. Pale pink in center, outer petals lilac-white; free bloomer and very fragrant. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Festiva Maxima. Large globular flowers; pure white, flecked with crimson. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

L'Indispensable. Full globular flowers; lilac-pink shading to violet-rose toward center. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Louis van Houtte. Deep carmine-rose, tipped with silver.

Marie Lemoine. Large compact flowers; pure white with cream center. Very fragrant. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Modeste Guerin. Large round flower, rose-pink, with purplish center. Very free bloomer. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Princess Galitzin. Lilac-rose, creamy white center petals. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Queen Victoria. White, creamy white center.

Rubens. Very dark crimson.

Rubra Triumphans. Crimson.

Price, except where noted, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.; larger clumps, 50 cts. to \$1.50 each, according to size.

1 each of 12 varieties of Herbaceous Peonies.....\$4 50

3 each of 12 varieties of Herbaceous Peonies.....12 50

12 each of 12 varieties of Herbaceous Peonies.....48 00

Our selection

Paeonia officinalis. European Peony

Alba fl.-pl. Large, double, white flowers; very early. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Rosa fl.-pl. Double pink. 35c. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Rubra fl.-pl. Double, brilliant deep crimson. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

PAPAVER ORIENTALE

Oriental Poppy

For beauty and brilliance of color the Oriental Poppies have few rivals among hardy perennials. During recent years many new varieties have been introduced, adding considerably to the variety of color in this family, which now ranges from silvery white through pinks and salmons to crimson and scarlet. They will thrive in any ordinary soil and should be given a position where they can remain undisturbed for a number of years. Flowers in May and June; height 2 to 4 feet.

Darkness. Very distinct; blood-crimson. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.



Ornamental Poppies for the hardy garden

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

ORIENTAL POPPY, continued

Delicata. Delicate rosy pink, white toward edge, black blotch at base of petals. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Goliath. A majestic variety. The flowers are very large, bright scarlet, and are borne on stout rigid stems. 4 feet high. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Grenadier. Glowing scarlet; double row of petals; large flower. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Iris Perry. New and very distinct. Small tulip-shaped flowers of a bright salmon-pink. Very free blooming. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Lady Moore. A new variety. Soft salmon, with dark blotches at base of petals. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Mahogany. Deep crimson-maroon. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Marie Studholme. Lustrous delicate salmon. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Menelik. Free blooming; large flowers of an unusual shade of glistening copper. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Mrs. Perry. One of the finest Oriental Poppies yet introduced. The flowers are a delicate jasper-pink, of medium size, and are borne profusely on stout 3-foot stems. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Nancy. A dwarf variety, growing under 2 feet. Large crimson flowers, borne on stiff wiry stems. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Oriflame. A strong grower with gorgeous orange-scarlet flowers, 10 inches across. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Perry's Blush. Very faint blush, nearly white; medium-sized flowers; free bloomer. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Perry's Favorite. Soft rosy salmon; tulip-shaped flowers on long stout stems. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Royal Scarlet. Brilliant scarlet, with black blotches at base of the petals. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Trilby. Rich glowing crimson. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

1 each of 12 varieties of Oriental Poppies.....\$3 00
3 each of 12 varieties of Oriental Poppies.....8 00
12 each of 12 varieties of Oriental Poppies.....30 00
Our selection

PAPAVER nudicaule. *Iceland Poppy.* Dwarf, free-flowering plants, varying from white through yellow to orange. 1 ft. May to Aug.

PARDANTHUS chinensis. *Blackberry Lily.* Bright orange, lily-like flowers, with brown-purple spots, followed by conspicuous black seeds resembling blackberries. 3 ft. July, Aug.

PENTSTEMON. *Beard Tongue.* Attractive plants, with bright-colored flowers invaluable for border decoration or for cutting.

barbatus Torreyi. Slender graceful spikes, clothed for almost their whole length with bright scarlet flowers. 4 ft. June to Aug.

Digitalis. White tubular flowers with purple throat. Good for cutting. 2 to 3 ft. June, July.

pubescens. Rosy purple. 2 ft. June, July.

HARDY PHLOX

Phlox decussata

The beauty and usefulness of these plants give them a place of first-rate importance among hardy perennials. They are indispensable for the herbaceous border, where they are most effective if

grown in groups or masses in proportion to its size. They are well adapted to the waterside, and if planted in the pleasure grounds, they lend brilliancy of color to the landscape.

Phloxes will succeed in almost any deep, well-manured soil; their most important requirement being plenty of water during the growing season.

The following collection has been carefully selected from the best varieties of recent introduction, and will be found superior to the older varieties in greatly increased size of truss and individual flower, in greater delicacy of coloring, and wider range of color shades, and also in improved habit of growth.

The flowering season commences early in July and by removing the spikes of blooms as soon as over it can be prolonged until October.

Albion. White variety, with faint red eye.

Antonin Mercie. A strong-growing variety, bearing large trusses of delicate lavender flowers with white centers.

Aquilon. Large, bright cerise flowers.

Baron Van Dedem. Large, glistening, crimson-scarlet flowers, borne in large trusses. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Beranger. Rosy pink, fading with age to blush.

Bridesmaid. Tall grower; white flowers, with large rosy crimson eye.

Caran d'Ache. Bright salmon-rose.

Champs Elysees. Dark purple.

Coquelicot. Bright orange-scarlet.

Diadem. Dwarf white.

Eclaireur. Compact trusses of large crimson-purple flowers.

Elizabeth Campbell. Perhaps the most beautiful of all Phloxes. Large bold trusses of brilliant salmon-pink flowers, with a darker pink eye. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Eugene Danzanvilliers. Soft lilac-blue flowers, with white center.

Europa. Large trusses and flowers; pure white with carmine-crimson eye. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Freifraulein von Lassberg. Very robust and free flowering, pure white variety.

Frau Anton Buchner. The best white Phlox; very large flowers and trusses; dwarf compact habit. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

G. A. Strohlein. Scarlet-orange, carmine eye.

General Chancy. Bright orange-scarlet, with purple eye. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Harry Pfeleiderer. Creamy white flowers with carmine centers. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Hermione. Pure white; dwarf.

Jules Cambon. Rosy mauve; white center.

La Vogue. Strong grower; rosy mauve flowers.

Le Mahdi. Dark bluish purple.

Mme. Paul Dutrie. Large trusses of pale pink flowers.

Mme. P. Langier. Brilliant red, with darker eye. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Mrs. Jenkins. Very fine white; robust grower and free bloomer.

Professor Virchow. Bright carmine.

Richard Wallace. Pure white, with maroon center.

R. P. Struthers. Bright rosy red, crimson eye. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

R. von Hochberg. A beautiful shade of brilliant amaranth; large truss. 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Rynstrom. Large trusses of deep pink flowers. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Siebold. Brilliant orange-scarlet with maroon eye.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

HARDY PHLOX, continued

Sunshine. Deep salmon-rose; dark pink center.
Tapis Blanc. Very dwarf; pure white flowers in enormous trusses. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
Von Goethe. Tyrian rose, carmine eye.
Wanadis. Large trusses of mottled white and violet flowers. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.
Widar. Light reddish violet, with large white center. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

1 each of 12 varieties of *Phlox decussata*....\$1.50 and \$2 50
 3 each of 12 varieties of *Phlox decussata*.... 2.00 and 7 00
 12 each of 12 varieties of *Phlox decussata*....15.00 and 26 50
 Our selection.

Phlox subulata • Moss Pink

Dwarf trailing plants, with evergreen moss-like foliage; great profusion of flowers from April to June. Excellent for the rock-garden or for border edging.

Alba. Pure white.

Atropurpurea. Purplish rose.

Lilacina. Light blue.

Nelsoni. Small, white flowers.

Rosea. Bright rose.



Three good hardy Phlox: (1) Frau Anton Buchner, (2) Mme. Paul Dutrie, (3) Elizabeth Campbell

Phlox suffruticosa

These flower earlier than the *Decussata* varieties.
Miss Lingard. Pure white, lilac eye.
Ringleader. Light purple, with crimson center.

Dwarf Phloxes

Amœna. Masses of bright pink flowers in April and May. Good for the rock-garden. 6 in.

Carolina. Reddish pink flowers. 1 ft. June.

Divaricata. Large, fragrant, lavender flowers. 10 in. May.

Divaricata alba. White form of the above. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Divaricata, Perry's Variety. A magnificent variety, with bold trusses of large plumbago-blue flowers in greatest profusion. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

PHYSALIS Franchetii. *Winter Cherry.* A strong-growing plant, throwing up numerous leafy stems about 2 feet tall. An inconspicuous flower is borne in the axil of each leaf, which is followed by a large fruit inclosed in a bright, orange-colored, bladder-like calyx. The fruit remains on the stem long after the leaves have fallen and when cut is invaluable for winter decoration.

PHYSOSTEGIA virginica.

False Dragonhead. Erect spikes, densely covered with soft pink, tubular flowers. 3 to 4 ft. July, Aug.

virginica alba. A white variety of the above.

PINKS. One of the most popular groups of old-fashioned garden plants, their fragrance and freedom of flowering making them favorites with all lovers of hardy flowers. Where large quantities of cut bloom are required, one or more beds devoted entirely to Pinks would be invaluable. The flowering period is May and June and the usual height when in flower is 12 to 15 inches.

Abbotsford. Deep rose.

Carmen. Pink; dwarf compact habit.

Countess Kunth. New. Apricot. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Fuerst Bismarck. New. Bright red.

Her Majesty. Large white flowers; very free.

Juliette. White, with red center.

Lord Lyon. Rosy red.

Paddington. Deep rose, crimson center.

White Reserve. White.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Pyrethrum

PLATYCODON grandiflorum. *Balloon Flower.* Slender stems, bearing numerous, blue, bell-shaped flowers. 2 ft. June to Oct.
grandiflorum album. A white variety of the preceding.

PLUMBAGO Larpentæ. *Leadwort.* A dwarf, tufted plant, with dense masses of thin wiry stems, each one terminating in a closely arranged cluster of cobalt-blue flowers from August until frost. 1 ft.

POLEMONIUM reptans. *Jacob's Ladder.* Neat tufts of foliage and light blue flowers. 6 to 8 in. April, May.

Richardsonii. Erect spikes of sky-blue flowers. 1 to 1½ ft. June, July.

Richardsonii album. A white variety.

POLYGONATUM multiflorum major. *Solomon's Seal.* Pendent sprays of greenish white flowers. 2 ft. May to June. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

POLYGONUM (Knotweed) amplexicaule oxyphyllum. A robust plant, bearing sprays of creamy white flowers. 2 to 3 ft. Sept., Oct.

compactum. A compact tufted plant, with dense masses of creamy white flowers. 1 to 1½ ft. Sept., Oct.

Sieboldii. Vigorous habit; creamy white flowers. 3 to 5 ft. Aug., Sept.

POTENTILLA. Cinquefoil. An effective group of plants adapted for the border or rock-garden. The flowers are freely produced and last long in perfection.

Double Varieties. 2 ft. June to Aug.

Doctor Andre. Yellow flowers, flaked red.

La Vesuve. Yellow.

Mont d'Or. Large yellow flowers.

Victor Lemoine. Rich velvety crimson, veined and flaked yellow.

William Rollison. Orange-scarlet, flushed yellow.

Yellow Queen. Large globular flowers, pure yellow.

All Double Potentillas, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Single Varieties and Species.

formosa. A spreading plant, bearing cherry-red flowers from June to Oct. 1½ ft.

Gibson's Scarlet. A trailer, with very intense scarlet flowers. June to Oct. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Tonguei. A dwarf compact grower, bearing attractive terra-cotta-colored flowers. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Willmottæ. A new dwarf species, with cherry-red flowers. 9 in. June to Oct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

PRIMULA SIEBOLDII grandiflora. *Japanese Primrose.* Varies in color from pure white to rich crimson. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

veris. *Cowslip.* Mixed colors. 6 to 9 in. April, May.

vulgaris. *English Primrose.* Bright yellow, fragrant flowers in early spring. 6 in.

PRUNELLA grandiflora. Self-Heal. Globular heads of purple flowers, borne in great profusion. 1 ft. June, July.

PULMONARIA (Lungwort) angustifolia azurea. A prostrate grower, bearing bright blue, tubular flowers in April and May. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Mrs. Moon. Bright pink flowers. 1 ft. April, May. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

saccharata. Green foliage, mottled silvery gray; flowers pink, changing to blue. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

PYRETHRUM. A family of graceful and free-flowing plants, unequaled for their usefulness for cutting. The flowers are greatly varied in their color, ranging from pure white to brilliant scarlet. They are in their fullest beauty in June, but the plants are seldom without flowers throughout the summer. A rich loam suits them best, but they will grow and flower freely in any well-manured soil.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

Albert Victor. Rich crimson.

Aphrodite. Large white.

Captain Nares. Deep purplish crimson.

Carl Vogt. Snow-white.

Haage & Schmidt. Very large, rich crimson flowers.

J. N. Twerdy. Crimson, with golden center.

Lady Derby. Silvery pink.

Mont Blanc. Pure white.

Madame Munier. Pale pink.

Nancy. Blush-white, with yellow center.

Queen Mary. Very large flowers of a delicate satiny rose. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Solfaterre. Sulphur-yellow.

Triomphe de France. Bright crimson.

Viscomtesse Cardwell. Silvery flesh-colored.

Double Pyrethrums, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., except where noted

1 each of 12 varieties of Double Pyrethrums	\$3 50
3 each of 12 varieties of Double Pyrethrums	9 50
12 each of 12 varieties of Double Pyrethrums	36 00
Our selection	

SINGLE VARIETIES

Admiral Togo. Extra-large, rosy crimson flowers.

Agnes Mary Kelway. Bright rosy pink.

Beatrice Kelway. Rosy mauve.

Carmen Sylva. Blush-pink.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

SINGLE PYRETHRUMS, continued

James Kelway. Brilliant scarlet.
Jubilee. Bright scarlet-crimson.
Millicent. White.
Mrs. Bateman Brown. Rich crimson.
Pink Pearl. Soft pink.
Sir Hugo. Bright carmine.
Sylvia. Rosy crimson.
Tasso. Bright scarlet.

Single Pyrethrums, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.; mixed colors, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

1 each of 12 varieties of Single Pyrethrums \$2 50
3 each of 12 varieties of Single Pyrethrums 7 00
12 each of 12 varieties of Single Pyrethrums 26 50

Our selection

RANUNCULUS aconitifolius fl.-pl. *Fair Maids of France*. Of bush-like habit, covered in May and June with pure white double flowers. 1½ ft. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

repens fl.-pl. A useful trailer, with double yellow flowers. May, June. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.
speciosus fl.-pl. Large, double, yellow flowers. 1 ft. May, June. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

RHEXIA virginica. *Meadow Beauty*. A dwarf bog plant, with vivid, deep rosy flowers, having protruding golden anthers. 1 to 1½ ft. July to Oct.

RUDBECKIA. *Cone Flower*. Free-flowering vigorous perennials, adapted for the border or for naturalizing, most of them being useful for cutting.

Golden Glow. Double golden yellow flowers. 5 to 6 ft. July to Sept.

Newmannii. Deep yellow flowers, with conspicuous brown centers. 2 to 3 ft. July to Oct.

triloba grandiflora. Small golden-yellow flowers, with black centers. 3 to 4 ft. Aug., Sept.

SALVIA. *Sage*. A family remarkable for the intensity of the color of its flowers.

azurea grandiflora. Tall spikes of sky-blue flowers in great profusion. 3 to 4 ft. Aug., Sept.

farinacea. Mealy foliage and blue flowers. 2 to 3 ft. July, Aug.

Sclarea. A very old-fashioned garden plant, with purple and white flowers. 3 ft. June, July.

pratensis. An old favorite, with branching stems of rich violet-blue flowers. 2 ft. June to Aug.

virgata nemorosa. New. The plant forms a symmetrical pyramid, and the flowers, bright purple in color, are borne in long terminal heads on erect stems. 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

SANGUINARIA canadensis. *Bloodroot*. A dwarf, shade-loving plant, with pretty, gray, glaucous leaves. Flowers pure white, an inch across, with a tassel of golden stamens, and are borne singly on stems 6 inches high. April, May.

SANTOLINA incana. A pretty sub-shrubby, silvery leaved plant, good for rockeries and banks.

SAPONARIA ocymoides. A very profuse-blooming, dwarf trailer, being covered in June with bright crimson flowers. Good for the rock-garden.

officinalis fl.-pl. *Soapwort*. Masses of double pink and white flowers from June to Aug. 1½ ft.

SAXIFRAGA, Megasea Section.

The Saxifragas of this section are distinguished by the large broad leaves and tall panicles of flower. They form an important group of early spring-flowering plants and are highly decorative in the border or rock-garden; they also make excellent pot-plants for the cool greenhouse.

Saxifraga, Brilliant. Large handsome leaves, becoming richly tinted in autumn and winter. Flowers purple. 1½ ft.

corrugata. Dwarf habit, pink flowers.

ciliata. Very distinct, broad green leaves, covered with soft hair. Dense panicles of flesh-colored flowers. 9 in.

Croesus. Strong grower; red flowers. 1½ ft.

Delia. Crimson-purple. 1 ft.

orbicularis. Light rosy flowers on branching stems. 1½ ft.

Puck. Large pink flowers. 1½ ft.

purpurascens. Heart-shaped leaves and rosy purple flowers. 1 ft.

splendens. Rosy crimson.

The above varieties of Saxifraga, 30c. each, \$3 per doz.

SAXIFRAGA umbrosa. *London Pride*. Tufts of green foliage, throwing up feathery spikes of small pink flowers. 1 ft. May. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

SCABIOSA. *Scabious*. Graceful free-flowering plants, with a long blooming period; very useful for cutting.

caucasica. Long graceful stems, bearing large lavender-blue flowers, 3 to 4 inches across. 3 ft. June to Sept.

caucasica alba. A white variety of the above. Rare. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

japonica. Light blue flowers in great abundance. 1½ to 2 ft. June to Sept.

ochroleuca. Lemon-colored flowers, borne on long slender stems. 5 to 6 ft. June to Sept.



Rudbeckia Newmannii

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

SEDUM. *Stonecrop.* A large and varied family, ranging from creeping plants of moss-like growth to others 2 feet tall. They will grow in any sunny position and the dwarfer kinds are adapted for the rock-garden and old walls; the taller kinds are first-class border plants.

acre. Forms a dense carpet of bright green foliage, and during May and June is completely covered with yellow flowers.

album. Dark green leaves and white flowers. 3 in. June.

glaucum. A minute plant, forming spreading tufts of gray foliage, becoming covered in May and June with small pink flowers.

kamtschaticum. Leafy prostrate stems, terminating in clusters of star-shaped orange-yellow flowers. 6 in. July, Aug.

maximum atropurpureum. Large, fleshy, vivid purple leaves, and heads of pink flowers borne on stout erect stems. 2 ft. Sept., Oct.

sexangulare. Dwarf trailer; green foliage and yellow flowers.

spectabile. A sturdy erect plant, with broad glaucous leaves. Its rosy purple flowers are borne in dense broad heads about the middle of August and remain in perfection nearly two months. 1½ ft.

spectabile atropurpureum. A deeper colored variety of the preceding.

spurium coccineum. Forms a mat of prostrate wiry branches, and is covered during July and August with clusters of crimson flowers.

SEMPERVIVUM. *House Leek.* Curious and interesting plants, forming rosettes of succulent leaves of varying color. Suitable for rock-gardens or old walls. We can supply six varieties. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

SHORTIA galacifolia. One of the most beautiful of hardy plants. It forms tufts of oval leaves which become purple in winter; the flowers, which are borne on slender stems, are bell-shaped and are either white or very faint pink. It requires a partially shaded position. 9 to 12 in. May. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

SIDALCEA candida. *Greek Mallow.* Spikes of snow-white, mallow-shaped flowers. 2 ft. June, July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

SILENE alpestris. A dwarf and compact plant, producing dense masses of glistening white flowers. 4 to 6 in. May, June.

Schaffa. Neat tufted habit and bright pink flowers. 4 to 6 in. July to Sept.

SILPHIUM. *Rosin Plant.* Tall-growing, stately plants, with massive foliage, more adapted for naturalizing than for the herbaceous border.

laciniatum. Drooping heads of yellow flowers. 6 to 8 ft. July to Sept.

perfoliatum. Yellow. 4 to 6 ft. July to Sept.

SOLIDAGO. *Goldenrod.*

bicolor. White flowers. 1½ to 3 ft. July to Sept.

canadensis. Yellow flowers. 4 to 5 ft. July, Aug.

rigida. Large yellow heads; fine foliage. 4 to 5 ft. July to Sept.

SPIGELIA marilandica. *Worm Grass.* A very beautiful native plant; it forms dense tufts of slender stems about 1 foot high, each bearing a number of tubular flowers, deep red outside and yellow inside. It requires moist soil in a partially shaded position. July. 35c. each, \$3.50 per doz.



Sweet William

SPIRÆA. *Meadow Sweet.* Graceful free-flowering plants, best suited by moist situations, but will grow in any rich soil.

Aruncus. A majestic, vigorous plant, having attractive foliage and producing long arching plumes of feathery white flowers. 4 to 5 ft. June, July. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

filipendula fl.-pl. Fern-like foliage and branching panicles of drooping, double, creamy white flowers. 2 ft. June, July.

palmata. Handsome palm-like foliage and clusters of rosy crimson flowers. 3 to 4 ft. June, July.

Ulmaria fl.-pl. Large heads of double, creamy white flowers. 2 ft. June, July.

STACHYS grandiflora superba. A very attractive border plant, growing about 2 feet high and bearing numerous spikes of rosy purple flowers. June, July. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

lanata. White woolly foliage; good edging plant.

STOKESIA cyanea. *Cornflower Aster.* A very attractive free-flowering perennial, bearing large blue flowers 4 inches in diameter from July to October. 1½ ft.

cyanea alba. A rare white variety of the above. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

SWEET WILLIAM. Free-flowering and popular garden flowers. 1½ to 2 ft. June.

Holborn Glory. A first strain of mixed colors.

Newport Pink. A lovely shade of pink.

Mixed. Various colors.

THALICTRUM. *Meadow Rue.* Plants with attractive foliage and, with few exceptions, not very showy flowers.

aquilegifolium. White flowers. 3 ft. May, June.

adiantifolium. Graceful fern-like foliage; yellow flowers. 1 ft. June, July.

Delavayi. New. Loose branching spikes of deep lilac flowers. 2 ft. June. 50c. each, \$5 per doz.

dipterocarpum. One of the best plants of recent introduction. Long sprays of rosy purple flowers with conspicuous yellow anthers. 4 to 5 ft. June, July. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

glaucum. Handsome glaucous gray foliage. 3 ft.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

THYMUS (*Thyme*) *citriodorus*. Pretty, green, lemon-scented foliage.

lanuginosus. Carpets of woolly leaves, covered in June and July with pink flowers.

Serpyllum albus. Dense green foliage; clouds of white flowers.

Serpyllum coccineus. Bright scarlet flowers.

TIARELLA *cordifolia*. *Foam Flower*. Handsome bronze-tinted foliage; numerous spikes of creamy white feathery flowers. A shade-loving plant. 1 ft. May. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

TRADESCANTIA. *Spiderwort*. A group of plants with grass-like foliage and great variety of color in the flowers. They will grow in almost any soil or situation. They flower throughout the summer and grow about 2 feet high.

virginica. Blue.

virginica alba. White.

virginica coccinea. Scarlet. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

virginica major. Large blue flowers.

TRICYRTIS *hirta*. *Japanese Toad Lily*. A curious and beautiful Japanese plant with slender erect stems, terminating in clusters of pale pink, black-spotted, lily-like flowers. 3 ft. Sept., Oct. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

TRILLIUM *erectum*. *Wood Lily*. A shade-loving plant, bearing solitary purple flowers on 1-foot stems. May.

grandiflorum. Pure white flowers. May.

TRITOMA *Pfitzeri*. *Torch Lily*. A valuable late-flowering plant, being in full bloom when most other hardy flowers are past. The foliage is handsome and reed-like, and the flowers are a rich orange-scarlet, closely arranged on thick fleshy stems. 2 to 3 ft. Sept. to Nov. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.



Tritoma Pfitzeri

Tritoma Uvaria. Spikes of red flowers. 3 to 4 ft. Aug. to Oct.

Seedlings. These vary in time of flowering, size, and color.

TROLLIUS. *Globe Flower*. Handsome erect-growing perennials, flowering almost continuously throughout summer. They prefer moist positions, but will succeed in ordinary garden soil.

europæus. Lemon-yellow flowers. 1½ ft.

Orange Globe. Large globular orange-colored flowers. 2 ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

TUNICA *Saxifraga*. Tufts of rich green foliage and a profusion of wiry stems bearing small rosy pink flowers. A first-rate rock plant. 6 in. July to Sept.

VALERIANA *officinalis*. A robust free-blooming border plant, bearing large heads of pale pink, fragrant flowers. 3 to 4 ft. June, July.

VERBASCUM. *Mullein*. Owing to the work of hybridists during recent years, the Verbascums now contain some of the most valuable and attractive border plants. They form handsome clumps of large leaves, from the center of which tall stately spikes of flowers are produced in continuous succession for several months. June to Aug.

A. M. Burnie. Spikes of large apricot flowers. 3 ft. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Caledonia. Rich, bronzy yellow flowers. 3 ft. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Verbascum densiflorum. Yellow flowers with mahogany centers. 4 to 5 ft. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

Mars. Reddish buff flowers. 3 ft. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

VERONICA. *Speedwell*. A large family, varying from dwarf, compact, trailing plants to vigorous erect-growing species. All are remarkable for their free-flowering qualities.

amethystina. Dense masses of slender stems, covered with sky-blue flowers. 2 ft. June to Aug.

incana. Deep blue flowers contrasting effectively with the silvery gray foliage. 1 ft. July, Aug.

repens. Carpets of evergreen foliage entirely covered in spring with very pale blue flowers.

rupestris. One of the best trailing plants. It produces masses of wiry prostrate stems, each one terminating in a cluster of deep blue flowers. May, June.

spicata. Blue flowers. 1½ ft. June, July.

spicata alba. A white form of the preceding.

spicata rosea. A pink variety.

subsessilis. One of the most attractive of all blue flowers. It produces stout erect stems of intense, deep blue flowers in July and Aug. 2½ ft. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

VINCA (*Periwinkle*) *minor*. Evergreen trailing plant; blue flowers.

minor argentea variegata. Silver variegated foliage 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

minor aurea variegata. A new, golden, variegated variety.

VIOLA. *Tufted Pansy*. Valuable free-flowering plants, useful as a ground-work for roses or for edging borders. If the spent blooms are removed, the flowering period may be prolonged throughout the summer.

Admiration. Soft purple, with dark blotch. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS



Border of Perennials

- Viola lutea splendens.** Rich golden yellow. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.
- White Perfection.** Very fine white. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.
- calcarata Papilio.** Butterfly Violet. Lavender-blue, with dark eye.
- cornuta.** Horned Violet. Masses of small mauve flowers throughout the summer. A good plant for the rock-garden.
- cornuta alba.** A white variety.
- cornuta, George Wermig.** New. Purple; a continuous and free-flowering plant. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Viola gracilis. A very attractive and useful plant of recent introduction. It bears intense deep violet flowers in greatest profusion from early spring to October. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

pedata. Bird's-foot Violet. Large, rich purple flowers and distinct, finely divided foliage. Requires a partially shaded position. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle. A distinct evergreen plant, forming a large rosette of sword-like leaves and producing stout spikes of white flowers. 4 to 6 ft. June, July. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz. Specimen plants, \$1 each.

HERBS AND ROOTS

Balm. *Melissa officinalis.* Culinary.

Chamomile. *Anthem. nobilis.* Medicinal.

Chives. *Allium Schenoprasum.*

Costmary. *Tanacetum Balsamita.*

Horehound. *Marrubium vulgare.* Medicinal.

Hyssop. *Hyssopus officinalis.* Medicinal.

Lavender. *Lavandula vera.*

Marjoram. *Origanum Onites.* Seasoning.

Mint. *Mentha viridis.*

Rosemary. *Rosmarinus officinalis.*

Rue. *Ruta graveolens.* Medicinal.

Sage. *Salvia officinalis.*

Spearmint. *Mentha spicata.*

Savory. *Satureia montana.*

Tansy. *Tanacetum vulgare.*

Tarragon. *Artemisia dracunculoides.*

Thyme. *Thymus vulgaris.*

Woodruff. *Asperula odorata.* For flavoring wine.

Wormwood. *Artemisia absinthium.* Medicinal.

SEASONABLE HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

FLOWERING IN APRIL AND MAY

†Suitable for rock-garden. *Useful for cutting.
1 foot in height or less

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
†Adonis	Bird's Eye	Yellow
†Anemone Hepatica, in var.	Liverwort	Red, white, blue
†Arenaria montana	Sandwort	White
*Aubrietia, in. var.	False Rock Cress	Purple, rose
Bellis perennis	English Daisy	Pink, white
Caltha palustris, in var.	Marsh Marigold	Yellow
†Epigaea repens	Trailing Arbutus	Pink
Helleborus niger major	Christmas Rose	White
†Iberis sempervirens, in var.	Candytuft	White
†Lychnis alpina	Campion	Pink
†Phlox subulata, in var.	Moss Pink	Pink, white, lavender
† amœna	Rose	Rose
Primula veris, in var.	Cowslip	Various
† acaulis	Primrose	Yellow
†Pulmonaria angustifolia azurea	Lungwort	Blue
† Mrs. Moon	Lungwort	Pink
Viola, in var.	Tufted Pansy	Blue, yellow, white
† cornuta, in var.	Horned Violet	White, lavender, purple

Between 1 foot and 2 feet in height

†Anemone Pulsatilla	Pasque Flower	Blue
† sylvestris	Snowdrop Wind-flower	White
Cheiranthus Cheiri	Wallflower	Yellow

FLOWERING IN MAY AND JUNE

1 foot in height or less

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
†Achillea tomentosa	Woolly Yarrow	Yellow
†Adonis, in. var.	Bird's Eye	Yellow
†Æthionema, in var.	Leb. Candytuft	Pink, white
†Ajuga reptans purpurea	Bugle	Blue
†Alyssum, in var.	Madwort	Yellow
†Anemone pennsylvanica	Windflower	White
†Anchusa myosotidiflora	Alkanet	Blue
*Aquilegia flabellata	Columbine	White
† glandulosa	Siberian Columbine	Blue and white
†Arabis alpina alpina fl.-pl.	Rock Cress	White
	Double Rock Cress	White
†Arenaria montana	Sandwort	White
†Armeria maritima, in var.	Thrift	Pink, white
†Asperula odorata	Woodruff	White
†Aubrietia, in. var.	False Rock Cress	Purple, rose
†Aster alpinus, in var.	Mountain Daisy	Blue, white
† subcæruleus		Purple
Bellis perennis	English Daisy	Pink, white
Caltha palustris, in var.	Marsh Marigold	Yellow
†Campanula, in var.	Bellflower	Shades of blue, white
†Cerastium tomentosum	Snow-in-Summer	White
†Convallaria majalis	Lily-of-the-Val.	White
†Crucianella stylota	Crosswort	Pink
†Dianthus deltoides, in var.	Maiden Pink	Pink, white

All Herbaceous Perennials, unless otherwise noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N.J.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS

FLOWERING IN MAY AND JUNE, continued

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
<i>Dianthus hybridus</i> , † <i>Fuerst Bismark</i> * <i>plumarius</i> , in var. † <i>latifolius atro-</i> † <i>coccineus</i>	Mule Pink Pink	Red Pink, white Scarlet
<i>Dicentra formosa</i>	Plume Bleeding- Heart	Pink
† <i>Epigaea repens</i> † <i>Epimedium</i> , in var. † <i>Geranium sanguin-</i> † <i>eum</i> , in var. † <i>Geum Heldreichii</i> † <i>Globularia tricosantha</i> † <i>Gypsophila cerastoides</i> † <i>repens</i> † <i>Hieracium auranti-</i> † <i>acum</i> † <i>villosum</i> † <i>Iberis gibraltarica</i> † <i>sempervirens</i> , in var. † <i>Iris cristata</i> † <i>pumila</i> , in var. † <i>Lychnis Viscaria</i> † <i>splendens plena</i> † <i>Lysimachia nummu-</i> † <i>laria</i> † <i>Myosotis</i> , in var. † <i>Nepeta Glechoma</i> † <i>Nierembergia rivularis</i> † <i>Oenothera missouri-</i> † <i>censis</i> † <i>Papaver nudicaule</i> † <i>Phlox amœna</i> † <i>caroliniana</i> † <i>divaricata</i> , in var. † <i>subulata</i> , in var.	Trailing Arbutus Barrenwort Crane's Bill Avens Globe Daisy Chalk Plant Hawkweed Candytuft Dwarf Flag Catchfly Creeping Jenny Forget-me-not Ground Ivy White Cup Evening Primrose Iceland Poppy Rose Pink White, lav. Moss Pink	Pink Yel., violet Red, pink, white Orange Blue White Pale lilac Orange Yellow White Blue Blue, yel. Crimson Yellow White, yel., orange Pink White, lav. Pink, white, lav., etc.
<i>Podophyllum peltatum</i> † <i>Primula veris</i> † <i>vulgaris</i> † <i>Pulmonaria angusti-</i> † <i>folia azurea</i> † <i>Mrs. Moon</i> † <i>Ranunculus</i> , in var. † <i>Saponaria ocymoides</i> † <i>Saxifraga crassifolia</i> , in var. † <i>umbrosa</i> † <i>Sedum acre</i> † <i>Silene alpestris</i> † <i>Shortia galacifolia</i> † <i>Thymus</i> , in var. † <i>Tiarella cordifolia</i> † <i>Trillium</i> , in var. † <i>Veronica</i> , in var. † <i>Vinca minor</i> , in var. † <i>Viola</i> , in var. † <i>cornuta</i> , in var.	May Apple Cowslip Primrose Lungwort Buttercup Rock Soapwort Rockfoil London Pride Stoncrop Alpine Catchfly Thyme Foam Flower Wood Lily Speedwell Periwinkle Tufted Pansy Horned Violet	White Blue Blue White Yellow Blue White, yel., white Wh., lav., pur.
Between 1 foot and 3 feet in height		
<i>Actæa spicata</i> * <i>Anthericum Liliastrum</i> * <i>Aquilegia</i> , in var. † <i>Baptisia australis</i> † <i>Campanula Medium</i> , in var. † <i>Dicentra spectabilis</i> † <i>Dianthus barbatus</i> * <i>Doronicum</i> , in var. † <i>Euphorbia polychroma</i> * <i>Geum</i> , in var. † <i>Helenium Hoopesii</i> * <i>Hemerocallis</i> , in var. † <i>Hesperis matronalis</i> * <i>Heuchera</i> , in var.	Baneberry St. Bruno's Lily Columbine False Indigo Canterbury Bell Bleeding-Heart Sweet William Leopard's Bane Spurge Avens Sneezewort Day Lily Rocket Alum Root	White White Various Blue Pink, blue, white Rose Various Yellow Yellow Or., scar, Yellow Orange, yel. Pink, white Pink, white, crimson Crim.-pur. Rosy car.
<i>Incarvillea Delavayi</i> † <i>grandiflora</i>		

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
<i>Iris germanica</i> , in var. † <i>sibirica</i> , in var. † <i>Lilium</i> , in var. † <i>Linum flavum</i> † <i>perenne</i> , in var. † <i>Lychnis Haageana</i> † <i>alba fl.-pl.</i> † <i>Lysimachia punctata</i> † <i>Malva moschata</i> † <i>Nepeta Mussini</i> † <i>Oenothera fruticosa</i> † <i>Pæonia Moutan</i> , in var. * in variety * <i>Papaver orientale</i> , in var. * <i>Pentstemon</i> , in var.	Fleur-de-Lis Siberian Flag Lily Flax Flax Campion Campion Loosestrife Musk Mallow Catmint Evening Primrose Tree Peony Peony Oriental Poppy Beard Tongue	Various Blue, white Various Yellow White, blue Various White Yellow White, rose Mauve Yellow Various Various White, pink scarlet Scar., white blue White, pur. White, blue White
† <i>Phlox suffruticosa</i> , in var. † <i>Polemonium</i> , in var. † <i>Polygonatum multi-</i> † <i>florum</i> * <i>Pyrethrum roseum</i> , in var. * <i>Ranunculus aconiti-</i> † <i>folius fl.-pl.</i> † <i>Spiræa Filipendula</i> † <i>Filipendula fl.-pl.</i> † <i>Tradescantia virgin-</i> † <i>ica</i> , in var. † <i>Trollius</i> , in var. † <i>Veronica</i> , in var.	Jacob's Ladder Solomon's Seal Fair Maids of France Dropwort Spiderwort Globe Flower Speedwell	White, pink crimson, etc. White White White White, blue, red Yellow Blue, pink, white

Over 3 feet in height

<i>Anchusa italica</i> , in var.	Alkanet	Various shades of blue
† <i>Asphodeline lutea</i>	Asphodel	Yellow
† <i>Eremurus himalaicus</i> † <i>robustus</i>		White Pink
† <i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i> , in var.	Lupine	Pink, blue, white
† <i>Lychnis chalcidonica</i> , in var.	Jerusalem Cross	Red, white

FLOWERING IN JUNE AND JULY

1 foot in height or less

Botanical Name	Common Name	Color
† <i>Achillea tomentosa</i> † <i>Callirhoe involucrata</i> † <i>Campanula</i> , in var.	Woolly Yarrow Poppy Mallow Bellflower	Yellow Red Var. shades blue, white
† <i>Geranium sanguin-</i> † <i>eum</i> , in var. † <i>Geum Heldreichii</i> † <i>Gypsophila cerastoides</i> † <i>repens</i> † <i>Hieracium auranti-</i> † <i>acum</i> † <i>villosum</i> † <i>Inula ensifolia</i> † <i>Leontopodium alpinum</i> † <i>Lysimachia nummu-</i> † <i>laria</i>	Crane's-bill Avens Chalk Plant Hawkweed Fleabane Edelweiss Creeping Jenny	Red, pink, white Orange White Pale lilac Orange Yellow Yellow White Yellow
† <i>Oenothera missouri-</i> † <i>censis</i> † <i>Papaver nudicaule</i> , in var. † <i>Prunella grandiflora</i> † <i>Saponaria ocymoides</i> † <i>Scabiosa Pteroccephala</i> † <i>Sedum</i> , in var. † <i>Silene alpestris</i> † <i>Schafta</i>	Evening Prim- rose Iceland Poppy Self-Heal Rock Soapwort Wing-headed Scabiosa Stoncrop Alpine Catchfly Autumn Catch- fly	Yellow Orange, yel. white Purple Red Mauve White, yel., pink White Pink
† <i>Stachys grandiflora</i> † <i>Thymus</i> , in var. † <i>Veronica incana</i>	Woundwort Thymus Speedwell	Purple White, pink scarlet Blue



FLOWERING IN JUNE AND JULY, continued

Between 1 foot and 3 feet in height		Color
Botanical Name	Common Name	
<i>Achillea Millefolium</i> roseum	Yarrow	Rose
* <i>Parnassia</i> , in var.	Sneezewort	White
<i>Acanthus mollis</i>	Bear's Breech	Purple
<i>Aconitum</i> , in var.	Monkshood	White, blue, blue, & wh.
<i>Agrostemma</i> , in var.	Mullein	Red, white
<i>Asclepias tuberosa</i>	Milkweed	Orange
<i>Astrantia major</i>	Masterwort	Pink
<i>Baptisia australis</i>	False Indigo	Blue
<i>Campanula</i> , in var.	Bellflower	Blue, white
Medium, in variety	Canterbury Bell	Pink, blue, white
* <i>Catananche cærulea</i>	Cupidone	Blue
<i>Centaurea montana</i> , in var.	Cornflower	Blue, pink, white
<i>Centranthus ruber</i> , in var.	Valerian	Red, white
* <i>Chrysanthemum</i> maximum, in var.	Shasta Daisy	White
* <i>Coreopsis grandiflora</i>	Tickseed	Yellow
* <i>Delphinium</i> , in var.	Larkspur	Blue, white
<i>Dicentra formosa</i>	Bleeding-Heart	Pink
<i>Digitalis</i> , in var.	Foxglove	Pink, white, yellow
<i>Echinops</i> , in var.	Globe Thistle	Blue
<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i>	Willow Herb	Red
* <i>Erigeron</i> , in var.	Fleabane	Blue
<i>Eryngium</i> , in var.	Sea Holly	Blue
* <i>Euphorbia corollata</i>	Spurge	White
<i>Gaillardia grandiflora</i>	Blanket Flower	Yellow and red
<i>Galega officinalis</i> , in var.	Goat's Rue	Lilac, white
<i>Gillenia trifoliata</i>	Bowman's Root	Pink
* <i>Gypsophila</i> , in var.	Baby's Breath	Pink, white
<i>Hemerocallis</i> , in var.	Day Lily	Orange, yellow
* <i>Heuchera</i> , in var.	Alum Root	Red, pink
<i>Iris Kämpferi</i> , in var.	Japanese Iris	Various
<i>Linum</i> , in var.	Flax	Blue, white, yellow
<i>Malva moschata</i>	Musk Mallow	Rose, white
<i>Monarda didyma</i>	Bergamot	Red
<i>Oenothera fruticosa</i>	Evening Primrose	Yellow
* <i>Papaver orientale</i> , in var.	Oriental Poppy	White, red, scarlet
<i>Pardanthus chinensis</i>	Blackberry Lily	Orange
* <i>Pentstemon</i> , in var.	Beard Tongue	Scarlet, white, blue
<i>Phlox decussata</i>		Various
<i>Physostegia</i> , in var.	False Dragon-head	Pink, white
<i>Platycodon</i> , in var.	Balloon Flower	Blue, white
<i>Polemonium</i> , in var.	Jacob's Ladder	Blue, white
<i>Saponaria officinalis</i> fl.-pl.	Soapwort	Pink and white
* <i>Scabiosa caucasica</i> , in var.	Scabious	Lavender, white
<i>Spigelia marilandica</i>	Worm Grass	Red
* <i>Spiræa</i> , in var.	Meadow Sweet	Red, white
<i>Thalictrum</i> , in var.	Meadow Rue	White, yellow
<i>Tradescantia virginica</i> , in var.	Spiderwort	White, blue, red
<i>Verbascum</i> , in var.	Mullein	Pink, yellow
<i>Veronica</i> , in var.	Speedwell	Blue, pink, white

Over 3 feet in height

<i>Althæa rosea</i> , in var.	Hollyhock	Various
<i>Asclepias incarnata</i>	Milkweed	Purple
<i>Cephalaria alpina</i>	Roundheads	Yellow
* <i>Delphinium</i> , in var.	Larkspur	Blue, white
* <i>Lathyrus latifolius</i> , in var.	Everlasting Pea	Pur., wh.
<i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i> , in var.	Lupine	Pink, blue, white
<i>Lychnis chalcedonica</i> , in var.	Jerusalem Cross	Red, white
<i>Lythrum</i> , in var.	Loosestrife	Rose, pur.
* <i>Valeriana officinalis</i>	Valerian	Pink

FLOWERING IN AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER

1 foot in height or less		Color
Botanical Name	Common Name	
† <i>Inula ensifolia</i>	Fleabane	Yellow
† <i>Plumbago Larpentæ</i>	Leadwort	Blue
* <i>Tunica Saxifraga</i>		Pink
† <i>Sedum kamtschaticum</i>	Stonecrop	Yellow
Between 1 foot and 3 feet in height		
* <i>Anemone japonica</i> , in var.	Japanese Wind-flower	White, rose
* <i>Anthemis</i> , in var.	Chamomile	White, yellow
* <i>Asters</i> , in var.	Michaelmas Daisy	Various
<i>Astilbe Davidii</i>	Goat's Beard	Rose
<i>Caryopteris mastacanthus</i>	Blue Spirea	Blue
<i>Centaurea montana</i> , in var.	Cornflower	Blue, pink, white
<i>Chelone glabra</i> Lyoni	Turtlehead	White, Red
<i>Cimicifuga</i> , in var.	Bugwort	White
* <i>Delphinium</i> , in var.	Larkspur	Blue, white
<i>Dicentra formosa</i>	Bleeding-Heart	Pink
<i>Eryngium</i> , in var.	Sea Holly	Blue
* <i>Eupatorium ageratooides</i>	Snakewort	White
* <i>Lavandula vera</i>	Sweet Lavender	Blue
<i>Liatris</i> , in var.	Gay Feather	Purple
<i>Linum</i> , in var.	Flax	Blue, white, yellow
<i>Lobelia cardinalis</i> syphilitica	Cardinal Flower	Scarlet
<i>Lysimachia clethroides</i>	Japanese Loosestrife	Blue, White
<i>Rudbeckia Newmannii</i>	Coneflower	Yellow
<i>Statice</i> , in var.	Sea Lavender	Purple, lavender
<i>Stokesia</i> , in var.	Cornflower Aster	Blue, white
<i>Tritoma</i> , in var.	Torch Lily	Orange-scarlet
Over 3 feet in height		
* <i>Aster</i> , in var.	Michaelmas Daisy	Various
<i>Bocconia cordata</i>	Plume Poppy	Cream
* <i>Boltonia</i> , in var.	False Chamomile	White, pink
<i>Cassia marilandica</i>	Indian Senna	Yellow
<i>Centaurea macrocephala</i>	Cornflower	Yellow
* <i>Delphinium</i> , in var.	Larkspur	Blue, white
<i>Eupatorium purpureum</i>	Hemp Agrimony	Purple
* <i>Helenium</i> , in var.	Sneezeweed	Orange, yellow
* <i>Helianthus</i> , in var.	Sunflower	Yellow
* <i>Heliopsis</i> , in var.	False Sunflower	Yellow
<i>Heracleum giganteum</i>	Giant Parsnip	White
<i>Hibiscus</i> , in var.	Mallow	Pink, red, white
<i>Lathyrus latifolius</i> , in var.	Everlasting Pea	Purple, white
<i>Rudbeckia</i> , in var.	Coneflower	Yellow
<i>Silphium perfoliatum</i>	Compass Plant	Yellow

FLOWERING IN OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER

Between 1 foot and 3 feet in height		Color
Botanical Name	Common Name	
<i>Aconitum Fischeri</i>	Monkshood	Blue
<i>Anemone japonica</i> , in var.	Japanese Wind-flower	White, rose
<i>Aster</i> , in var.	Michaelmas Daisy	Various
<i>Chrysanthemum</i> , Hardy, in var.		Various
<i>Tricyrtis hirta</i>	Japanese Toad Lily	Pink
<i>Tritoma Pfitzeri</i>	Torch Lily	Scarlet
Over 3 feet in height		
<i>Aster</i> , in var.	Michaelmas Daisy	Various
<i>Helenium</i> , in var.	Sneezewort	Orange-yellow

In addition to the varieties marked with a dagger (†) which are suitable for the rock-garden, all hardy Ferns, Grasses, Bamboos, and Cacti listed are suitable for rockeries. See also plants marked under evergreen shrubs and additional rockery plants.



Julius Roehrs Co., Rutherford, N. J.

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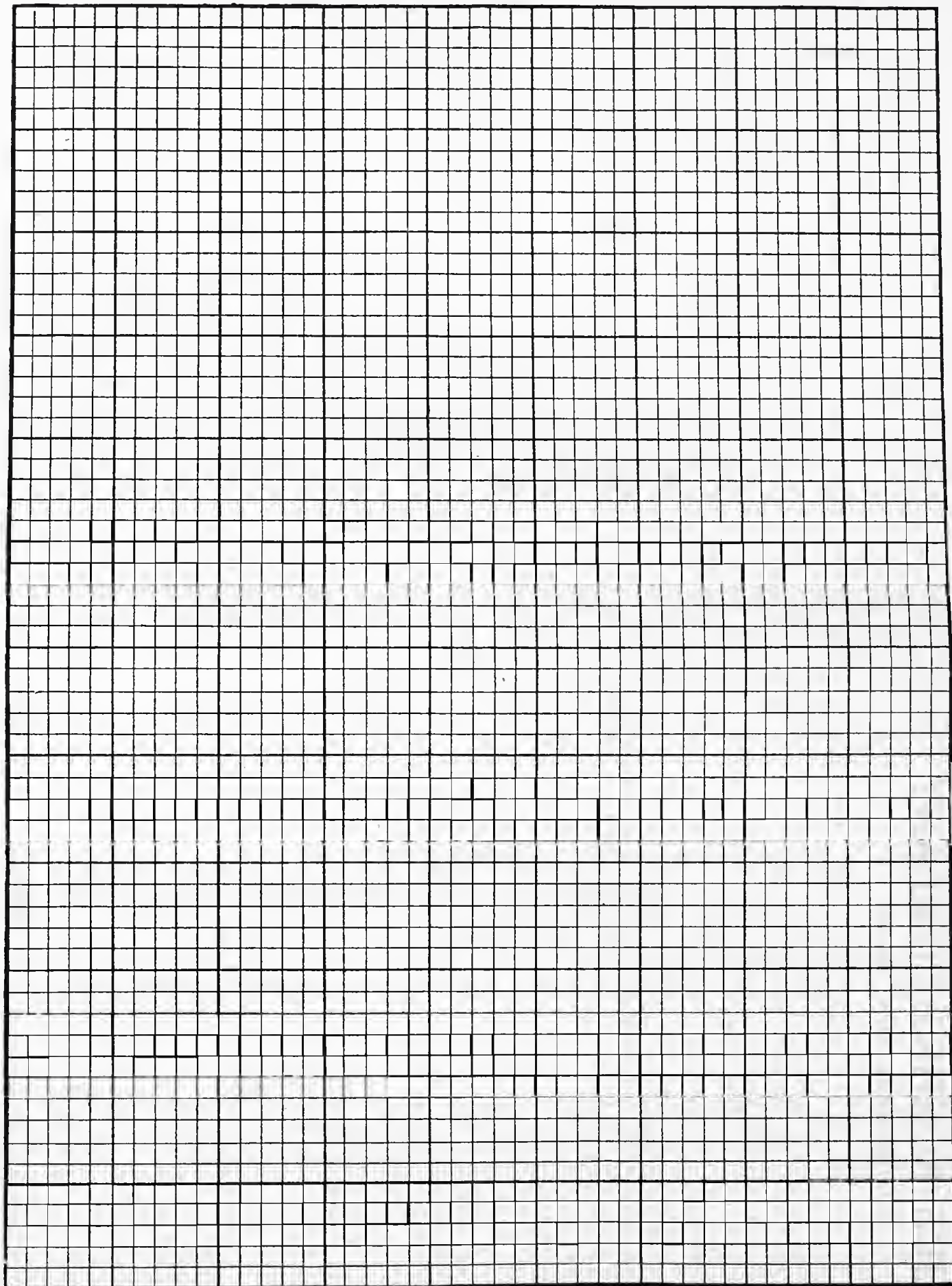
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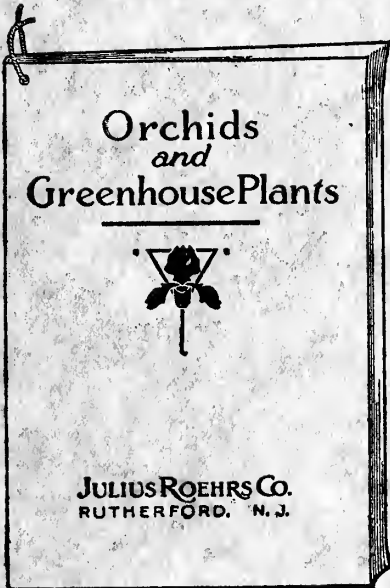
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